

Dimenzioniranje čelične konstrukcije namjene sportsko rekreativnog centra

Požgaj, Roko

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SVEUČILIŠTE U RIJECI
GRAĐEVINSKI FAKULTET

Roko Požgaj

**Dimenzioniranje čelične konstrukcije namjene sportsko
rekreativnog centra**

Diplomski rad

Rijeka, 2024.

SVEUČILIŠTE U RIJECI
GRAĐEVINSKI FAKULTET

Sveučilišni diplomski studij Građevinarstvo

Smjer: konstrukcije

Naziv kolegija: Čelične konstrukcije

Roko Požgaj

JMBAG: 0114031419

**Dimenzioniranje čelične konstrukcije namjene sportsko
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Rijeka, srpanj 2024.

IZJAVA

Završni/Diplomski rad izradio/izradila sam samostalno, u suradnji s mentorom/mentoricom i uz poštivanje pozitivnih građevinskih propisa i znanstvenih dostignuća iz područja građevinarstva. Građevinski fakultet u Rijeci je nositelj prava intelektualnog vlasništva u odnosu na ovaj rad.

Roko Požgaj

U Rijeci, srpanj 2024.

ZAHVALA

Želim izraziti iskrenu zahvalnost svom mentoru izv.prof.dr.sc. Mladenu Buliću mag.ing.aedif. za sveobuhvatnu podršku, vodstvo i stručne savjete tijekom izrade diplomskog rada. Također, zahvaljujem svim profesorima koji su mi svojim znanjem i voljom pomogli da postignem svoje akademske ciljeve.

SAŽETAK

Ovaj diplomski rad bavi se analizom i dimenzioniranjem elemenata čelične konstrukcije prema Eurocode-u 3, HRN EN 1993. za sportsko rekreativni centar u Novom Vinodolskom. Građevina ima vanjske gabarite širine 8,0 m i dužine 15,0 m. Krovna streha je jednostrešna s nagibom krovne konstrukcije od $2,0^\circ$. Visina zidne plohe varira od 6,0 m do 6,3 m. Nadmorska visina lokacije građevine iznosi 0,00 metara nadmorske visine.

Primarni ciljevi rada uključuju detaljnu analizu konstrukcije po Eurocode-u 1 te opisivanje građevinskih elemenata objekta koji će se koristiti u izgradnji, a da pritom objekt bude izведен u određenom roku i budžetu.

Statička analiza konstrukcije izvedena je korištenjem softvera Autodesk Robot structural Analysis professional.

Ovaj projekt dokazuje da projektiranje čeličnih konstrukcija s odabranim elementima zadovoljava sve zakonske i tehničke uvjete, a predloženi materijali osiguravaju dugovječnost i stabilnost objekta.

Ključne riječi: čelična konstrukcija, dimenzioniranje, statička analiza, građevinski elementi, Autodesk Robot structural Analysis professional

SUMMARY

This thesis deals with the analysis and dimensioning of steel structure elements according to Eurocode 3, HRN EN 1993, for a sports and recreational center in Novi Vinodolski. The building has external dimensions of 8.0 m in width and 15.0 m in length. The roof is a single-pitch roof with a slope of 2.0°. The height of the wall surface varies from 6.0 m to 6.3 m. The altitude of the building's location is 0.00 meters above sea level.

The primary objectives of the thesis include a detailed structural analysis according to Eurocode 1, describing the construction elements of the building that will be used in the construction, while ensuring the project is completed within a specified timeframe and budget. The static analysis of the structure was performed using Autodesk Robot Structural Analysis Professional software.

This project demonstrates that the designed steel structure with the selected elements meets all legal and technical requirements, and the proposed materials ensure the durability and stability of the building.

Keywords: steel structure, dimensioning, static analysis, construction elements, Autodesk Robot Structural Analysis Professional

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1. TEHNIČKI OPIS

1.1. Opis građevine

Sportsko rekreativni centar nalazi se u Novom Vinodolskom i ima vanjske gabarite širine 8,0 m i dužine 15,0 m. Krovna streha je jednostrešna s nagibom od $2,0^\circ$, a visina zidne plohe varira od 6,0 m do 6,3 m. Građevina je smještena na nadmorskoj visini od 0,00 metara.

1.2. Konstrukcijski elementi

Glavna nosiva konstrukcija:

Glavni nosivi elementi koji obuhvaćaju gredne nosače i glavne stupove izrađeni su od čeličnih profila HEA 160 prema Eurocode 3 (HRN EN 1993).

Statička analiza konstrukcije izvedena je korištenjem softvera Autodesk Robot structural Analysis professional.

Sekundarni stupovi:

Sekundarni stupovi izvedeni su od profila IPE 240, odabranih zbog svojih mehaničkih svojstava i sposobnosti da podrže dodatna opterećenja.

Podrožnice:

Za podrožnice je odabran IPE 160 profil kao ključni element u raspodjeli opterećenja s krova na glavne nosače.

Tetive stubišta i sekundarni nosači stubišta:

Ovi elementi, također izvedeni od profila IPE 160, omogućuju sigurnu i stabilnu upotrebu stubišta čak i pod velikim opterećenjima.

Vjetrovni vezovi:

Za dodatnu stabilizaciju konstrukcije koriste se vjetrovni vezovi od šipke okruglog punog profila promjera 10 mm.

Fasadni nosači:

Fasadni nosači izvedeni od profila UAP 80 pružaju čvrstu osnovu za pričvršćivanje fasadnih elemenata.

Temelji:

Stupovi su zglobno oslonjeni na plitke temelje samce izvedene od armiranog betona i dimenzionirane prema Eurocode-u 2 (HRN EN 1992). Povezani su armiranobetonskom pločom debljine 10 cm kako bi se ostvarila monolitnost konstrukcije, a projektirani su tako da osiguraju stabilnost i nosivost cijele konstrukcije.

Krovna konstrukcija:

Krov je jednostrešni s nagibom od $2,0^\circ$, a izrađen je od čeličnih nosača i pokriven sendvič panelima debljine 8 cm.

1.3. Materijali

Koristi se kvalitetni konstrukcijski čelik prema normi EN 10025. Svi čelični elementi izrađeni su od čelika S275. Kod priključka temelja i stupa koriste se 2 ankera M16 k.v. 4.6 i beton klase C 25/30 s armaturnim košom klase B500B. Za ostale priključke se koriste vijci M16 k.v. 10.9. Na temelju se nalazi nadozid također klase C 25/30, visine 30 cm kao oslonac fasadnih elemenata koji ujedno prihvata težinu same fasade.

1.4. Opterećenja

Stalna opterećenja uključuju težinu konstrukcije, krovnog pokrova i instalacija. Promjenjiva opterećenja obuhvaćaju korisna opterećenja (ljudi, oprema) te snijeg i vjetar prema Eurocode-u 1 (HRN EN 1991).

1.5. Konstrukcijska analiza

Statička analiza izvedena je korištenjem softvera Autodesk Robot Structural Analysis Professional, čime je osigurana preciznost i pouzdanost proračuna. Analiza je obuhvatila provjeru svih čeličnih elemenata na savijanje, smicanje, pritisak i torziju, dok je ručna analiza obuhvatila provjeru pojedinih elemenata.

2. PROGRAM KONTROLE I OSIGURANJA PROJEKTA

Izrada čelične konstrukcije mora se povjeriti onom izvođaču koji ima odgovarajuće reference već izvedenih sličnih objekata. U tehničkoj dokumentaciji predviđena je vrsta i kvaliteta materijala od kojeg treba izraditi konstrukciju. Odstupanja u kvaliteti materijala može odobriti jedino projektant konstrukcije, a izvođač radova dužan je prije početka radova predočiti nadzornom inženjeru sljedeću važeću dokumentaciju:

- Uvjerjenja o kvaliteti osnovnog i dodatnog materijala, sredstava za spajanje te sredstva za antikoroziju zaštitu
- Uvjerjenje o podobnosti pogona za izvođenje zavarivačkih radova
- Uvjerjenja zavarivača koji će raditi na izradi konstrukcije za vrstu zavarivačkih radova koji će se primjenjivati za traženu debljinu, materijal i položaj zavarivanja
- Specifikacije postupka zavarivanja i odobrenje o primjeni postupka zavarivanja
- Uvjerjenja o ispravnosti strojeva za izvođenje zavarivačkih radova
- Plan izvođenja zavarivačkih radova
- Uvjerjenje o podobnosti izvođača za izvođenje antikorozijske zaštite
- Ovlaštenja svih odgovornih osoba u sustavu interne kontrole izvođača
- Plan rada interne kontrole izvođača

Prije pristupanja radovima na montaži potrebno je predočiti odobreni Projekt montaže.

Navedena dokumentacija dio je dokumentacije za tehnički pregled konstrukcije. Tijekom izrade i montaže konstrukcije izvođač radova dužan je voditi zakonom propisane dnevниke, koje je uz internu kontrolu izvođača dužan ovjeriti i nadzorni inženjer. Ako se materijal za izradu konstrukcije nabavlja i tijekom izrade čelične konstrukcije, potrebno je nadzornom organu staviti na uvid odgovarajuća uvjerenja o kvaliteti. Prije isporuke konstrukcije na gradilište vrši se prijem konstrukcije u radionici uz pribavljenu dokumentaciju o kvaliteti. O prijemu konstrukcije sastavlja se zapisnik koji ovjeravaju svi sudionici izgradnje, a to su investitor, izvođač radova u radionici, nadzorni inženjer te predstavnik izvođača radova na montaži konstrukcije.

Potrebno je pridržavati se normi i propisa navedenih u projektu te poštivati pravila izvedbe.

Prilikom rezanja materijala treba paziti na mogućnost pojave lokalnih zareza, naročito kod vlačno napregnutih elemenata. Svaki uočeni zarez je potrebno izbrusiti i/ili dovariti.

Elemente konstrukcije potrebno je izraditi u skladu sa specifikacijama, crtežima i uputama iz ovog dijela projekta.

Materijali za izradu konstrukcije navedeni su u statičkom proračunu.

Antikoroziju zaštiti smije se nanositi strogo prema zahtjevima projekta i propisa, a posebnu važnost treba obratiti na vlažnost zraka i temperaturu.

Protupožarnu zaštitu smije se nanositi strogo prema zahtjevima projekta, propisa i uputama proizvođača.

Prijem elemenata čelične konstrukcije u radionici obavlja se prije isporuke na gradilište na temelju radioničkih nacrta i specifikacija.

LISTA PRISTANKA - COMPLIANCE LIST

			Odobrenje za:	Potpis	
			Tehnički dio		
			Kvaliteta		
			Tržište		
Investitor Projekt Oznaka Broj Datum					
Br.	Metoda ili vrsta aktivnosti/Ispitivanja	Kriterij pristanka	Način pristanka	Znak	Napomene
0.0	JEZIK - OPĆENITO	Hrvatski		0	
1.0	PRORAČUN KONSTRUKCIJE				
1.1	Eurocode 3	ENV 1993-1-1		0	
1.2	Eurocode 4	prEN 1994-1-1		0	
1.3	Eurocode 8	prEN 1998-1		0	
2.0	DJELOVANJA				
2.1	Vjetar	Brzina vjetra 120 km/h	Po cijeloj visini	Y	
2.2	Snijeg	200 m.n.v. II. zona		Y	
2.3	Promjena temperature	+/- 35°C		Y	
2.4	Potres	VIII. zona		Y	
3.0	OSNOVNI MATERIJAL				
3.1	Konstrukcijski čelik	EN 10025		0	
3.2	Kvalitetna grupa	S 235 JR G2		0	
4.0	VIJČANI PRIKLJUČCI				
4.1	Kvaliteta materijala za vijke	8.8 ISO 898-1		0	
4.2	Matica za vijak	8 ISO 898-2		0	
4.3	Podložna pločica			0	
4.4	AKZ – vruća galvanizacija	DIN 267 – Part 10		0	
Ref.				Y	pristanak naručioца
				N	bez pristanka
				P	djelomična sugl.
				0	podrazumijeva se ali bez navoda nar.

				Odobrenje za:	Potpis
				Tehnički dio	
				Kvaliteta	
				Tržište	
		Investitor			
		Projekt			
		Oznaka			
		Broj			
		Datum			
Br.	Metoda ili vrsta aktivnosti/ispitivanja		Kriterij pristanka	Način pristanka	Znak
5.0	ZAVARENI PRIKLJUČCI				
5.1	Osiguranje kvalitete		EN 729-2	uvjerenje /izvještaj	0
5.2	Kvaliteta – kriteriji prihvaćanja		EN 25 817		0
5.3	Kvaliteta za NDE/UT		EN 1714	uvjerenje 10%	0
5.4	Kvaliteta za NDE/MT		EN 1290	uvjerenje 5%	0
5.5	Kvaliteta - vizuelni pregled		EN 970	100%	0
5.6	Uvjerenje zavarivača		EN 287-1		0
5.7	Kvaliteta za ispitivanje NDE/PT		EN 1 289		0
5.8	Kvaliteta za NDE/RK		EN 1 435		0
6.0	DIMENZIONALNA KONTROLA		ISO 13929 klasa C		0
7.0	AKZ – GALVANIZACIJA				
7.1	Priprema površine		ISO 8501		0
7.2	Metoda ispitivanja		KSB 10/5 – 2.0		0
7.3	Način kontrole		KSB 10/5 – 2.1		0
8.0	AKZ – VRUĆE CINČANJE		DIN 267		0
Ref.				Y	pristanak naručioca
				N	bez pristanka
				P	djelomična sugl.
				0	podrazumijeva se ali bez navoda nar.

				Odobrenje za:	Potpis								
				Tehnički dio									
				Kvaliteta									
				Tržište									
		Investitor											
		Projekt											
		Oznaka											
		Broj											
		Datum											
Br.	Metoda ili vrsta aktivnosti/ispitivanja		Kriterij pristanka	Način pristanka	Znak								
9.0	DOKUMENTACIJA ZA OSIGURANJE KVALITETE												
9.1	Općenito		ISO 9001	izvještaj	0								
9.2	Zavarivanje		EN 729-2		0								
9.3	Odgovornost za zavarivanje		EN 719	ovlaštenje	0								
10.0	IZRADA I MONTAŽA		ENV 1090-1		0								
Ref.					<table border="1"> <tr> <td>Y</td><td>pristanak naručioca</td></tr> <tr> <td>N</td><td>bez pristanka</td></tr> <tr> <td>P</td><td>djelomična sugl.</td></tr> <tr> <td>O</td><td>podrazumijeva se ali bez navoda nar.</td></tr> </table>	Y	pristanak naručioca	N	bez pristanka	P	djelomična sugl.	O	podrazumijeva se ali bez navoda nar.
Y	pristanak naručioca												
N	bez pristanka												
P	djelomična sugl.												
O	podrazumijeva se ali bez navoda nar.												

3. ANALIZA OPTEREĆENJA

3.1. Opterećenja

3.1.1. Stalno opterećenje na GNK

-sendvič paneli (aluminij – 80mm) [1] $0,26 \text{ kN/m}^2$

-instalacije..... $0,10 \text{ kN/m}^2$

$$\Sigma = 0,36 \text{ kN/m}^2$$

3.1.2. Stalno opterećenje za stubište

-gazišta koja se oslanjaju na tetine..... $0,20 \text{ kN/m}^2$

3.1.3. Stalno opterećenje za galeriju

-slojevi poda..... $0,50 \text{ kN/m}^2$

3.1.4. Uporabno opterećenje za stubište i galeriju

-slojevi poda..... $2,0 \text{ kN/m}^2$

3.1.5. Opterećenje snijegom

Učinak snijega na konstrukciju utvrđen je na temelju:



Slika 1: Karta snježnih zona[2]

U našem slučaju, imamo samo jedno opterećenje snijegom na krov [2]:

$$s = s_k * C_e * C_t * \mu_i$$

Odabrane vrijednosti za naše područje:

$$\mu_i = 0,8$$

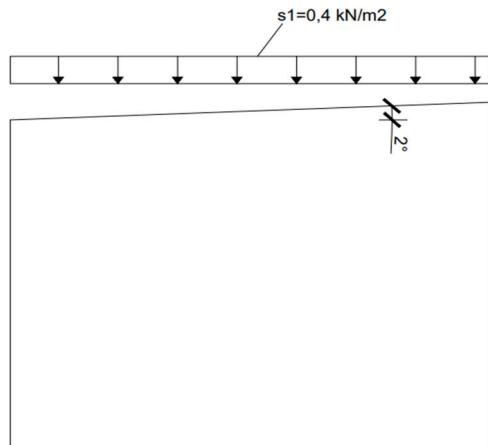
$$s_k = 0,5 \text{ kN/m}^2$$

$$C_e = 1$$

$$C_t = 1$$

Iz jednadžbe slijedi:

$$s = 0,5 * 1 * 1 * 0,8 = \mathbf{0,40 \text{ kN/m}^2}$$



Slika 2: Vrijednosti opterećenja snijega na krov [izradio autor]

3.1.6. Djelovanje vjetrom

Tlak vjetra na vanjske površine [3]:

$$w_e = q_p(z_e) * c_{pe}$$

Tlak vjetra na unutarnje površine [3]:

$$w_i = q_p(z_i) * c_{pi}$$



Slika 3: Karta osnovne brzine vjetra $v_{b,0}$ [3]

Tlak pri osnovnoj brzini [3]:

$$q_b = \frac{1}{2} * \rho * v_b^2$$

$$v_b = c_{season} * c_{dir} * v_{b0} (\text{m/s})$$

$$c_{dir} = 1$$

$$c_{season}=1$$

$$v_{b0} = 35 \text{ m/s} \Rightarrow v_b = 35 \text{ m/s}$$

Usvajamo da je gustoća zraka $\rho = 1,25 \text{ kg/m}^3$

$$q_b = \frac{1}{2} * 1,25 * 35^2 = 0,77 \text{ kN/m}^2$$

Iz Tablice 1 određujemo kategoriju i parametre terena.

Tablica 1: Kategorije i parametri terena[3]

KATEGORIJA TERENA		z_0 (m)	z_{min} (m)
0	More ili priobalna područja izložena otvorenom moru	0,003	1
I	Jezera ili ravna i horizontalno položena područja sa zanemarivom vegetacijom i bez prepreka	0,01	1
II	Područja s niskom vegetacijom, npr. travom, i izoliranim preprekama (drveće, zgrade) s razmakom najmanje 20 visina prepreka	0,05	2
III	Područja sa stalnim pokrovom od vegetacije ili zgrada ili područja s izoliranim preprekama s razmakom najviše 20 visina prepreka (npr. sela, predgrađa, stalna šuma)	0,3	5
IV	Područja s najmanje 15 % površine pokrivene zgradama čija prosječna visina premašuje 15 m	1,0	10

$$k_r = 0,19 * \left(\frac{z_0}{z_{0,II}} \right)^{0,07} = 0,19 * \left(\frac{0,3}{0,005} \right)^{0,07} = 0,215$$

Za teren III. kategorije vrijedi: $z_{min} < z < z_{max}$; $5 \text{ m} < 6,3 \text{ m} < 200 \text{ m}$

$$c_r(z) = k_r * \ln \left(\frac{z}{z_0} \right) = 0,215 * \ln \left(\frac{6,3}{0,3} \right) = 0,65$$

$$v_m(z) = c_r(z) * c_0(z) * v_b = 0,65 * 1 * 35 = 22,75 \text{ m/s}$$

$$I_v(z) = \frac{k_1}{c_0(z) * \ln \left(\frac{z}{z_0} \right)} = \frac{1}{1 * \ln \left(\frac{6,3}{0,3} \right)} = 0,33$$

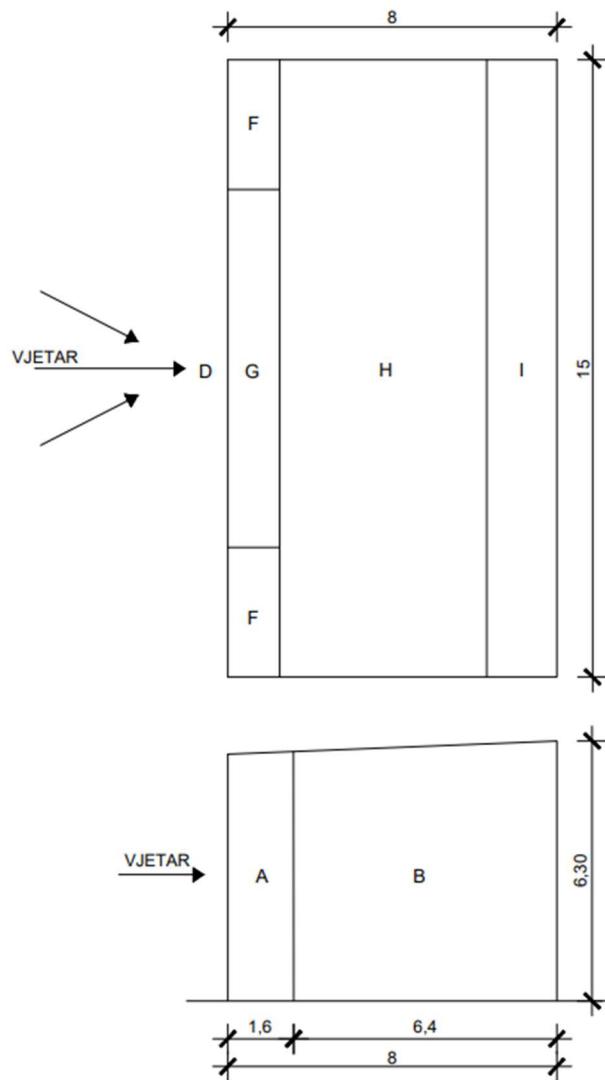
Vršni pritisak brzine [3]:

$$q_p = (1 + 7 * I_v(z)) * q_b$$

$$q_p = (1 + 7 * 0,33) * 0,77 = \mathbf{1,07 \text{ kN/m}^2}$$

*3.1.6.1. Određivanje vanjskog transverzalnog pritiska vjetra sa zatvorenim otvorima
($\Theta=0$)*

Vertikalne površine:



Slika 4: Prikaz zona na vertikalnim površinama pri poprečnom djelovanju vjetra [izradio autor]

Površine vjetrovnih zona:

$$P_A = 6,30 * 1,6 = 10,08 \text{ m}^2$$

$$P_B = 6,3 * 6,4 = 40,32 \text{ m}^2$$

$$P_D = 6,3 * 15 = 94,5 \text{ m}^2$$

$$P_E = 6,3 * 15 = 94,5 \text{ m}^2$$

Linearnom interpolacijom, koeficijenti vanjskog pritiska c_{pe} na vertikalne zidove za:

$$\frac{h}{d} = \frac{6,3}{8} = 0,79$$

Iznose:

PODRUČJE	A	B	D	E
$c_{pe,10}$	-1,2	-0,8	+0,77	-0,44

Jednadžba opterećenja vjetra na vanjske površine glasi [3]:

$$w = w_{e,i} - w_i = q_p(z) * (c_{pe} - c_{pi})$$

Unutrašnji koeficijent pritiska pri zatvorenim otvorima; $c_{pi} = 0$

Opterećenje na vertikalne plohe uslijed djelovanja vjetra:

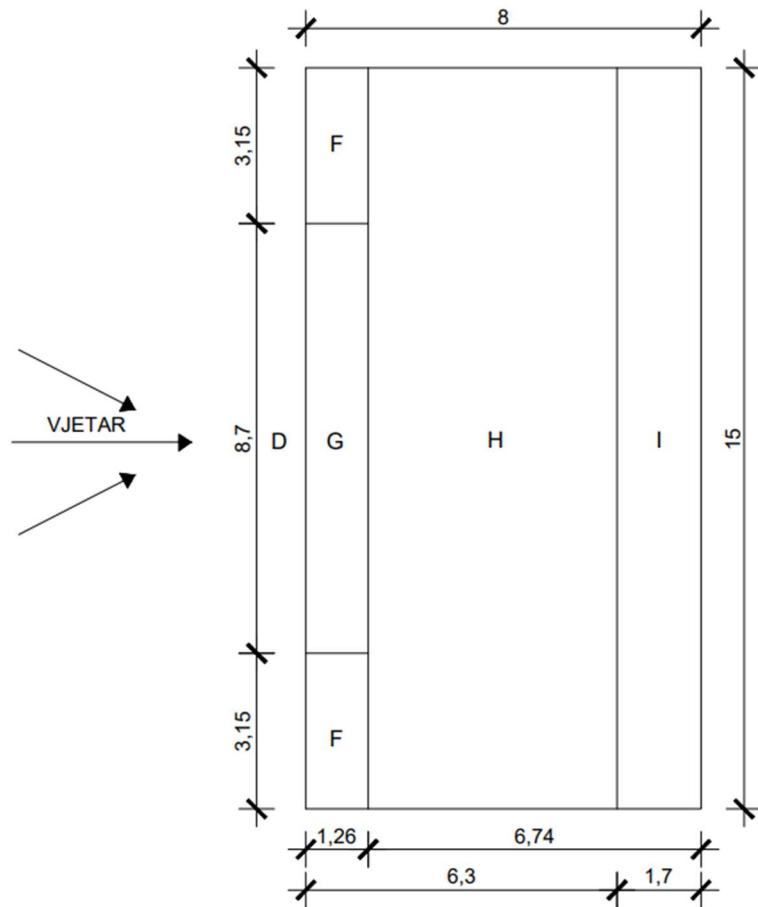
$$w_A = w_{e,A} - w_i = 1,07 * (-1,2 - 0) = -1,28$$

$$w_B = w_{e,B} - w_i = 1,07 * (-0,8 - 0) = -0,86$$

$$w_D = w_{e,D} - w_i = 1,07 * (0,77 - 0) = +0,82$$

$$w_E = w_{e,E} - w_i = 1,07 * (-0,44 - 0) = -0,47$$

Krovne površine:



Slika 5: Raspodjela zona na krovu pri poprečnom djelovanju vjetra [izradio autor]

Površine vjetrovnih zona:

$$P_F = 1,26 * 3,15 = 3,97 \text{ m}^2$$

$$P_G = 1,26 * 8,7 = 10,96 \text{ m}^2$$

$$P_H = 5,04 * 15 = 75,60 \text{ m}^2$$

$$P_I = 1,7 * 15 = 25,50 \text{ m}^2$$

Linearnom interpolacijom, koeficijenti vanjskog pritiska c_{pe} na vertikalne zidove za $h/d=0,79$ iznose:

PODRUČJE	F	G	H	I
c_{pe}	-1,80	-1,20	-0,7	-0,2

Jednadžba opterećenja vjetra na vanjske površine glasi [3]:

$$w = w_{e,i} - w_i = q_p(z) * (c_{pe} - c_{pi})$$

Unutrašnji koeficijent pritiska pri zatvorenim otvorima; $c_{pi} = 0$

Opterećenje na krovne plohe uslijed djelovanja vjetra:

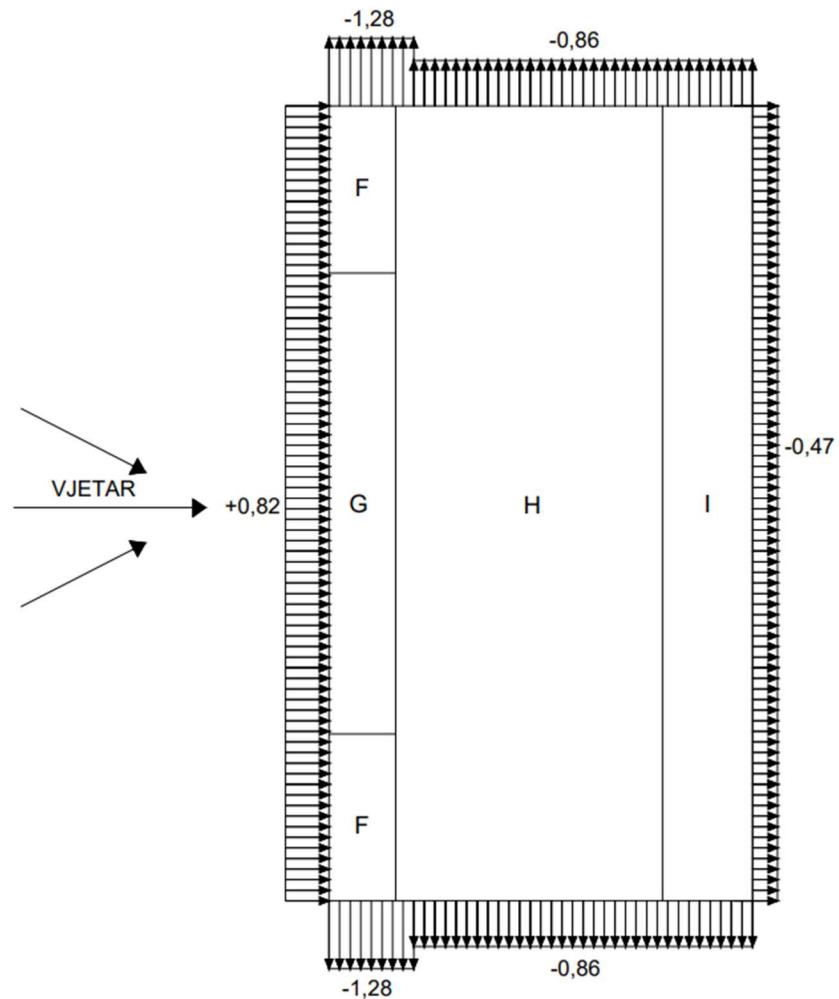
$$w_F = w_{e,A} - w_i = 1,07 * (-1,8 - 0) = -1,93$$

$$w_G = w_{e,B} - w_i = 1,07 * (-1,2 - 0) = -1,28$$

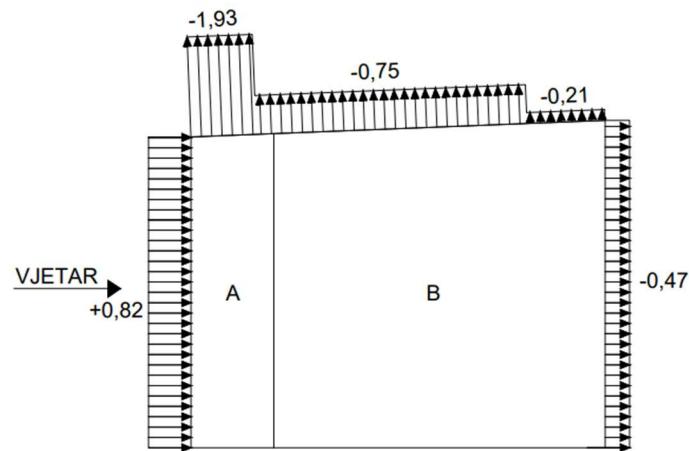
$$w_H = w_{e,D} - w_i = 1,07 * (-0,7 - 0) = -0,75$$

$$w_I = w_{e,E} - w_i = 1,07 * (-0,2 - 0) = -0,21$$

Shematski prikaz opterećenja vjetra ($\Theta=0$):



Slika 6: Djelovanje vjetra za slučaj 1 [izradio autor]



Slika 7: Mjerodavni presjek [izradio autor]

3.1.6.2. Određivanje vanjskog transverzalnog pritiska vjetra s otvorenim otvorima ($\Theta=0$)

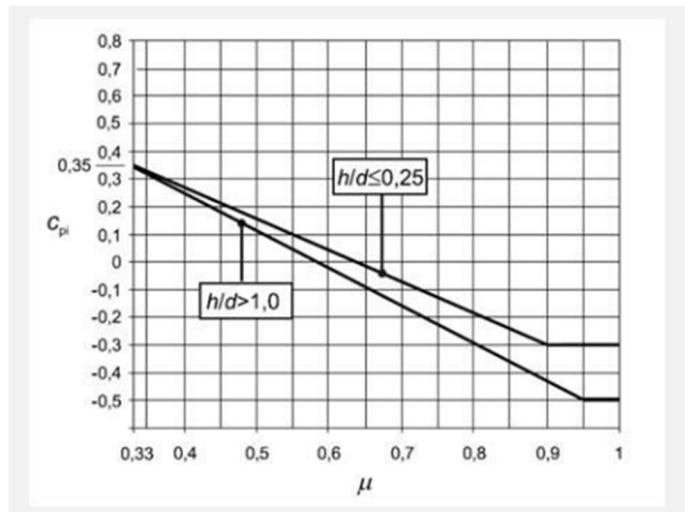
Dimenzije otvora:

Kraće stranice: 1 otvor za ulaz/izlaz ljudi ($2,0 \times 1,0$ m), 5 prozora ($1,6 \times 2,0$ m)

Duže stranice: 16 prozora ($1,4 \times 1,6$ m)

Koeficijent pritiska na unutarnje plohe dobivamo jednadžbom [3]:

$$\mu = \frac{\sum \text{ploština svih otvora gdje je } c_{pe} \text{ negativan ili } 0}{\sum \text{ploština svih otvora}} = \frac{2 * 1 + 5 * (1,6 * 2) + 8 * (1,4 * 1,6)}{2 * 1 + 5 * (1,6 * 2) + 16 * (1,4 * 1,6)} = 0,67$$



Slika 8: c_{pi} unutarnjeg pritiska vjetra [3]

Iščitavanjem iz grafa dobivamo:

$$c_{pi} = -0,15$$

Jednadžba za opterećenje vjetrom na vanjske površine glasi [3]:

$$w = w_{e,i} - w_i = q_p(z) * (c_{pe} - c_{pi})$$

Za vertikalne površine:

$$w_A = w_{e,A} - w_i = 1,07 * (-1,2 + 0,15) = -1,12$$

$$w_B = w_{e,B} - w_i = 1,07 * (-0,8 + 0,15) = -0,70$$

$$w_D = w_{e,D} - w_i = 1,07 * (0,77 + 0,15) = +0,98$$

$$w_E = w_{e,E} - w_i = 1,07 * (-0,44 + 0,15) = -0,31$$

Za krovne površine:

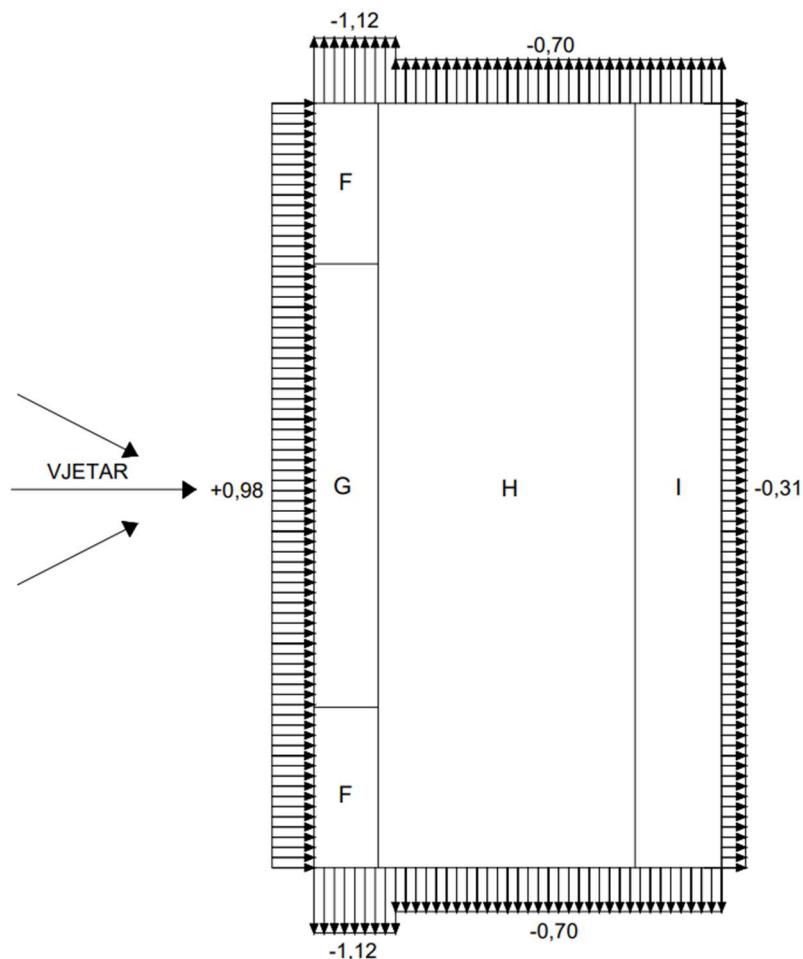
$$w_F = w_{e,A} - w_i = 1,07 * (-1,8 + 0,15) = -1,77$$

$$w_G = w_{e,B} - w_i = 1,07 * (-1,2 + 0,15) = -1,12$$

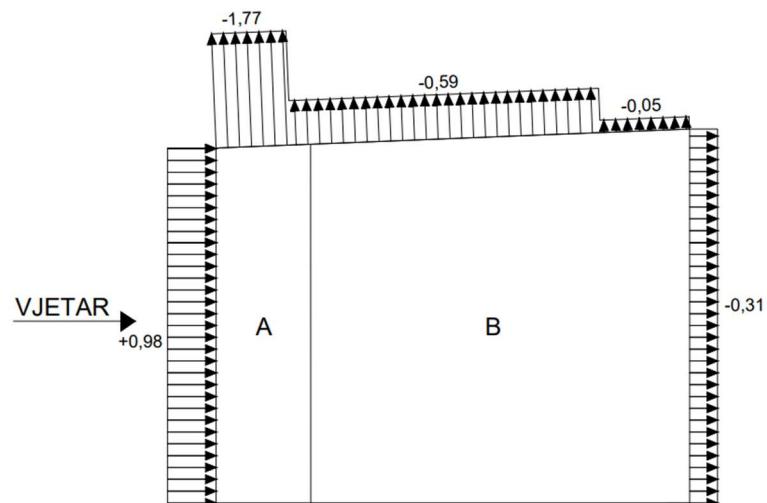
$$w_H = w_{e,D} - w_i = 1,07 * (-0,7 + 0,15) = -0,59$$

$$w_I = w_{e,E} - w_i = 1,07 * (-0,2 + 0,15) = -0,05$$

Shematski prikaz opterećenja ($\Theta=0$)



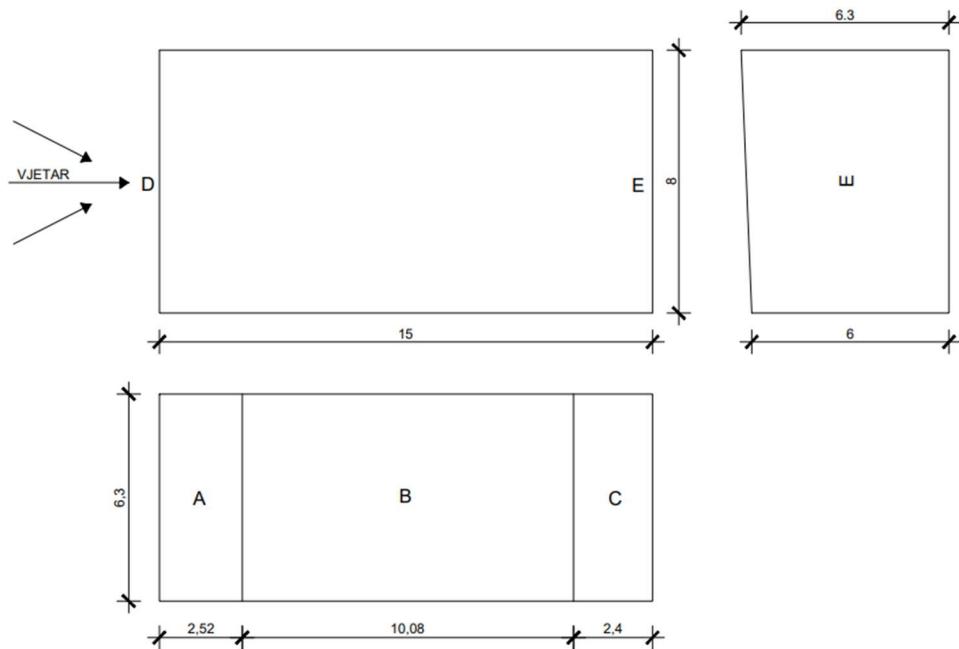
Slika 9: Djelovanje vjetra za slučaj 2 [izradio autor]



Slika 10: Mjerodavni presjek [izradio autor]

**3.1.6.3. Određivanje vanjskog longitudinalnog pritiska vjetra sa zatvorenim otvorima
($\Theta=90$)**

Vertikalne površine:



Slika 11: Prikaz zona na vertikalnim površinama pri uzdužnom djelovanju vjetra [izradio autor]

Površine vjetrovnih zona:

$$P_A = 2,52 * 6,3 = 15,88 \text{ m}^2$$

$$P_B = 10,08 * 6,3 = 63,50 \text{ m}^2$$

$$P_C = 2,4 * 6,3 = 15,12 \text{ m}^2$$

$$P_{D,E} = 49,28 \text{ m}^2$$

Linearnom interpolacijom, koeficijenti vanjskog pritiska c_{pe} na vertikalne zidove za $h/d=0,79$ iznose:

PODRUČJE	A	B	C	D	E
$c_{pe,10}$	-1,2	-0,8	-0,5	+0,8	-0,42

Jednadžba opterećenja vjetra na vanjske površine glasi [3]:

$$w_e = q_p(z) * (c_{pe} - c_{pi})$$

Unutrašnji koeficijent pritiska pri zatvorenim otvorima; $c_{pi} = 0$

Opterećenje na vertikalne plohe uslijed djelovanja vjetra:

$$w_A = w_{e,A} - w_i = 1,07 * (-1,2 - 0) = -1,28$$

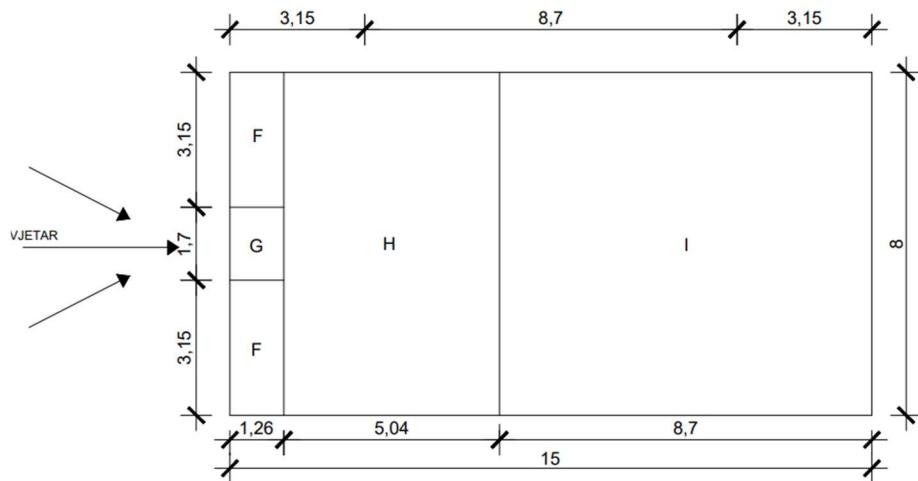
$$w_B = w_{e,B} - w_i = 1,07 * (-0,8 - 0) = -0,86$$

$$w_C = w_{e,D} - w_i = 1,07 * (-0,5 - 0) = -0,54$$

$$w_D = w_{e,E} - w_i = 1,07 * (+0,8 - 0) = +0,86$$

$$w_E = w_{e,E} - w_i = 1,07 * (-0,42 - 0) = -0,45$$

Krovne površine:



Slika 12: Raspodjela zona na krovu pri uzdužnom djelovanju vjetra [izradio autor]

Površine vjetrovnih zona:

$$P_F = 1,26 * 3,15 = 3,97 \text{ m}^2$$

$$P_G = 1,26 * 1,7 = 2,14 \text{ m}^2$$

$$P_H = 5,04 * 8 = 40,32 \text{ m}^2$$

$$P_I = 8,7 * 8 = 69,6 \text{ m}^2$$

Linearnom interpolacijom, koeficijenti vanjskog pritiska c_{pe} na vertikalne zidove za $h/d=0,79$ iznose:

PODRUČJE	F	G	H	I
c_{pe}	-2,08	-1,74	-0,7	-0,2

Jednadžba opterećenja vjetra na vanjske površine glasi [3]:

$$w = w_{e,i} - w_i = q_p(z) * (c_{pe} - c_{pi})$$

Unutrašnji koeficijent pritiska pri zatvorenim otvorima; $c_{pi} = 0$

Opterećenje na krovne plohe uslijed djelovanja vjetra:

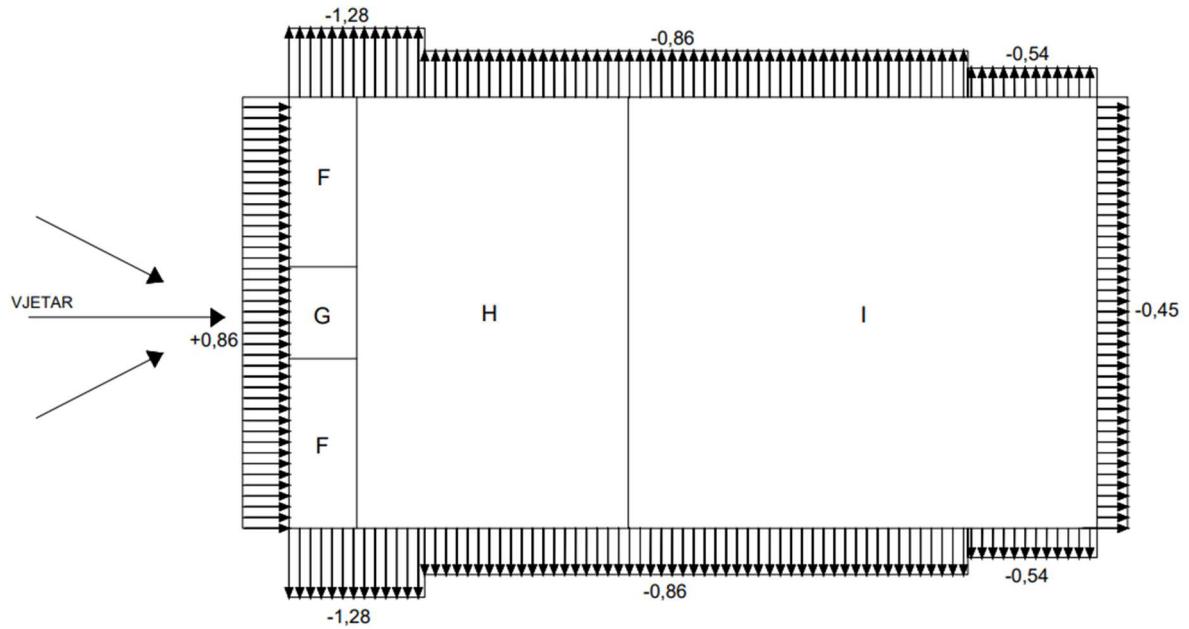
$$w_F = w_{e,A} - w_i = 1,07 * (-2,08 - 0) = -2,23$$

$$w_G = w_{e,B} - w_i = 1,07 * (-1,74 - 0) = -1,86$$

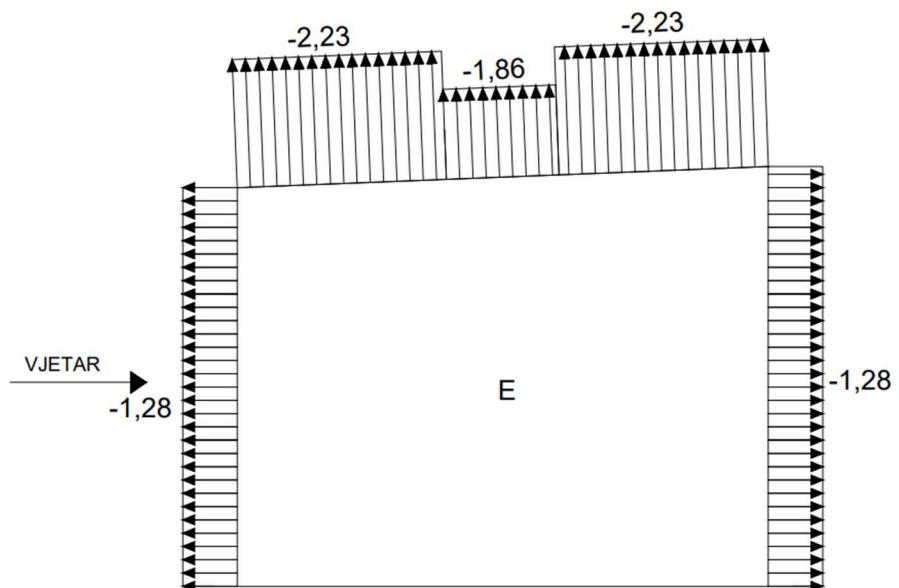
$$w_H = w_{e,D} - w_i = 1,07 * (-0,7 - 0) = -0,75$$

$$w_I = w_{e,E} - w_i = 1,07 * (-0,2 - 0) = -0,21$$

Shematski prikaz opterećenja ($\Theta=90$)



Slika 13: Djelovanje vjetra za slučaj 3 [izradio autor]



Slika 14: Mjerodavni presjek [izradio autor]

3.1.6.4. Određivanje vanjskog longitudinalnog pritiska vjetra s otvorenim otvorima ($\Theta=90$)

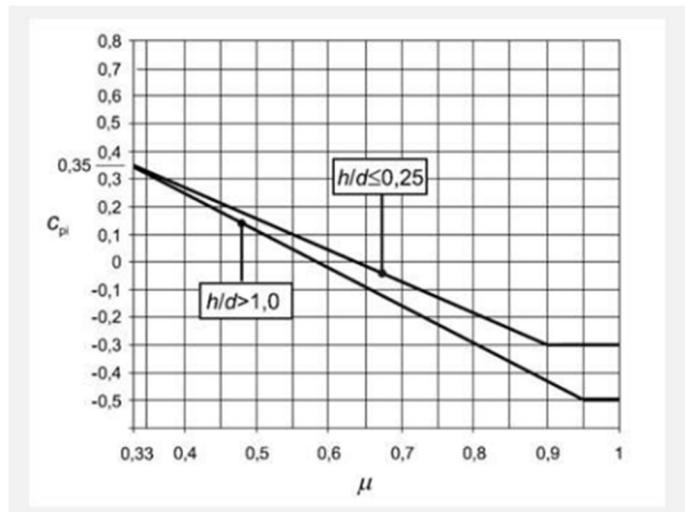
Dimenzije otvora:

Kraća stranica: 1 otvor za ulaz/izlaz ljudi ($2,0 \times 1,0$ m), 5 prozora ($1,6 \times 2,0$ m)

Duža stranica: 16 prozora ($1,4 \times 1,6$ m) od kojih se 8 ne otvaraju

Koeficijent pritiska na unutarnje plohe dobivamo na sljedeći način [3]:

$$\mu = \frac{\sum \text{ploština svih otvora gdje je } c_{pe} \text{ negativan ili } 0}{\sum \text{ploština svih otvora}} = \frac{4 * (1,6 * 2) + 8 * (1,4 * 1,6)}{2 * 1 + 5 * (1,6 * 2) + 16 * (1,4 * 1,6)} = 0,57$$



Slika 15: cpi unutarnjeg pritiska vjetra [3]

Iščitavanjem iz grafa dobivamo:

$$c_{pi} = +0,05$$

Jednadžba opterećenja vjetra na vanjske površine glasi [3]:

$$w = w_{e,i} - w_i = q_p(z) * (c_{pe} - c_{pi})$$

Za vertikalne površine:

$$w_A = w_{e,A} - w_i = 1,07 * (-1,2 - 0,05) = -1,33$$

$$w_B = w_{e,B} - w_i = 1,07 * (-0,8 - 0,05) = -0,91$$

$$w_C = w_{e,D} - w_i = 1,07 * (-0,5 - 0,05) = -0,59$$

$$w_D = w_{e,E} - w_i = 1,07 * (+0,80 - 0,05) = +0,80$$

$$w_E = w_{e,E} - w_i = 1,07 * (-0,42 - 0,05) = -0,50$$

Za krovne površine:

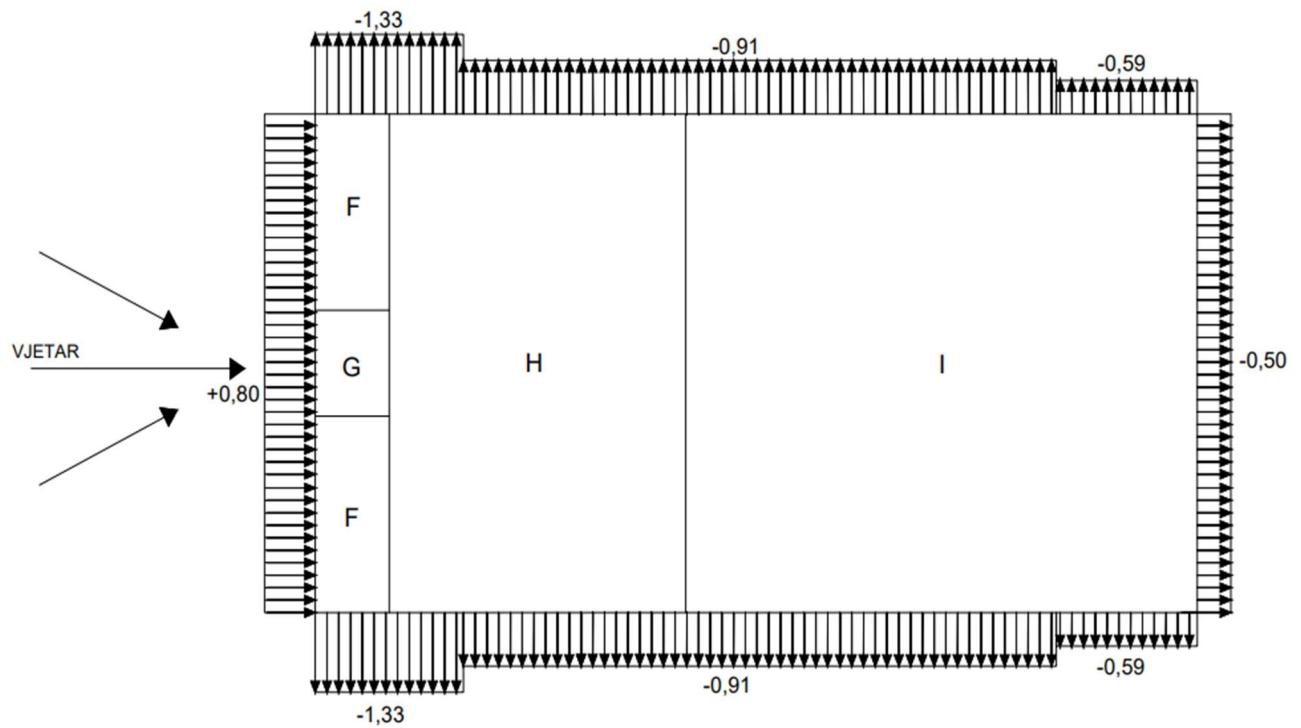
$$w_F = w_{e,A} - w_i = 1,07 * (-2,08 - 0,05) = -2,27$$

$$w_G = w_{e,B} - w_i = 1,07 * (-1,74 - 0,05) = -1,92$$

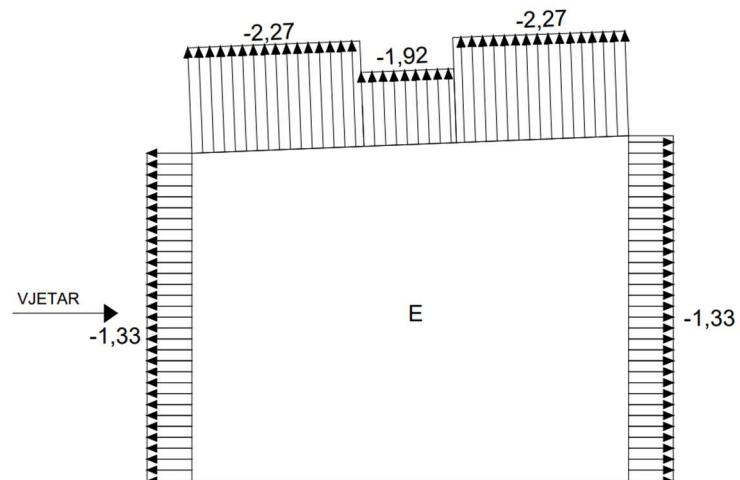
$$w_H = w_{e,D} - w_i = 1,07 * (-0,7 - 0,05) = -0,80$$

$$w_I = w_{e,E} - w_i = 1,07 * (-0,2 - 0,05) = -0,27$$

Shematski prikaz opterećenja ($\Theta=90$)



Slika 16: Djelovanje vjetra za slučaj 4 [izradio autor]



Slika 17: Mjerodavni presjek [izradio autor]

4. MEHANIČKA OTPORNOST I STABILNOST

Vlastitu težinu je program Robot structural Analysis professional sam proračunao.

Proračunski model konstrukcije je 3D štapni model.

Oslonci stupova su nepomični s onemogućenim pomacima, a omogućenom rotacijom.

4.1. Stalno opterećenje glavne nosive konstrukcije

Opterećenje koje nose podrožnice ($e= 2,0 \text{ m}$)

$$\text{Opterećenje na krajnje podrožnice } G = g * \frac{1}{2}e = 0,36 * \frac{1}{2} * 2 = 0,36 \text{ kN/m'}$$

$$\text{Opterećenje na srednje podrožnice } G = g * e = 0,36 * 2 = 0,72 \text{ kN/m'}$$

4.2. Stalno opterećenje za stubište

Opterećenje na tetine stubišta ($e= 1,0 \text{ m}$):

$$G = g * \frac{1}{2}e = 0,20 * \frac{1}{2} * 1 = 0,10 \text{ kN/m'}$$

4.3. Stalno opterećenje za galeriju

Opterećenje na sekundarne nosače ($e= 2,0 \text{ m}$):

$$\text{Opterećenje na krajnje nosače } G = g * \frac{1}{2}e = 0,50 * \frac{1}{2} * 2 = 0,50 \text{ kN/m'}$$

$$\text{Opterećenje na srednje nosače } G = g * \frac{1}{2}e = 0,50 * 2 = 1,0 \text{ kN/m'}$$

4.4. Uporabno opterećenje za stubište

Opterećenje na tetine stubišta ($e= 1,0 \text{ m}$):

$$G = g * \frac{1}{2}e = 2,0 * \frac{1}{2} * 1 = 0,50 \text{ kN/m'}$$

4.5. Uporabno opterećenje za galeriju

Opterećenje na krajnje nosače: $G = g * \frac{1}{2}e = 2,0 * \frac{1}{2} * 2 = 2,0 \text{ kN/m}'$

Opterećenje na srednje nosače: $G = g * e = 2,0 * 2 = 4,0 \text{ kN/m}'$

4.6. Opterećenje snijegom

$$s = 0,4 \text{ kN/m}^2$$

Opterećenje na krajnje podrožnice: $G = g * e = 0,4 * 1 = 0,40 \text{ kN/m}'$

Opterećenje na srednje podrožnice: $G = g * e = 0,4 * 2 = 0,80 \text{ kN/m}'$

4.7. Opterećenje vjetrom

Za prvi slučaj:

Opterećenje na podrožnice (s lijeva na desno 1 – 5):

1. podrožnica -D i F $G = g * \frac{1}{2}e = 1,93 * \frac{1}{2} * 2 = 1,93 \text{ kN/m}'$

$$-\text{D i G } G = g * \frac{1}{2}e = 1,28 * \frac{1}{2} * 2 = 1,28 \text{ kN/m}'$$

2. podrožnica -H i F $G = g * e = 0,75 * 1,74 + 1,93 * 0,26 = 1,81 \text{ kN/m}'$

3. podrožnica -H i G $G = g * e = 0,75 * 1,74 + 1,28 * 0,26 = 1,64 \text{ kN/m}'$

4. podrožnica $G = g * e = 0,75 * 2 = 1,50 \text{ kN/m}'$

5. podrožnica $G = g * e = 0,21 * 1,3 + 0,75 * 0,7 = 0,80 \text{ kN/m}'$

6. podrožnica $G = g * e = 0,21 * 1 = 0,21 \text{ kN/m}'$

8. i 12. podrožnica $G = g * e = 0,75 * 1,74 + 1,28 * 0,26 = 1,64 \text{ kN/m}'$

Opterećenje na zidove

D zona -najniži fasadni nosač: $G = g * e = 0,82 * 1,69 = 1,39 \text{ kN/m}'$

-srednji fasadni nosač: $G = g * e = 0,82 * 2 = 1,64 \text{ kN/m}'$

-najviši fasadni nosač: $G = g * e = 0,82 * 1,32 = 1,06 \text{ kN/m}'$

E zona -najniži fasadni nosač: $G = g * e = 0,47 * 1,69 = 0,79 \text{ kN/m}'$

-srednji fasadni nosač: $G = g * e = 0,47 * 2 = 0,94 \text{ kN/m}'$

-najviši fasadni nosač: $G = g * e = 0,47 * 1,32 = 0,62 \text{ kN/m}'$

A zona -najniži fasadni nosač: $G = g * e = 1,28 * 1,69 = 2,16 \text{ kN/m}'$

-srednji fasadni nosač: $G = g * e = 1,28 * 2 = 2,56 \text{ kN/m}'$

-najviši fasadni nosač: $G = g * e = 1,28 * 1,32 = 1,69 \text{ kN/m}'$

B zona -najniži fasadni nosač: $G = g * e = 0,86 * 1,69 = 1,45 \text{ kN/m}'$

-srednji fasadni nosač: $G = g * e = 0,86 * 2 = 1,72 \text{ kN/m}'$

-najviši fasadni nosač: $G = g * e = 0,86 * 1,32 = 1,14 \text{ kN/m}'$

Za drugi slučaj:

Opterećenje na podrožnice(s lijeva na desno 1 – 5)

1. podrožnica -D i F $G = g * \frac{1}{2}e = 1,77 * \frac{1}{2} * 2 = 1,77 \text{ kN/m}'$

-D i G $G = g * \frac{1}{2}e = 1,12 * \frac{1}{2} * 2 = 1,12 \text{ kN/m}'$

2. podrožnica $G = g * e = 0,59 * 1,74 + 1,77 * 0,26 = 1,49 \text{ kN/m}'$

3. podrožnica $G = g * e = 0,59 * 2 = 1,18 \text{ kN/m}'$

4. podrožnica $G = g * e = 0,05 * 1,3 + 0,59 * 0,7 = 0,48 \text{ kN/m}'$

5. podrožnica $G = g * e = 0,05 * 1 = 0,05 \text{ kN/m}'$

7. i 12. podrožnica $G = g * e = 0,59 * 1,74 + 1,12 * 0,26 = 1,32 \text{ kN/m}'$

Opterećenje na zidove:

D zona -najniži fasadni nosač: $G = g * e = 0,98 * 1,69 = 1,39 \text{ kN/m}'$

-srednji fasadni nosač: $G = g * e = 0,98 * 2 = 1,96 \text{ kN/m}'$

-najviši fasadni nosač: $G = g * e = 0,98 * 1,32 = 1,29 \text{ kN/m}'$

E zona -najniži fasadni nosač: $G = g * e = 0,31 * 1,69 = 0,52 \text{ kN/m}'$

-srednji fasadni nosač: $G = g * e = 0,31 * 2 = 0,62 \text{ kN/m}'$

-najviši fasadni nosač: $G = g * e = 0,31 * 1,32 = 0,41 \text{ kN/m}'$

A zona -najniži fasadni nosač: $G = g * e = 1,12 * 1,69 = 1,89 \text{ kN/m}'$

-srednji fasadni nosač: $G = g * e = 1,12 * 2 = 2,24 \text{ kN/m}'$

-najviši fasadni nosač: $G = g * e = 1,12 * 1,32 = 1,48 \text{ kN/m}'$

B zona -najniži fasadni nosač: $G = g * e = 0,70 * 1,69 = 1,18 \text{ kN/m}'$

-srednji fasadni nosač: $G = g * e = 0,70 * 2 = 1,40 \text{ kN/m}'$

-najviši fasadni nosač: $G = g * e = 0,70 * 1,32 = 0,92 \text{ kN/m}'$

Za treći slučaj:

Opterećenje na podrožnice (s lijeva na desno 1 – 5):

F i G zone podrožnica

$$1. \text{ podrožnica } G = g * \frac{1}{2}e = 2,23 * \frac{1}{2} * 2 = 2,23 \text{ kN/m}'$$

$$2. \text{ podrožnica } G = g * e = 2,23 * 2 = 4,46 \text{ kN/m}'$$

$$3. \text{ podrožnica } G = g * e = 1,86 * 1,7 + 2,23 * 0,3 = 3,83 \text{ kN/m}'$$

$$4. \text{ podrožnica } G = g * e = 2,23 * 2 = 4,46 \text{ kN/m}'$$

$$5. \text{ podrožnica } G = g * e = 2,23 * \frac{1}{2} * 2 = 2,23 \text{ kN/m}'$$

H zona podrožnica

$$6,10. \text{ podrožnica } G = g * e = 0,75 * 1 = 0,75 \text{ kN/m}'$$

$$7,8,9. \text{ podrožnica } G = g * e = 0,75 * 2 = 1,50 \text{ kN/m}'$$

I zona podrožnica

$$\text{krajnje } G = g * e = 0,21 * 1 = 0,21 \text{ kN/m'}$$

$$\text{srednje } G = g * e = 0,21 * 2 = 0,42 \text{ kN/m'}$$

Opterećenje na zidove

D zona -najniži fasadni nosač: $G = g * e = 0,86 * 1,69 = 1,45 \text{ kN/m'}$

-srednji fasadni nosač: $G = g * e = 0,86 * 2 = 1,72 \text{ kN/m'}$

-najviši fasadni nosač: $G = g * e = 0,86 * 1,32 = 1,14 \text{ kN/m'}$

E zona -najniži fasadni nosač: $G = g * e = 0,45 * 1,69 = 0,76 \text{ kN/m'}$

-srednji fasadni nosač: $G = g * e = 0,45 * 2 = 0,90 \text{ kN/m'}$

-najviši fasadni nosač: $G = g * e = 0,45 * 1,32 = 0,59 \text{ kN/m'}$

A zona -najniži fasadni nosač: $G = g * e = 1,28 * 1,69 = 2,16 \text{ kN/m'}$

-srednji fasadni nosač: $G = g * e = 1,28 * 2 = 2,56 \text{ kN/m'}$

-najviši fasadni nosač: $G = g * e = 1,28 * 1,32 = 1,69 \text{ kN/m'}$

B zona -najniži fasadni nosač: $G = g * e = 0,86 * 1,69 = 1,45 \text{ kN/m'}$

-srednji fasadni nosač: $G = g * e = 0,86 * 2 = 1,72 \text{ kN/m'}$

-najviši fasadni nosač: $G = g * e = 0,86 * 1,32 = 1,14 \text{ kN/m'}$

C zona -najniži fasadni nosač: $G = g * e = 0,54 * 1,69 = 0,91 \text{ kN/m'}$

-srednji fasadni nosač: $G = g * e = 0,54 * 2 = 1,08 \text{ kN/m'}$

-najviši fasadni nosač: $G = g * e = 0,54 * 1,32 = 0,72 \text{ kN/m'}$

Za četvrti slučaj:

Opterećenje na podrožnice(s lijeva na desno 1 – 5)

F i G zone podrožnica

1. podrožnica $G = g * \frac{1}{2}e = 2,27 * \frac{1}{2} * 2 = 2,27 \text{ kN/m}'$
2. podrožnica $G = g * e = 2,27 * 2 = 4,54 \text{ kN/m}'$
3. podrožnica $G = g * e = 1,92 * 1,7 + 2,27 * 0,3 = 3,95 \text{ kN/m}'$
4. podrožnica $G = g * e = 2,27 * 2 = 4,54 \text{ kN/m}'$
5. podrožnica $G = g * e = 2,27 * \frac{1}{2} * 2 = 2,27 \text{ kN/m}'$

H zona podrožnica

$$6,10. \text{ podrožnica } G = g * e = 0,80 * 1 = 0,80 \text{ kN/m}'$$

$$7,8,9. \text{ podrožnica } G = g * e = 0,80 * 2 = 1,60 \text{ kN/m}'$$

I zona podrožnica

$$\text{krajnje } G = g * e = 0,27 * 1 = 0,27 \text{ kN/m}'$$

$$\text{srednje } G = g * e = 0,27 * 2 = 0,54 \text{ kN/m}'$$

Opterećenje na zidove

D zona -najniži fasadni nosač: $G = g * e = 0,80 * 1,69 = 1,35 \text{ kN/m}'$

-srednji fasadni nosač: $G = g * e = 0,80 * 2 = 1,60 \text{ kN/m}'$

-najviši fasadni nosač: $G = g * e = 0,80 * 1,32 = 1,06 \text{ kN/m}'$

E zona -najniži fasadni nosač: $G = g * e = 0,50 * 1,69 = 0,85 \text{ kN/m}'$

-srednji fasadni nosač: $G = g * e = 0,50 * 2 = 1,0 \text{ kN/m}'$

-najviši fasadni nosač: $G = g * e = 0,50 * 1,32 = 0,66 \text{ kN/m}'$

A zona -najniži fasadni nosač: $G = g * e = 1,33 * 1,69 = 2,25 \text{ kN/m}'$

-srednji fasadni nosač: $G = g * e = 1,33 * 2 = 2,66 \text{ kN/m}'$

-najviši fasadni nosač: $G = g * e = 1,33 * 1,32 = 1,76 \text{ kN/m}'$

B zona -najniži fasadni nosač: $G = g * e = 0,91 * 1,69 = 1,54 \text{ kN/m}'$

-srednji fasadni nosač: $G = g * e = 0,91 * 2 = 1,82 \text{ kN/m}'$

-najviši fasadni nosač: $G = g * e = 0,91 * 1,32 = 1,20 \text{ kN/m}'$

C zona -najniži fasadni nosač: $G = g * e = 0,59 * 1,69 = 1,0 \text{ kN/m}'$

-srednji fasadni nosač: $G = g * e = 0,59 * 2 = 1,18 \text{ kN/m}'$

-najviši fasadni nosač: $G = g * e = 0,59 * 1,32 = 0,78 \text{ kN/m}'$

4.8. Imperfekcije okvira

$$\emptyset = k_c * k_s * \emptyset_0$$

$$k_c = (0,5 + \frac{1}{nc})^{0.5} = (0,5 + \frac{1}{2})^{0.5} = 1$$

$$k_s = (0,2 + \frac{1}{ns})^{0.5} = (0,2 + \frac{1}{2})^{0.5} = 0,84$$

$$\emptyset = 1 * 0,84 * \frac{1}{200} = 0,0042$$

$V1 = v + g = 22,15 \text{ kN}$ – ukupno vertikalno opterećenje od vlastite težine i stalnog djelovanja

$V2 = s = 6,01 \text{ kN}$ – ukupno vertikalno opterećenje od snijega

$V3 = w1 = 42,59 \text{ kN}$ - ukupno vertikalno opterećenje od vjetra 1

$V4 = w2 = 42,57 \text{ kN}$ - ukupno vertikalno opterećenje od vjetra 2

$V5 = w3 = -33,12 \text{ kN}$ - ukupno vertikalno opterećenje od vjetra 3

$V6 = w4 = -32,31 \text{ kN}$ - ukupno vertikalno opterećenje od vjetra 4

$$\Delta H = \emptyset * V$$

$$\Delta H1 = \emptyset * V1 = 0,0042 * 22,15 = 0,093 \text{ kN}$$

$$\Delta H2 = \emptyset * V2 = 0,0042 * 6,01 = 0,025 \text{ kN}$$

$$\Delta H3 = \emptyset * V3 = 0,0042 * 42,59 = 0,18 \text{ kN}$$

$$\Delta H4 = \emptyset * V4 = 0,0042 * 42,57 = 0,18 \text{ kN}$$

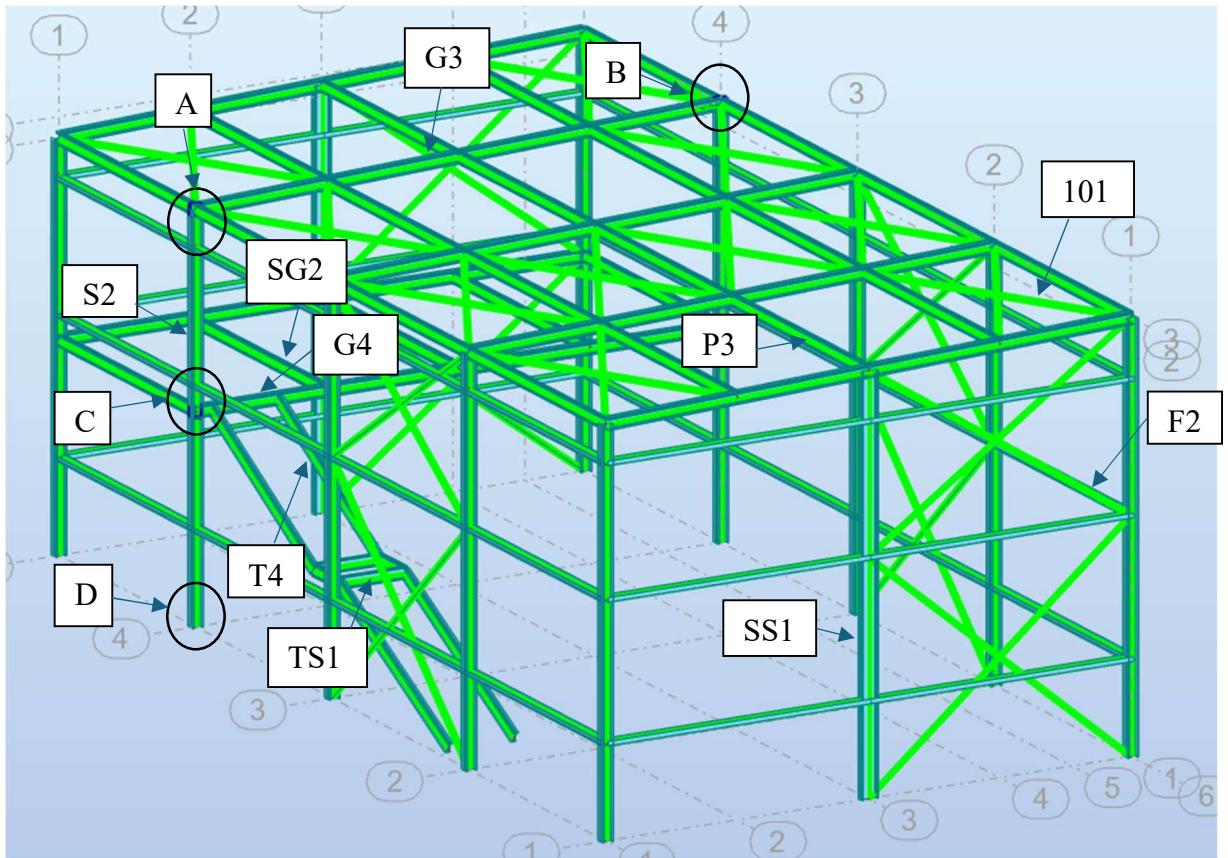
$$\Delta H5 = \emptyset * V5 = 0,0042 * (-33,12) = -0,14 \text{ kN}$$

$$\Delta H6 = \emptyset * V6 = 0,0042 * (-32,31) = -0,14 \text{ kN}$$

5. PLAN POZICIJA

Prikaz modela s označenim mjerodavnim elementima s najvećim reznim silama, koji se koristi za daljnji proračun dimenzioniranja, prikazan je na slici 18.

Ostale pozicije elemenata prikazane su u dispozicijskim nacrtima.



Slika 18: Prikaz modela s označenim mjerodavnim pozicijama elemenata i detalja [izradio autor]

6. KOMBINACIJE OPTEREĆENJA

Za granično stanje nosivosti – GSN(ULS) [4, 5, 6]:

$$\sum_{j \geq 1} \gamma_{k,j} * G''_{k,j} + " \gamma_{Q,1} * Q''_{k,1} + " \sum_{i \geq 1} \gamma_{Q,i} * \psi_{0,1} * Q''_{k,i}$$

Gdje su:

$G_{k,j}$ - karakteristična vrijednost stalnog djelovanja

$Q_{k,1}$ - karakteristična vrijednost vodećeg promjenjivog djelovanja

$Q_{k,i}$ - karakteristična vrijednost ostalih promjenjivih djelovanja

$\gamma_{k,j}$ - parcijalni koeficijent sigurnosti stalnih djelovanja

$\gamma_{Q,1}$ - parcijalni koeficijent sigurnosti vodećeg promjenjivog djelovanja

$\gamma_{Q,i}$ - parcijalni koeficijent sigurnosti ostalih promjenjivih djelovanja

$\psi_{0,1}$ - koeficijent kombinacija opterećenja

Tablica 2: Vrijednosti koeficijenta ψ [4]

Djelovanje	ψ_0	ψ_1	ψ_2
Snijeg	0,5	0,2	0
Vjetar	0,6	0,2	0

Za granično stanje uporabljivosti – GSU (SLS) [4, 5, 6]:

$$\sum_{j \geq 1} G''_{k,j} + Q''_{k,1} + \sum_{i \geq 1} \gamma_{Q,1} * \psi_{0,1} * Q''_{k,i}$$

Djelovanja:

DL1 - vlastita težina

DL2 - stalno opterećenje

LL1 - uporabno opterećenje

SN1 - opterećenje snijegom

WIND1 - opterećenje vjetrom (slučaj 1)

WIND2 - opterećenje vjetrom (slučaj 2)

WIND3 - opterećenje vjetrom (slučaj 3)

WIND4 - opterećenje vjetrom (slučaj 4)

Load Combination - Cases: 9to26 29to38 40
Values

1

- Cases: 9to26 29to38 40

Filtering	Combinations
Full list	9to26 29to38 40
Selection	9to26 29to38 40
Total number	77
Selected number	77

- Cases: 9to26 29to38 40

Combinations	Name	Analysis type	Combination type	Case nature
9 (C)	COMB1 Linear Combinatio	ULS	Structural	
10 (C)	COMB2 Linear Combinatio	ULS	Structural	
11 (C)	COMB3 Linear Combinatio	ULS	Structural	
12 (C)	COMB5 Linear Combinatio	ULS	Structural	
13 (C)	COMB6 Linear Combinatio	ULS	Structural	
14 (C)	COMB7 Linear Combinatio	ULS	Structural	
15 (C)	COMB8 Linear Combinatio	ULS	Structural	
16 (C)	COMB9 Linear Combinatio	ULS	Structural	
17 (C)	COMB10 Linear Combinatio	ULS	Structural	
18 (C)	COMB11 Linear Combinatio	ULS	Structural	
19 (C)	COMB12 Linear Combinatio	ULS	Structural	
20 (C)	COMB13 Linear Combinatio	ULS	Structural	
21 (C)	COMB13 Linear Combinatio	SLS	Structural	
22 (C)	COMB14 Linear Combinatio	SLS	Structural	
23 (C)	COMB15 Linear Combinatio	SLS	Structural	
24 (C)	COMB16 Linear Combinatio	SLS	Structural	
25 (C)	COMB28 Linear Combinatio	ULS	Structural	
26 (C)	COMB29 Linear Combinatio	ULS	Structural	
29 (C)	COMB17 Linear Combinatio	SLS	Structural	
30 (C)	COMB18 Linear Combinatio	SLS	Structural	
31 (C)	COMB19 Linear Combinatio	SLS	Structural	
32 (C)	COMB20 Linear Combinatio	SLS	Structural	
33 (C)	COMB21 Linear Combinatio	SLS	Structural	
34 (C)	COMB22 Linear Combinatio	SLS	Structural	
35 (C)	COMB23 Linear Combinatio	SLS	Structural	
36 (C)	COMB24 Linear Combinatio	SLS	Structural	
37 (C)	COMB25 Linear Combinatio	SLS	Structural	
38 (C)	COMB4 Linear Combinatio	ULS	Structural	
40 (C)	COMB28 Linear Combinatio	ULS	Structural	

Combinations	Definition
9 (C)	(1+2)*1.35+4*1.50
10 (C)	(1+2)*1.00+5*1.50
11 (C)	(1+2)*1.00+6*1.50
12 (C)	(1+2)*1.00+8*1.50
13 (C)	(1+2)*1.35+4*1.50+5*0.90
14 (C)	(1+2)*1.35+4*1.50+6*0.90
15 (C)	(1+2)*1.35+4*1.50+7*0.90
16 (C)	(1+2)*1.35+4*1.50+8*0.90
17 (C)	(1+2)*1.35+4*0.75+5*1.50
18 (C)	(1+2)*1.35+4*0.75+6*1.50
19 (C)	(1+2)*1.35+4*0.75+7*1.50
20 (C)	(1+2)*1.35+4*0.75+8*1.50
21 (C)	(1+2+4)*1.00
22 (C)	(1+2+5)*1.00
23 (C)	(1+2+6)*1.00
24 (C)	(1+2+7)*1.00
25 (C)	3*1.50+2*1.35
26 (C)	(1+2)*1.00
29 (C)	(1+2+8)*1.00
30 (C)	(1+2+4)*1.00+5*0.60
31 (C)	(1+2+4)*1.00+6*0.60
32 (C)	(1+2+4)*1.00+7*0.60
33 (C)	(1+2+4)*1.00+8*0.60
34 (C)	(1+2+5)*1.00+4*0.50
35 (C)	(1+2+6)*1.00+4*0.50
36 (C)	(1+2+7)*1.00+4*0.50
37 (C)	(1+2+8)*1.00+4*0.50
38 (C)	(1+2)*1.00+7*1.50
40 (C)	1*1.35+3*1.50

7. REZULTATI

7.1. Rezne sile

U sljedećim tablicama su prikazni globalni (maksimalni) rezultati reznih sila dobivenih kombiniranjem gore navedenih kombinacija za pojedine elemente.

Tablica 3: Maksimalne rezne sile grednog nosača [izradio autor]

	FX (kN)	FY (kN)	FZ (kN)	MX (kNm)	MY (kNm)	MZ (kNm)
MAX	13,59	21,85	29,83	0,05	17,24	0,71
Member	35	209	209	210	29	35
Node	49	296	296	364	46	49
Case	14 (C)	38 (C)	25 (C)	25 (C)	38 (C)	10 (C)
MIN	-28,45	-1,57	-18,93	-0,45	-30,98	-1,87
Member	209	210	209	209	209	209
Node	296	363	303	296	296	303
Case	20 (C)	25 (C)	25 (C)	40 (C)	25 (C)	17 (C)

Tablica 4: Maksimalne rezne sile glavnih stupova [izradio autor]

	FX (kN)	FY (kN)	FZ (kN)	MX (kNm)	MY (kNm)	MZ (kNm)
MAX	51,05	6,30	21,96	0,06	20,37	2,84
Member	34	37	28	24	33	24
Node	19	51	45	34	48	34
Case	40 (C)	10 (C)	12 (C)	38 (C)	9 (C)	10 (C)
MIN	-21,30	-6,61	-19,44	-0,51	-23,03	-2,84
Member	30	24	30	30	34	37
Node	41	34	46	46	49	51
Case	7	10 (C)	12 (C)	17 (C)	9 (C)	10 (C)

Tablica 5: Maksimalne rezne sile sekundarnih stupova [izradio autor]

	FX (kN)	FY (kN)	FZ (kN)	MX (kNm)	MY (kNm)	MZ (kNm)
MAX	40,19	10,85	6,14	0,02	0,60	10,31
Member	113	112	113	112	113	112
Node	305	201	305	201	213	201
Case	40 (C)	10 (C)	17 (C)	18 (C)	12 (C)	10 (C)
MIN	-34,31	-12,13	-2,59	-0,01	-7,98	-11,18
Member	112	112	112	113	112	112
Node	304	201	201	213	201	201
Case	10 (C)	19 (C)	10 (C)	18 (C)	17 (C)	19 (C)

Tablica 6: Maksimalne rezne sile podrožnica [izradio autor]

	FX (kN)	FY (kN)	FZ (kN)	MX (kNm)	MY (kNm)	MZ (kNm)
MAX	27,68	0,26	7,22	0,01	10,27	0,66
Member	54	53	48	57	48	51
Node	205	202	201	222	201	213
Case	17 (C)	17 (C)	9 (C)	16 (C)	10 (C)	17 (C)
MIN	-28,64	-0,35	-6,78	-0,01	-11,12	-0,66
Member	128	51	53	129	48	51
Node	206	210	202	203	201	210
Case	17 (C)	17 (C)	12 (C)	9 (C)	19 (C)	17 (C)

Tablica 7: Maksimalne rezne sile sekundarnih nosača galerije [izradio autor]

	FX (kN)	FY (kN)	FZ (kN)	MX (kNm)	MY (kNm)	MZ (kNm)
MAX	2,70	0,33	13,82	0,01	0,06	0,62
Member	211	208	211	211	212	208
Node	365	296	365	365	367	296
Case	25 (C)	25 (C)	25 (C)	25 (C)	25 (C)	25 (C)
MIN	-7,82	-0,12	-16,91	-0,01	-11,68	-0,60
Member	208	213	212	213	212	208
Node	296	369	368	369	368	363
Case	25 (C)	25 (C)	25 (C)	25 (C)	25 (C)	25 (C)

Tablica 8: Maksimalne rezne sile tetiva stubišta [izradio autor]

	FX (kN)	FY (kN)	FZ (kN)	MX (kNm)	MY (kNm)	MZ (kNm)
MAX	11,49	0,26	6,33	0,00	12,25	0,34
Member	98	99	61	214	100	215
Node	282	230	229	284	285	285
Case	40 (C)	10 (C)	40 (C)	19 (C)	40 (C)	10 (C)
MIN	-25,91	-0,15	-10,92	-0,01	-3,05	-0,68
Member	214	100	99	99	99	98
Node	371	283	284	230	284	283
Case	19 (C)	38 (C)	19 (C)	25 (C)	7	17 (C)

Tablica 9: Maksimalne rezne sile sekundarnih nosača stubišta [izradio autor]

	FX (kN)	FY (kN)	FZ (kN)	MX (kNm)	MY (kNm)	MZ (kNm)
MAX	0,21	0,15	0,71	0,01	0,30	0,62
Member	162	163	163	163	163	163
Node	284	283	283	283	230	230
Case	25 (C)	38 (C)	17 (C)	25 (C)	17 (C)	17 (C)
MIN	-0,24	-1,24	-0,38	-0,00	-0,30	-0,61
Member	162	163	162	163	163	163
Node	284	283	285	283	283	283
Case	12 (C)	17 (C)	17 (C)	5	17 (C)	17 (C)

Tablica 10: Maksimalne rezne sile vjetrovnih vezova [izradio autor]

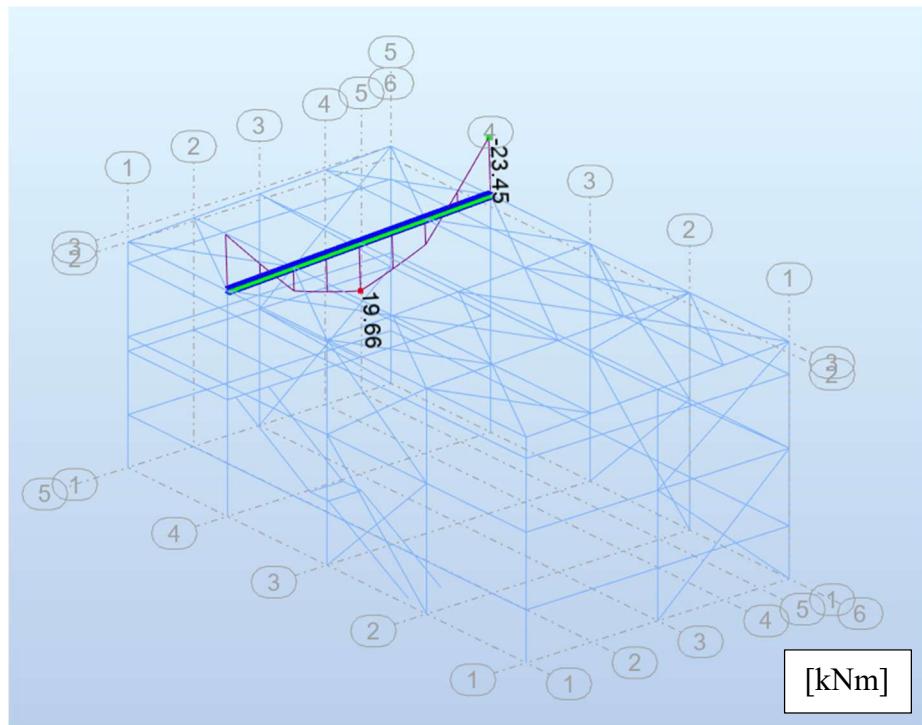
	FX (kN)	FY (kN)	FZ (kN)	MX (kNm)	MY (kNm)	MZ (kNm)
MAX	14,85	0,00	0,02	0,00	0,00	0,00
Member	226	218	220	227	219	222
Node	205	45	49	202	34	209
Case	17 (C)	10 (C)	15 (C)	20 (C)	5	17 (C)
MIN	-14,74	-0,00	-0,02	-0,00	-0,01	-0,00
Member	227	223	229	218	220	223
Node	223	212	225	45	49	212
Case	17 (C)	17 (C)	15 (C)	20 (C)	16 (C)	10 (C)

Tablica 11: Maksimalne rezne sile fasadnih nosača [izradio autor]

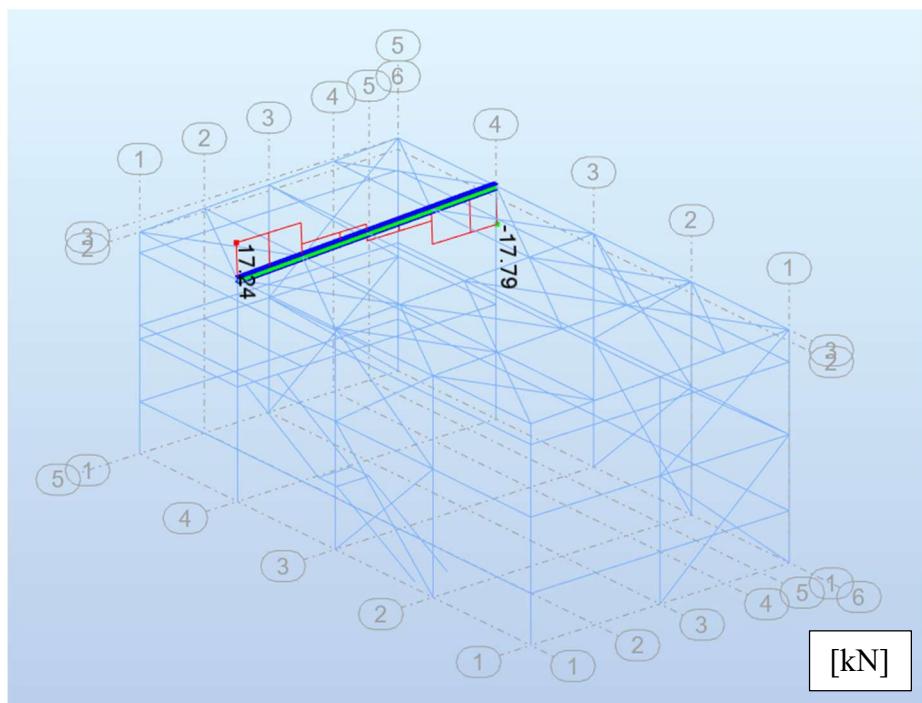
	FX (kN)	FY (kN)	FZ (kN)	MX (kNm)	MY (kNm)	MZ (kNm)
MAX	15,76	0,65	9,69	0,02	11,65	1,41
Member	170	173	200	188	200	188
Node	332	309	314	306	314	351
Case	38 (C)	19 (C)	17 (C)	19 (C)	17 (C)	17 (C)
MIN	-10,68	-1,02	-9,44	-0,02	-11,63	-0,86
Member	182	188	189	190	176	188
Node	320	351	308	310	314	306
Case	17 (C)	17 (C)	17 (C)	38 (C)	17 (C)	10 (C)

8. DIMENZIONIRANJE ELEMENATA KONSTRUKCIJE

8.1. Gredni nosač POZ G3



Slika 19: Vrijednost M_y za krovni gredni nosač [izradio autor]



Slika 20: Vrijednost F_z za krovni gredni nosač [izradio autor]

STEEL DESIGN

CODE: BS-EN 1993-1:2005/NA:2008/A1:2014, Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures.

ANALYSIS TYPE: Member Verification

CODE GROUP:

MEMBER: 35 Beam_35
= 0.00 m

POINT: 1

COORDINATE: x = 0.00 L

LOADS:

Governing Load Case: 9 COMB1 (1+2)*1.35+4*1.50

MATERIAL:

S275 (S275) fy = 275.00 MPa



SECTION PARAMETERS: HEA 160

h=152 mm	gM0=1.00	gM1=1.00	Ax=3877 mm ²
b=160 mm	Ay=3253 mm ²	Az=1321 mm ²	Ix=109000 mm ⁴
tw=6 mm	Iy=16729800 mm ⁴	Iz=6155730 mm ⁴	
tf=9 mm	Wply=245167 mm ³	Wplz=117635 mm ³	

INTERNAL FORCES AND CAPACITIES:

N,Ed = 12.51 kN	My,Ed = -23.02 kN*m	Mz,Ed = -0.01 kN*m	Vy,Ed = -0.02 kN
Nc,Rd = 1066.21 kN	My,Ed,max = -23.45 kN*m		Mz,Ed,max = 0.03
kN*m	Vy,T,Rd = 515.05 kN		
Nb,Rd = 397.70 kN	My,c,Rd = 67.42 kN*m	Mz,c,Rd = 32.35 kN*m	Vz,Ed = 17.24 kN
	MN,y,Rd = 67.42 kN*m	MN,z,Rd = 32.35 kN*m	Vz,T,Rd = 209.36 kN
	Mb,Rd = 40.79 kN*m		Tt,Ed = -0.01 kN*m
			Class of section = 1



LATERAL BUCKLING PARAMETERS:

z = 0.00	Mcr = 48.65 kN*m	Curve,LT - b	XLT = 0.59
Lcr,low=8.01 m	Lam_LT = 1.18	f _i ,LT = 1.15	XLT,mod = 0.61

BUCKLING PARAMETERS:



About y axis:

Ly = 8.01 m	Lam_y = 1.42
Lcr,y = 8.01 m	Xy = 0.37
Lamy = 121.88	kyy = 1.01



About z axis:

Lz = 8.01 m	Lam_z = 0.59
Lcr,z = 2.00 m	Xz = 0.79
Lamz = 50.23	kyz = 1.51

VERIFICATION FORMULAS:

Section strength check:

$$\begin{aligned} N,Ed/Nc,Rd &= 0.01 < 1.00 \quad (6.2.4.(1)) \\ My,Ed/MN,y,Rd &= 0.34 < 1.00 \quad (6.2.9.1.(2)) \\ Mz,Ed/MN,z,Rd &= 0.00 < 1.00 \quad (6.2.9.1.(2)) \\ (My,Ed/MN,y,Rd)^2 &+ (Mz,Ed/MN,z,Rd)^2 = 0.12 < 1.00 \quad (6.2.9.1.(6)) \\ Vy,Ed/Vy,T,Rd &= 0.00 < 1.00 \quad (6.2.6-7) \end{aligned}$$

$V_z,Ed/V_z,T,R_d = 0.08 < 1.00$ (6.2.6-7)
 $\tau_{au,ty,Ed}/(f_y/(sqrt(3)*gM_0)) = 0.01 < 1.00$ (6.2.6)
 $\tau_{au,tz,Ed}/(f_y/(sqrt(3)*gM_0)) = 0.00 < 1.00$ (6.2.6)

Global stability check of member:

$\Lambda_{a,y} = 121.88 < \Lambda_{a,max} = 210.00$ $\Lambda_{a,z} = 50.23 < \Lambda_{a,max} = 210.00$ STABLE
 $M_{y,Ed,max}/M_b,R_d = 0.57 < 1.00$ (6.3.2.1.(1))
 $N,Ed/(X_y*N,R_k/gM_1) + k_{yy}*M_{y,Ed,max}/(XLT*M_y,R_k/gM_1) + k_{yz}*M_{z,Ed,max}/(M_z,R_k/gM_1) = 0.62 < 1.00$ (6.3.3.(4))
 $N,Ed/(X_z*N,R_k/gM_1) + k_{zy}*M_{y,Ed,max}/(XLT*M_y,R_k/gM_1) + k_{zz}*M_{z,Ed,max}/(M_z,R_k/gM_1) = 0.33 < 1.00$ (6.3.3.(4))

LIMIT DISPLACEMENTS



Deflections (LOCAL SYSTEM):

$u_y = 1 \text{ mm} < u_y \text{ max} = L/200.00 = 40 \text{ mm}$ Verified

Governing Load Case: 22 COMB14 (1+2+5)*1.00

$u_z = 19 \text{ mm} < u_z \text{ max} = L/200.00 = 40 \text{ mm}$ Verified

Governing Load Case: 21 COMB13 (1+2+4)*1.00

$u_{inst,y} = 1 \text{ mm} < u_{inst,max,y} = L/250.00 = 32 \text{ mm}$ Verified

Governing Load Case: 1*5

$u_{inst,z} = 12 \text{ mm} < u_{inst,max,z} = L/250.00 = 32 \text{ mm}$ Verified

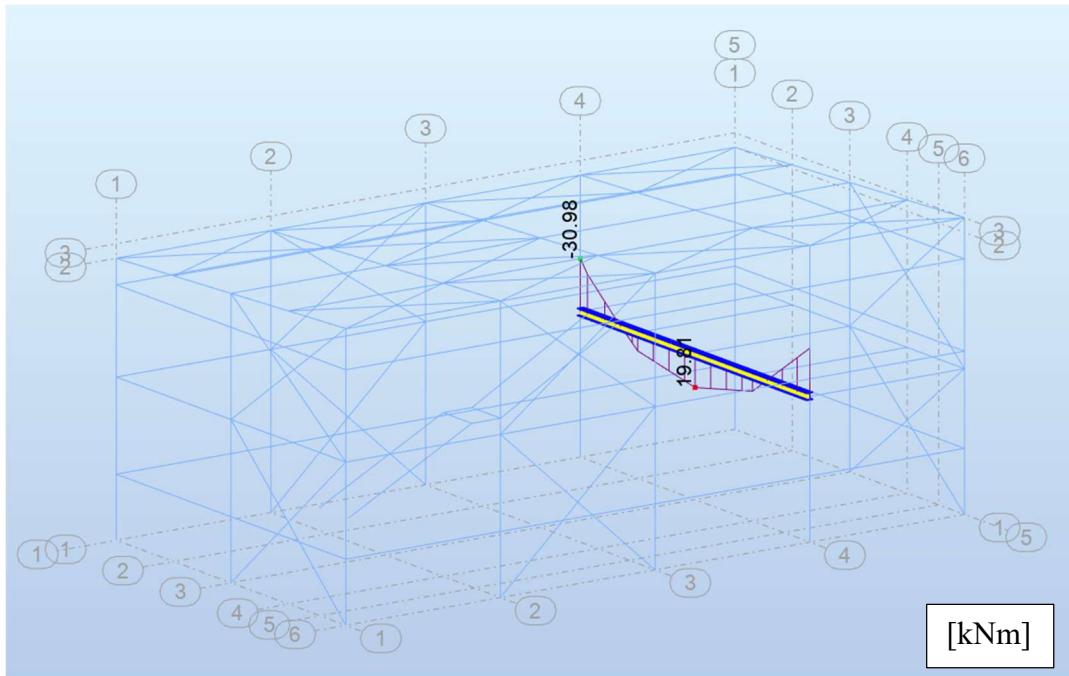
Governing Load Case: 1*5



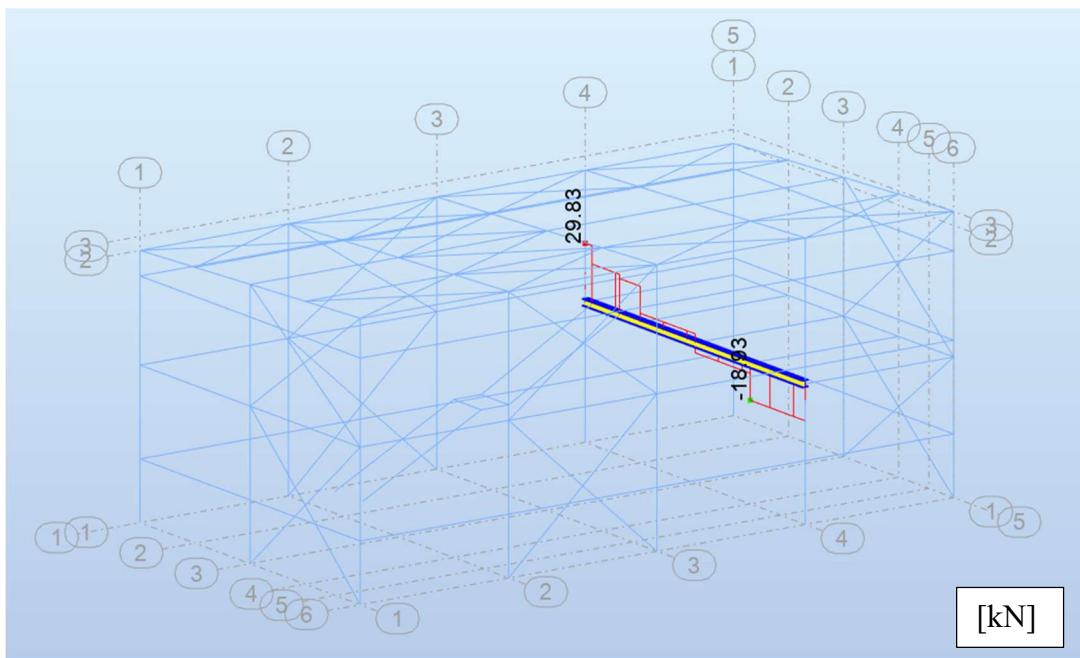
Displacements (GLOBAL SYSTEM): Not analyzed

Section OK !!!

8.2. Gredni nosač POZ G4



Slika 21: Mjerodavna vrijednost M_y za gredni nosač galerije [izradio autor]



Slika 22: Mjerodavna vrijednost F_z za gredni nosač galerije [izradio autor]

STEEL DESIGN

CODE: BS-EN 1993-1:2005/NA:2008/A1:2014, Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures.
ANALYSIS TYPE: Member Verification

CODE GROUP:

MEMBER: 209 gl. nosači galerija_209

POINT: 1

COORDINATE: x = 0.00 L = 0.00 m

LOADS:

Governing Load Case: 25 COMB28 3*1.50+2*1.35

MATERIAL:

S275 (S275) fy = 275.00 MPa

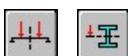


SECTION PARAMETERS: HEA 160

h=152 mm	gM0=1.00	gM1=1.00	Ax=3877 mm ²
b=160 mm	Ay=3253 mm ²	Az=1321 mm ²	Iy=6155730 mm ⁴
tw=6 mm	Iy=16729800 mm ⁴	Iz=6155730 mm ⁴	Ix=109000 mm ⁴
tf=9 mm	W _{ply} =245167 mm ³	W _{plz} =117635 mm ³	

INTERNAL FORCES AND CAPACITIES:

N _{Ed} = -5.00 kN	M _{y,Ed} = -30.98 kN*m	M _{z,Ed} = -0.70 kN*m	V _{y,Ed} = 2.19 kN
N _{t,Rd} = 1066.21 kN	M _{y,pl,Rd} = 67.42 kN*m	M _{z,pl,Rd} = 32.35 kN*m	V _{y,T,Rd} = 471.63 kN
	M _{y,c,Rd} = 67.42 kN*m	M _{z,c,Rd} = 32.35 kN*m	V _{z,Ed} = 29.83 kN
	M _{N,y,Rd} = 67.42 kN*m	M _{N,z,Rd} = 32.35 kN*m	V _{z,T,Rd} = 197.80 kN
	M _{b,Rd} = 67.20 kN*m		T _{t,Ed} = -0.40 kN*m
			Class of section = 1



LATERAL BUCKLING PARAMETERS:

z = 0.00	M _{cr} = 311.35 kN*m	Curve,LT - b	X _{LT} = 0.97
L _{cr,low} =2.00 m	Lam_LT = 0.47	f _{i,LT} = 0.59	X _{LT,mod} = 1.00

BUCKLING PARAMETERS:



About y axis:



About z axis:

VERIFICATION FORMULAS:

Section strength check:

$$N_{Ed}/N_{t,Rd} = 0.00 < 1.00 \quad (6.2.3.(1))$$

$$M_{y,Ed}/M_{N,y,Rd} = 0.46 < 1.00 \quad (6.2.9.1.(2))$$

$$M_{z,Ed}/M_{N,z,Rd} = 0.02 < 1.00 \quad (6.2.9.1.(2))$$

$$(M_{y,Ed}/M_{N,y,Rd})^2 + (M_{z,Ed}/M_{N,z,Rd})^2 = 0.23 < 1.00 \quad (6.2.9.1.(6))$$

$$V_{y,Ed}/V_{y,T,Rd} = 0.00 < 1.00 \quad (6.2.6-7)$$

$$V_{z,Ed}/V_{z,T,Rd} = 0.15 < 1.00 \quad (6.2.6-7)$$

$$\Tau_{ty,Ed}/(f_y/\sqrt{3} * gM0) = 0.21 < 1.00 \quad (6.2.6)$$

$$\Tau_{tz,Ed}/(f_y/\sqrt{3} * gM0) = 0.14 < 1.00 \quad (6.2.6)$$

Global stability check of member:

$My,Ed/Mb,Rd = 0.46 < 1.00$ (6.3.2.1.(1))

LIMIT DISPLACEMENTS



Deflections (LOCAL SYSTEM):

$uy = 8 \text{ mm} < uy \text{ max} = L/200.00 = 40 \text{ mm}$ Verified

Governing Load Case: 34 COMB22 $(1+2+5)*1.00+4*0.50$

$uz = 15 \text{ mm} < uz \text{ max} = L/200.00 = 40 \text{ mm}$ Verified

Governing Load Case: 3 LL1

$u_{inst,y} = 6 \text{ mm} < u_{inst,max,y} = L/250.00 = 32 \text{ mm}$ Verified

Governing Load Case: $0.5*4 + 1*5$

$u_{inst,z} = 3 \text{ mm} < u_{inst,max,z} = L/250.00 = 32 \text{ mm}$ Verified

Governing Load Case: $1*5$



Displacements (GLOBAL SYSTEM): Not analyzed

Section OK !!!

Za pojedine elemente koristimo detaljnu provjeru proračuna, što uključuje temeljitu analizu i izračune dimenzioniranja elemenata [4, 5, 6].

Profil: HEA 160

Materijal: S275

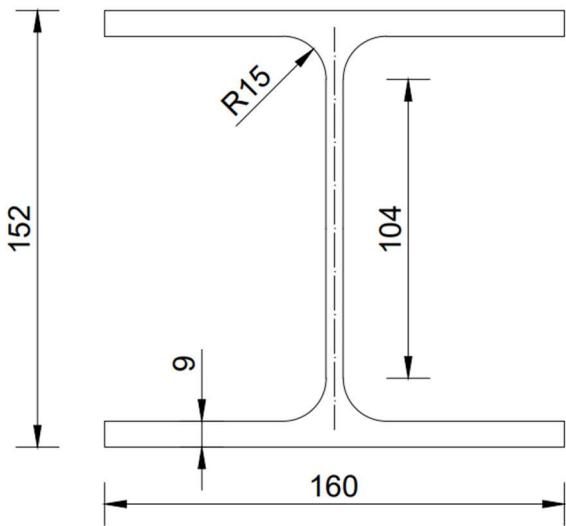
$$N_{c,Ed} = 5,08 \text{ kN}$$

$$V_{c,Ed} = 29,83 \text{ kN}$$

$$M_{y,Ed} = 30,98 \text{ kNm}$$

Tablica 12: Karakteristike profila HEA 160 [izradio autor]

Profil	G	A	h	b	tw	tf	r	I_t	$I_w * 10^{-3}$
	kg/m	cm ²	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	cm ⁴	cm ⁶
HEA 160	30,4	38,8	152	160	6	9	15	12,19	31,41



Slika 23: Prikaz profila HEA 160 [izradio autor]

Klasifikacija poprečnog presjeka:

HRBAT

$$\frac{c}{t} = \frac{d}{t_w} = \frac{h - 2t_f - 2r}{t_w} = \frac{152 - 2 \cdot 9,0 - 2 \cdot 15}{6,0} = 17,33$$

$$a = \frac{N_{Ed}}{2 * t_w * \frac{f_y}{\gamma_m 0}} = \frac{5,08}{2 * 0,6 * \frac{27,5}{1}} = 0,15$$

$$\alpha = \frac{1}{d} * \left(\frac{d}{2} + a \right) = \frac{1}{10,4} * \left(\frac{10,4}{2} + 0,15 \right) = 0,51; \alpha > 0,5$$

$$\frac{c}{t} = \frac{396\varepsilon}{13\alpha - 1}; 17,33 < 64,71$$

Hrbat je klasa 1.

POJASNICA

$$\frac{c}{t} = \frac{c}{t_f} = \left(\frac{\frac{b}{2} - \frac{t_w}{2} - r}{t_f} \right) = \frac{\frac{160}{2} - \frac{6}{2} - 15}{9,0} = 6,88$$

$$\frac{c}{t} = 9\varepsilon; 6,88 < 8,28$$

Pojasnica je klasa 1.

Poprečni presjek je **KLASA 1.**

Otpornost poprečnog presjeka na tlačnu silu:

$$N_{c,Rd} = \frac{A * f_y}{\gamma_{m0}} = \frac{38,8 * 27,5}{1} = 1067 \text{ kN}$$

$N_{c,Ed} < N_{c,Rd}; 5,06 \text{ kN} < 1067 \text{ kN}$ **ZADOVOLJAVA** (1%)

Otpornost poprečnog presjeka na savijanje:

$$M_{c,Rd} = \frac{W_{pl,y} \cdot f_y}{\gamma_{M0}} = \frac{245,1 * 27,5}{1} = 67,42 \text{ kNm}$$

$M_{y,Ed} < M_{c,Rd}; 30,98 \text{ kNm} < 67,42 \text{ kNm}$ **ZADOVOLJAVA** (46%)

Otpornost poprečnog presjeka na posmik:

Provjera izbočivanja hrpta na posmik

$$\frac{h_w}{t_w} \leq 72 \frac{\varepsilon}{\eta}$$

$$\frac{h_w}{t_w} \leq \frac{h - 2t_f}{t_w} = \frac{152 - 2 * 9,0}{6,0} = 22,33$$

$22,33 \leq 72 * \frac{0,92}{1,2} = 79,49$ Ne treba provjera izbočavanja hrpta na posmik

Posmična otpornost:

$$V_{pl,rd} = \frac{A_{v,z} * \frac{f_y}{\sqrt{3}}}{\gamma_{m0}} = \frac{13,21 * \frac{27,5}{\sqrt{3}}}{1,0} = 209,74 \text{ kN}$$

$V_{z,Ed} \leq V_{pl,rd}; 29,83 \text{ kN} \leq 209,74 \text{ kN}$ **ZADOVOLJAVA** (14%)

Interakcija M-N:

$$N_{Ed} \leq 0,25N_{c,Rd}$$

$$5,06 < 0,25 * 1067 = 266,75 \text{ kN } \mathbf{ZADOVOLJAVA} (2\%)$$

$$N_{Ed} \leq \frac{0,5 * h_w * t_w * f_y}{\gamma_{m0}} = \frac{0,5 * 13,4 * 0,6 * 27,5}{1} = 110,55$$

$$5,06 \text{ kN} < 110,55 \text{ kN } \mathbf{ZADOVOLJAVA} (5\%)$$

Uzdužna sila ima nisku razinu utjecaja na otpornost presjeka na savijanje

$$M_{y,Ed} \leq M_{V,N,y,Rd} = M_{c,Rd}$$

$$30,98 \text{ kNm} < 67,42 \text{ kNm } \mathbf{ZADOVOLJAVA} (46\%)$$

Interakcija M-V:

$$V_{z,Ed} \leq 0,5V_{pl,Rd}$$

$$29,83 \text{ kN} < 0,5 * 209,74 = 104,87 \text{ kN}$$

Ne trebamo redukciju plastične otpornosti na savijanje

$$M_{y,Ed} \leq M_{y,V,Rd}$$

$$30,98 \text{ kNm} < 67,42 \text{ kNm } \mathbf{ZADOVOLJAVA} (46\%)$$

Otpornost elemenata na izvijanje:

$$N_{b,Rd} = \chi * \frac{A * f_y}{\gamma_{M1}}$$

Oko osi y:

$$N_{cr} = \frac{\pi^2 * E * I}{l_{cr}^2} = \frac{\pi^2 * 21000 * 1673}{800^2} = 541,80 \text{ kN}$$

$$\lambda = \sqrt{\frac{A * f_y}{N_{cr}}} = \sqrt{\frac{38,8 * 27,5}{541,80}} = 1,40$$

$$\frac{h}{b} = \frac{152}{160} = 0,95 < 1,2 \rightarrow \alpha = b = 0,34$$

$$\Phi = 0,5 * [1 + \alpha * (\lambda - 0,2) + \lambda^2] = 0,5 * [1 + 0,34 * (1,4 - 0,2) + 1,4^2] = 1,68$$

$$\chi = \frac{1}{\Phi + \sqrt{\Phi^2 - \lambda^2}} = \frac{1}{1,68 + \sqrt{1,68^2 - 1,40^2}} = 0,38$$

Oko osi z:

$$N_{cr} = \frac{\pi^2 * E * I}{l_{cr}^2} = \frac{\pi^2 * 21000 * 1673}{200^2} = 8668,72 \text{ kN}$$

$$\lambda = \sqrt{\frac{A * f_y}{N_{cr}}} = \sqrt{\frac{38,8 * 27,5}{8668,72}} = 0,35$$

$$\frac{h}{b} = \frac{152}{160} = 0,95 < 1,2 \rightarrow \alpha = c = 0,49$$

$$\Phi = 0,5 * [1 + \alpha * (\lambda - 0,2) + \lambda^2] = 0,5 * [1 + 0,49 * (0,35 - 0,2) + 0,35^2] = 0,60$$

$$\chi = \frac{1}{\Phi + \sqrt{\Phi^2 - \lambda^2}} = \frac{1}{0,60 + \sqrt{0,60^2 - 0,35^2}} = 0,92$$

$$N_{b,Rd} = \chi * \frac{A * f_y}{\gamma_{M1}} = 0,38 * \frac{38,8 * 27,5}{1} = 405,46 \text{ kN}$$

$$N_{c,Ed} \leq N_{b,Rd}; 5,06 \text{ kN} < 405,46 \text{ kN} \text{ ZADOVOLJAVA (1%)}$$

Otpornost elementa na bočno torzijsko izvijanje:

$$M_{cr} = C_1 \cdot \frac{\pi^2 \cdot E \cdot I_z}{(k \cdot L)^2} \cdot \left[\sqrt{\left(\frac{k}{k_w}\right)^2 \frac{I_w}{I_z} + \frac{(k \cdot L)^2 \cdot G \cdot I_t}{\pi^2 \cdot E \cdot I_z}} \right]$$

$$= 2,58 * \frac{\pi^2 * 21000 * 615,5}{(1 * 200)^2} * \left[\sqrt{\left(\frac{1}{1}\right)^2 * \frac{31,41}{615,5} + \frac{(1 * 200)^2 * 8076 * 12,19}{\pi^2 * 21000 * 615,5}} \right]$$

$$M_{cr} = 45753,25 \text{ kNm}$$

Vitkost:

$$\lambda_{LT} = \sqrt{\frac{W_{pl,y} * f_y}{M_{cr}}} = \sqrt{\frac{245,2 * 27,5}{45753,25}} = 0,38 < 0,4 \text{ (zdepasti nosač)}$$

Mjerodavna linija izvijanja:

$$\frac{h}{b} = \frac{152}{160} = 0,95 < 2 \rightarrow \alpha_{LT} = \alpha = 0,21$$

Koeficijent redukcije:

$$\chi_{LT} = 1$$

$$M_{y,Ed} \leq M_{b,Rd}$$

$$30,98 \text{ kNm} < 67,42 \text{ kNm} \text{ ZADOVOLJAVA (46%)}$$

Provjera progiba:

Maksimalni progib od ukupnog djelovanja:

$$\delta_{inst,z} = 2,7 \text{ cm}$$

Dopušteni progib:

$$\delta_{max,inst,z} = \frac{800}{200} = 4,0 \text{ cm}$$

$$\delta_{inst,z} < \delta_{max,inst,z}; 2,7 \text{ cm} < 4,0 \text{ cm} \quad \mathbf{ZADOVOLJAVA}$$

Maksimalni progib od promjenjivog djelovanja:

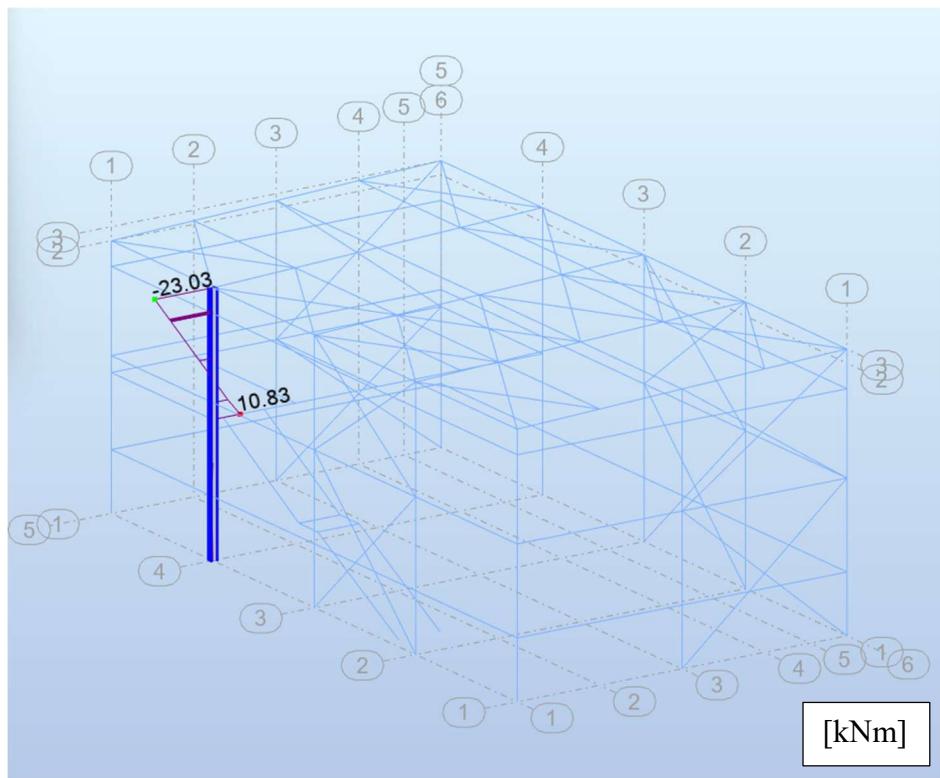
$$\delta_{inst,z} = 2,3 \text{ cm}$$

Dopušteni progib:

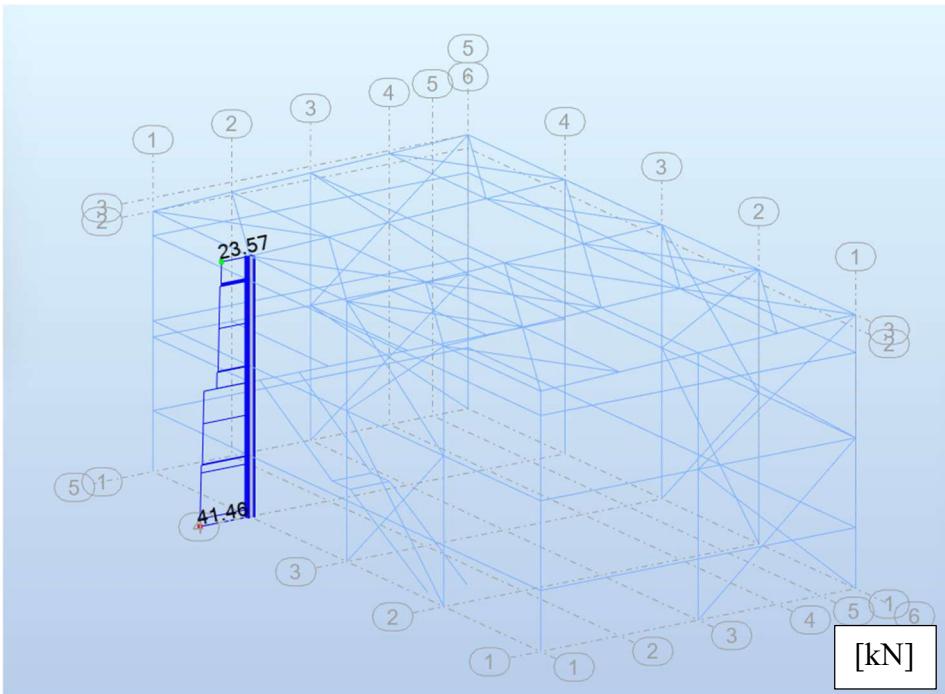
$$\delta_{max,inst,z} = \frac{800}{250} = 3,2 \text{ cm}$$

$$\delta_{inst,z} < \delta_{max,inst,z}; 2,3 \text{ cm} < 3,2 \text{ cm} \quad \mathbf{ZADOVOLJAVA}$$

8.3. Stupovi POZ S2



Slika 24: Mjerodavna vrijednost M_y za glavne stupove [izradio autor]



Slika 25: Mjerodavna vrijednost F_x za glavne stupove [izradio autor]

STEEL DESIGN

CODE: BS-EN 1993-1:2005/NA:2008/A1:2014, Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures.

ANALYSIS TYPE: Member Verification

CODE GROUP:

MEMBER: 34 gl.stupovi_34

POINT: 3

COORDINATE: x = 0.91 L

= 5.26 m

LOADS:

Governing Load Case: 9 COMB1 (1+2)*1.35+4*1.50

MATERIAL:

S275 (S275) fy = 275.00 MPa



SECTION PARAMETERS: HEA 160

h=152 mm	gM0=1.00	gM1=1.00	Ax=3877 mm ²
b=160 mm	Ay=3253 mm ²	Az=1321 mm ²	Ix=109000 mm ⁴
tw=6 mm	Iy=16729800 mm ⁴	Iz=6155730 mm ⁴	
tf=9 mm	Wply=245167 mm ³	Wplz=117635 mm ³	

INTERNAL FORCES AND CAPACITIES:

N,Ed = 24.89 kN	My,Ed = -16.53 kN*m	Mz,Ed = 0.14 kN*m	Vy,Ed = -0.12 kN
Nc,Rd = 1066.21 kN	My,Ed,max = -23.03 kN*m		Mz,Ed,max = -0.28
kN*m	Vy,T,Rd = 516.05 kN		
Nb,Rd = 275.19 kN	My,c,Rd = 67.42 kN*m	Mz,c,Rd = 32.35 kN*m	Vz,Ed = -11.84 kN
	MN,y,Rd = 67.42 kN*m	MN,z,Rd = 32.35 kN*m	Vz,T,Rd = 209.64 kN
	Mb,Rd = 67.42 kN*m		Tt,Ed = -0.00 kN*m
			Class of section = 1



LATERAL BUCKLING PARAMETERS:

z = 0.00	Mcr = 1828.75 kN*m	Curve,LT - b	XLT = 1.00
Lcr,low=0.75 m	Lam_LT = 0.19	f _i ,LT = 0.48	XLT,mod = 1.00

BUCKLING PARAMETERS:



About y axis:

Ly = 5.81 m	Lam_y = 1.03
Lcr,y = 5.81 m	Xy = 0.58
Lamy = 88.37	kyy = 1.03



About z axis:

Lz = 5.81 m	Lam_z = 1.70
Lcr,z = 5.81 m	Xz = 0.26
Lamz = 145.69	kyz = 0.77

VERIFICATION FORMULAS:

Section strength check:

$$N,Ed/Nc,Rd = 0.02 < 1.00 \quad (6.2.4.(1))$$

$$My,Ed/MN,y,Rd = 0.25 < 1.00 \quad (6.2.9.1.(2))$$

$$Mz,Ed/MN,z,Rd = 0.00 < 1.00 \quad (6.2.9.1.(2))$$

$$(My,Ed/MN,y,Rd)^{2.00} + (Mz,Ed/MN,z,Rd)^{1.00} = 0.06 < 1.00 \quad (6.2.9.1.(6))$$

$$Vy,Ed/Vy,T,Rd = 0.00 < 1.00 \quad (6.2.6-7)$$

$V_{z,Ed}/V_{z,T,Rd} = 0.06 < 1.00$ (6.2.6-7)
 $\tau_{u,ty,Ed}/(f_y/(\sqrt{3} \cdot gM_0)) = 0.00 < 1.00$ (6.2.6)
 $\tau_{u,tz,Ed}/(f_y/(\sqrt{3} \cdot gM_0)) = 0.00 < 1.00$ (6.2.6)

Global stability check of member:

$\Lambda_{y,Ed} = 88.37 < \Lambda_{y,max} = 210.00$ $\Lambda_{z,Ed} = 145.69 < \Lambda_{z,max} = 210.00$ STABLE
 $M_{y,Ed,max}/M_{b,Rd} = 0.34 < 1.00$ (6.3.2.1.(1))
 $N_{Ed}/(X_y \cdot N_{Rk/gM1}) + k_{yy} \cdot M_{y,Ed,max}/(X_{LT} \cdot M_{y,Rk/gM1}) + k_{yz} \cdot M_{z,Ed,max}/(M_{z,Rk/gM1}) = 0.40 < 1.00$ (6.3.3.(4))
 $N_{Ed}/(X_z \cdot N_{Rk/gM1}) + k_{zy} \cdot M_{y,Ed,max}/(X_{LT} \cdot M_{y,Rk/gM1}) + k_{zz} \cdot M_{z,Ed,max}/(M_{z,Rk/gM1}) = 0.28 < 1.00$ (6.3.3.(4))

LIMIT DISPLACEMENTS



Deflections (LOCAL SYSTEM): Not analyzed



Displacements (GLOBAL SYSTEM):

$v_x = 16 \text{ mm} < v_{x,max} = L/150.00 = 39 \text{ mm}$ Verified

Governing Load Case: 34 COMB22 (1+2+5)*1.00+4*0.50

$v_y = 3 \text{ mm} < v_{y,max} = L/150.00 = 39 \text{ mm}$ Verified

Governing Load Case: 7 WIND3

Section OK !!

Profil: HEA 160

Materijal: S275

$$N_{c,Ed} = 41,46 \text{ kN}$$

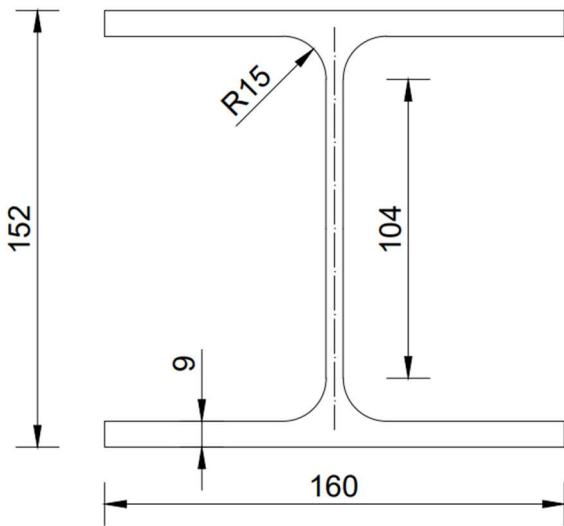
$$V_{z,Ed} = 11,84 \text{ kN}$$

$$M_{y,Ed} = 23,03 \text{ kNm}$$

$$M_{z,Ed} = 0,14 \text{ kNm}$$

Tablica 13: Karakteristike profila HEA 160 [izradio autor]

Profil	G	A	h	b	tw	tf	r	I _t	I _w *10 ⁻³
	kg/m	cm ²	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	cm ⁴	cm ⁶
HEA 160	30,4	38,8	152	160	6	9	15	12,19	31,41



Slika 26: Prikaz profila HEA 160 [izradio autor]

Klasifikacija poprečnog presjeka:

HRBAT

$$\frac{c}{t} = \frac{d}{t_w} = \frac{h - 2t_f - 2r}{t_w} = \frac{152 - 2 \cdot 9,0 - 2 \cdot 15}{6,0} = 17,33$$

$$a = \frac{N_{Ed}}{2 * t_w * \frac{f_y}{\gamma_m 0}} = \frac{51,01}{2 * 0,6 * \frac{27,5}{1}} = 1,55$$

$$\alpha = \frac{1}{d} * \left(\frac{d}{2} + a \right) = \frac{1}{10,4} * \left(\frac{10,4}{2} + 1,55 \right) = 0,65; \alpha > 0,5$$

$$\frac{c}{t} = \frac{396\varepsilon}{13\alpha - 1}; 17,33 < 49,14$$

Hrbat je klasa 1.

POJASNICA

$$\frac{c}{t} = \frac{c}{t_f} = \left(\frac{\frac{b}{2} - \frac{t_w}{2} - r}{t_f} \right) = \frac{\frac{160}{2} - \frac{6}{2} - 15}{9,0} = 6,88$$

$$\frac{c}{t} = 9\varepsilon; 6,88 < 8,28$$

Pojasnica je klasa 1.

Poprečni presjek je **KLASA 1.**

Otpornost poprečnog presjeka na tlačnu silu:

$$N_{c,Rd} = \frac{A * f_y}{\gamma_{m0}} = \frac{38,8 * 27,5}{1} = 1067 \text{ kN}$$

$N_{c,Ed} < N_{c,Rd}; 41,46 \text{ kN} < 1067 \text{ kN}$ **ZADOVOLJAVA** (4%)

Otpornost poprečnog presjeka na savijanje:

$$M_{c,Rd} = \frac{W_{pl,y} \cdot f_y}{\gamma_{M0}} = \frac{245,1 * 27,5}{1} = 67,42 \text{ kNm}$$

$M_{y,Ed} < M_{c,Rd}; 23,03 \text{ kNm} < 67,42 \text{ kNm}$ **ZADOVOLJAVA** (34%)

Otpornost poprečnog presjeka na posmik:

Provjera izbočivanja hrpta na posmik

$$\frac{h_w}{t_w} \leq 72 \frac{\varepsilon}{\eta}$$

$$\frac{h_w}{t_w} \leq \frac{h - 2t_f}{t_w} = \frac{152 - 2 * 9,0}{6,0} = 22,33$$

$22,33 \leq 72 * \frac{0,92}{1,2} = 79,49$ Ne treba provjera izbočavanja hrpta na posmik

Posmična otpornost:

$$V_{pl,rd} = \frac{A_{v,z} * \frac{f_y}{\sqrt{3}}}{\gamma_{m0}} = \frac{13,21 * \frac{27,5}{\sqrt{3}}}{1,0} = 209,74 \text{ kN}$$

$V_{z,Ed} \leq V_{pl,rd}; 11,84 \text{ kN} \leq 209,74 \text{ kN}$ **ZADOVOLJAVA** (6%)

Interakcija M-N:

$$N_{Ed} \leq 0,25N_{c,Rd}$$

$$41,46 < 0,25 * 1067 = 266,75 \text{ kN } \mathbf{ZADOVOLJAVA} (15\%)$$

$$N_{Ed} \leq \frac{0,5 * h_w * t_w * f_y}{\gamma_{m0}} = \frac{0,5 * 13,4 * 0,6 * 27,5}{1} = 110,55$$

$$41,46 \text{ kN} < 110,55 \text{ kN } \mathbf{ZADOVOLJAVA} (38\%)$$

Uzdužna sila ima nisku razinu utjecaja na otpornost presjeka na savijanje

$$M_{y,Ed} \leq M_{V,N,y,Rd} = M_{c,Rd}$$

$$23,03 \text{ kNm} < 67,42 \text{ kNm } \mathbf{ZADOVOLJAVA} (34\%)$$

Interakcija M-V:

$$V_{z,Ed} \leq 0,5V_{pl,Rd}$$

$$11,84 \text{ kN} < 0,5 * 209,74 = 104,87 \text{ kN}$$

Ne trebamo redukciju plastične otpornosti na savijanje

$$M_{y,Ed} \leq M_{y,V,Rd}$$

$$23,03 \text{ kNm} < 67,42 \text{ kNm } \mathbf{ZADOVOLJAVA} (34\%)$$

Otpornost elemenata na izvijanje:

$$N_{b,Rd} = \chi * \frac{A * f_y}{\gamma_{M1}}$$

Oko osi y:

$$N_{cr} = \frac{\pi^2 * E * I}{l_{cr}^2} = \frac{\pi^2 * 21000 * 1673}{600^2} = 963,19 \text{ kN}$$

$$\lambda = \sqrt{\frac{A * f_y}{N_{cr}}} = \sqrt{\frac{38,8 * 27,5}{963,19}} = 1,05$$

$$\frac{h}{b} = \frac{152}{160} = 0,95 < 1,2 \rightarrow \alpha = b = 0,34$$

$$\Phi = 0,5 * [1 + \alpha * (\lambda - 0,2) + \lambda^2] = 0,5 * [1 + 0,34 * (1,05 - 0,2) + 1,05^2] = 1,20$$

$$\chi = \frac{1}{\Phi + \sqrt{\Phi^2 - \lambda^2}} = \frac{1}{1,20 + \sqrt{1,20^2 - 1,05^2}} = 0,56$$

Oko osi z:

$$N_{cr} = \frac{\pi^2 * E * I}{l_{cr}^2} = \frac{\pi^2 * 21000 * 1673}{300^2} = 3852,76 \text{ kN}$$

$$\lambda = \sqrt{\frac{A * f_y}{N_{cr}}} = \sqrt{\frac{38,8 * 27,5}{3852,76}} = 0,53$$

$$\frac{h}{b} = \frac{152}{160} = 0,95 < 1,2 \rightarrow \alpha = c = 0,49$$

$$\Phi = 0,5 * [1 + \alpha * (\lambda - 0,2) + \lambda^2] = 0,5 * [1 + 0,49 * (0,53 - 0,2) + 0,53^2] = 0,72$$

$$\chi = \frac{1}{\Phi + \sqrt{\Phi^2 - \lambda^2}} = \frac{1}{0,72 + \sqrt{0,72^2 - 0,53^2}} = 0,83$$

$$N_{b,Rd} = \chi * \frac{A * f_y}{\gamma_{M1}} = 0,56 * \frac{38,8 * 27,5}{1} = 597,52 \text{ kN}$$

$N_{c,Ed} \leq N_{b,Rd}; 41,46 \text{ kN} < 597,52 \text{ kN}$ **ZADOVOLJAVA (9%)**

Otpornost elementa na bočno torzijsko izvijanje:

$$C_1 = 1,31$$

$$L_{cr} = 200 \text{ cm}$$

$$\begin{aligned} M_{cr} &= C_1 \cdot \frac{\pi^2 \cdot E \cdot I_z}{(k \cdot L_{cr})^2} \cdot \left[\sqrt{\left(\frac{k}{k_w}\right)^2 \frac{I_w}{I_z} + \frac{(k \cdot L)^2 \cdot G \cdot I_t}{\pi^2 \cdot E \cdot I_z}} \right] \\ &= 1,31 \cdot \frac{\pi^2 * 21000 * 615,5}{(1 * 200)^2} * \left[\sqrt{\left(\frac{1}{1}\right)^2 * \frac{31,41}{615,5} + \frac{(1 * 200)^2 * 8076 * 12,19}{\pi^2 * 21000 * 615,5}} \right] \end{aligned}$$

$$M_{cr} = 23231,30 \text{ kNm}$$

Vitkost:

$$\overline{\lambda_{LT}} = \sqrt{\frac{W_{pl,y} * f_y}{M_{cr}}} = \sqrt{\frac{245,2 * 27,5}{23231,30}} = 0,54$$

Mjerodavna linija izvijanja:

$$\frac{h}{b} = \frac{152}{160} = 0,95 < 2 \rightarrow \alpha_{LT} = a = 0,21$$

Koeficijent redukcije:

$$\begin{aligned}\Phi &= 0,5 * \left[1 + \alpha * (\overline{\lambda_{LT}} - 0,2) + \overline{\lambda_{LT}}^2 \right] = 0,5 * [1 + 0,21 * (0,54 - 0,2) + 0,54^2] \\ &= 0,68\end{aligned}$$

$$\chi_{LT} = \frac{1}{\Phi + \sqrt{\Phi^2 - \lambda^2}} = \frac{1}{0,68 + \sqrt{0,68^2 - 0,54^2}} = 0,91$$

$$M_{b,Rd} = \chi_{LT} * \frac{W_{pl,y} * f_y}{\gamma_{M1}} = 0,91 * \frac{245,2 * 275}{1} = 61361,3 \text{ kNm} = 613,6 \text{ kNm}$$

$$M_{y,Ed} \leq M_{b,Rd}$$

$23,03 \text{ kNm} < 613,6 \text{ kNm}$ **ZADOVOLJAVA (4%)**

Interakcija izvijanja i bočno-torzijskog izvijanja (N-M):

Uvjeti:

$$\frac{\frac{N_{Ed}}{N_{Rk}} + k_{yy} * \frac{M_{y,Ed}}{M_{y,Rk}}}{\chi_y * \frac{N_{Rk}}{\gamma_{M1}}} \leq 1$$

$$\frac{\frac{N_{Ed}}{N_{Rk}} + k_{zy} * \frac{M_{y,Ed}}{M_{y,Rk}}}{\chi_{LT} * \frac{N_{Rk}}{\gamma_{M1}}} \leq 1$$

$$N_{Rk} = A * f_y = 38,8 * 27,5 = 1067 \text{ kN}$$

$$M_{y,Rk} = W_{pl,y} * f_y = 245,2 * 27,5 = 6743 \text{ kNm} = 67,43 \text{ kNm}$$

Potrebne vrijednosti za daljnju interakciju:

$$\lambda_y = 1,05$$

$$\lambda_z = 0,53$$

$$\Phi_y = 1,20$$

$$\Phi_z = 0,72$$

$$\chi_y = 0,56$$

$$\chi_z = 0,83$$

$$C_{my} = 0,6 + 0,4 * 0,47 = 0,79$$

$$k_{yy} = C_{my} * \left[1 + (\overline{\lambda_Y} - 0,2) * \frac{N_{Ed}}{\phi_y * \frac{N_{Rk}}{\gamma_{M1}}} \right] \leq C_{my} * \left(1 + 0,8 * \frac{N_{Ed}}{\chi_y * \frac{N_{Rk}}{\gamma_{M1}}} \right)$$

$$k_{yy} = 0,79 * \left[1 + (1,05 - 0,2) * \frac{51,05}{1,20 * \frac{1067}{1,1}} \right] \leq 0,79 * \left(1 + 0,8 * \frac{51,05}{0,56 * \frac{1067}{1,1}} \right)$$

$$k_{yy} = 0,82 < 0,85$$

$$k_{zy} = 0,60 * 0,82 = 0,49$$

$$\frac{N_{Ed}}{\chi_y * \frac{N_{Rk}}{\gamma_{M1}}} + k_{yy} * \frac{M_{y,Ed}}{\chi_{LT} * \frac{M_{y,Rk}}{\gamma_{M1}}} \leq 1; \frac{41,46}{0,56 * \frac{1067}{1,1}} + 0,82 * \frac{23,03}{1 * \frac{67,43}{1,1}} \leq 1 ; 0,39 < 1$$

ZADOVOLJAVA (39%)

$$\frac{N_{Ed}}{\chi_z * \frac{N_{Rk}}{\gamma_{M1}}} + k_{zy} * \frac{M_{y,Ed}}{\chi_{LT} * \frac{M_{y,Rk}}{\gamma_{M1}}} \leq 1; \frac{41,46}{0,83 * \frac{1067}{1,1}} + 0,49 * \frac{23,03}{1 * \frac{67,43}{1,1}} \leq 1 ; 0,24 < 1$$

ZADOVOLJAVA (24%)

Provjera progiba:

Maksimalni progib od ukupnog djelovanja:

$$\delta_{inst,x} = 1,6 \text{ cm}$$

Dopušteni progib:

$$\delta_{max,inst,x} = \frac{600}{150} = 4 \text{ cm}$$

$$\delta_{inst,x} < \delta_{max,inst,x}; 1,6 \text{ cm} < 4,0 \text{ cm} \quad \mathbf{ZADOVOLJAVA}$$

Maksimalni progib od promjenjivog djelovanja:

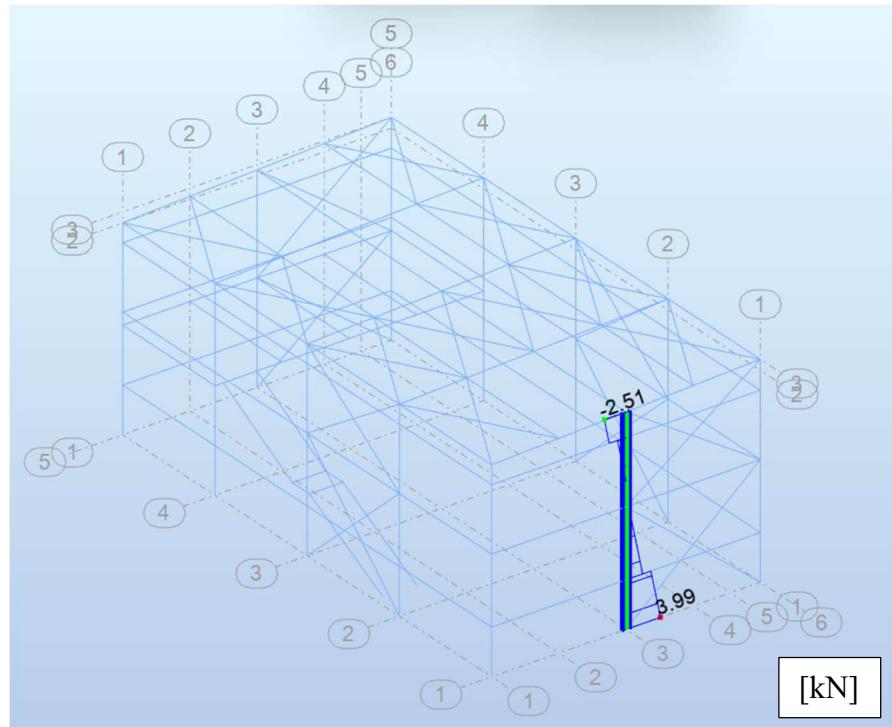
$$\delta_{inst,z} = 0,5 \text{ cm}$$

Dopušteni progib:

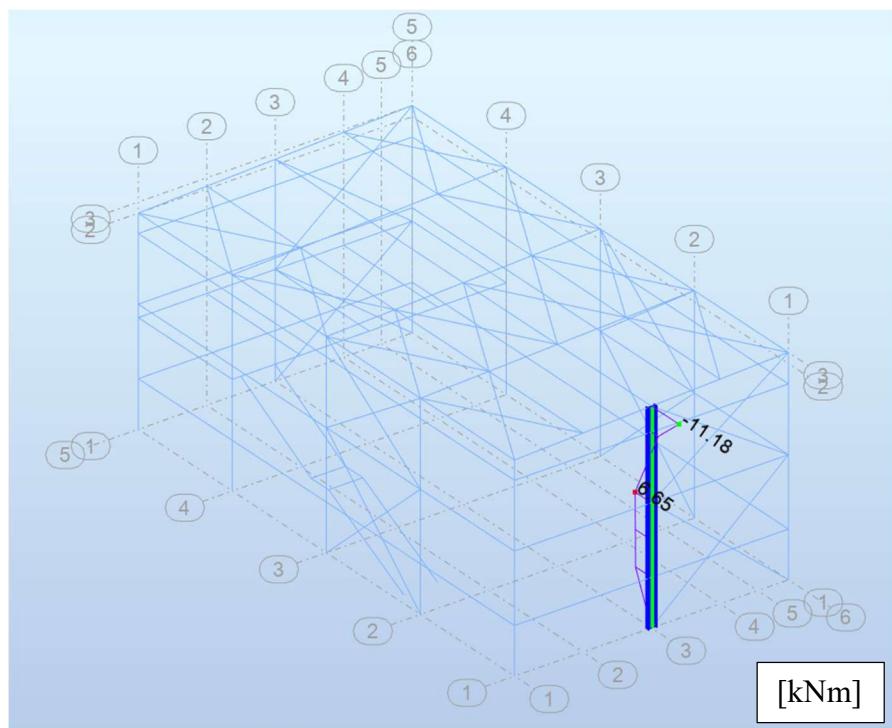
$$\delta_{max,inst,z} = \frac{375}{250} = 1,5 \text{ cm}$$

$$\delta_{inst,z} < \delta_{max,inst,z}; 0,50 \text{ cm} < 3,2 \text{ cm} \quad \mathbf{ZADOVOLJAVA}$$

8.4. Sekundarni stupovi POZ SS1



Slika 27: Mjerodavna vrijednost F_x za sekundarne stupove [izradio autor]



Slika 28: Mjerodavna vrijednost M_z za sekundarne stupove [izradio autor]

STEEL DESIGN

CODE: BS-EN 1993-1:2005/NA:2008/A1:2014, Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures.
ANALYSIS TYPE: Member Verification

CODE GROUP:

MEMBER: 112 sekundarni stup_112

POINT: 1

COORDINATE: x = 0.00 L = 0.00 m

LOADS:

Governing Load Case: 19 COMB12 (1+2)*1.35+4*0.75+7*1.50

MATERIAL:

S275 (S275) fy = 275.00 MPa



SECTION PARAMETERS: IPE 240

h=240 mm	gM0=1.00	gM1=1.00	
b=120 mm	Ay=2731 mm ²	Az=1914 mm ²	Ax=3912 mm ²
tw=6 mm	Iy=38916300 mm ⁴	Iz=2836340 mm ⁴	Ix=116000 mm ⁴
tf=10 mm	W _{pl,y} =366679 mm ³	W _{pl,z} =73927 mm ³	

INTERNAL FORCES AND CAPACITIES:

N _{Ed} = -2.51 kN	M _{y,Ed} = -0.13 kN*m	M _{z,Ed} = -11.18 kN*m	V _{y,Ed} = -12.13 kN
N _{t,Rd} = 1075.70 kN	M _{y,pl,Rd} = 100.84 kN*m	M _{z,pl,Rd} = 20.33 kN*m	V _{y,T,Rd} = 433.48 kN
	M _{y,c,Rd} = 100.84 kN*m	M _{z,c,Rd} = 20.33 kN*m	V _{z,Ed} = -0.64 kN
	M _{N,y,Rd} = 100.84 kN*m	M _{N,z,Rd} = 20.33 kN*m	V _{z,T,Rd} = 303.89 kN
	M _{b,Rd} = 45.66 kN*m		T _{t,Ed} = -0.00 kN*m
			Class of section = 1



LATERAL BUCKLING PARAMETERS:

z = 0.00	M _{cr} = 48.15 kN*m	Curve,LT - b	X _{LT} = 0.45
L _{cr,low} =5.96 m	Lam_LT = 1.45	f _{i,LT} = 1.46	X _{LT,mod} = 0.45

BUCKLING PARAMETERS:



About y axis:



About z axis:

VERIFICATION FORMULAS:

Section strength check:

$$N_{Ed}/N_{t,Rd} = 0.00 < 1.00 \quad (6.2.3.(1))$$

$$M_{y,Ed}/M_{N,y,Rd} = 0.00 < 1.00 \quad (6.2.9.1.(2))$$

$$M_{z,Ed}/M_{N,z,Rd} = 0.55 < 1.00 \quad (6.2.9.1.(2))$$

$$(M_{y,Ed}/M_{N,y,Rd})^2 + (M_{z,Ed}/M_{N,z,Rd})^2 = 0.55^2 < 1.00 \quad (6.2.9.1.(6))$$

$$V_{y,Ed}/V_{y,T,Rd} = 0.03 < 1.00 \quad (6.2.6-7)$$

$$V_{z,Ed}/V_{z,T,Rd} = 0.00 < 1.00 \quad (6.2.6-7)$$

$$\Tau_{ty,Ed}/(f_y/\sqrt{3} * gM0) = 0.00 < 1.00 \quad (6.2.6)$$

$$\Tau_{tz,Ed}/(f_y/\sqrt{3} * gM0) = 0.00 < 1.00 \quad (6.2.6)$$

Global stability check of member:

$My,Ed/Mb,Rd = 0.01 < 1.00$ (6.3.2.1.(1))

LIMIT DISPLACEMENTS



Deflections (LOCAL SYSTEM): Not analyzed



Displacements (GLOBAL SYSTEM):

$v_x = 12 \text{ mm} < v_x \text{ max} = L/150.00 = 40 \text{ mm}$ Verified

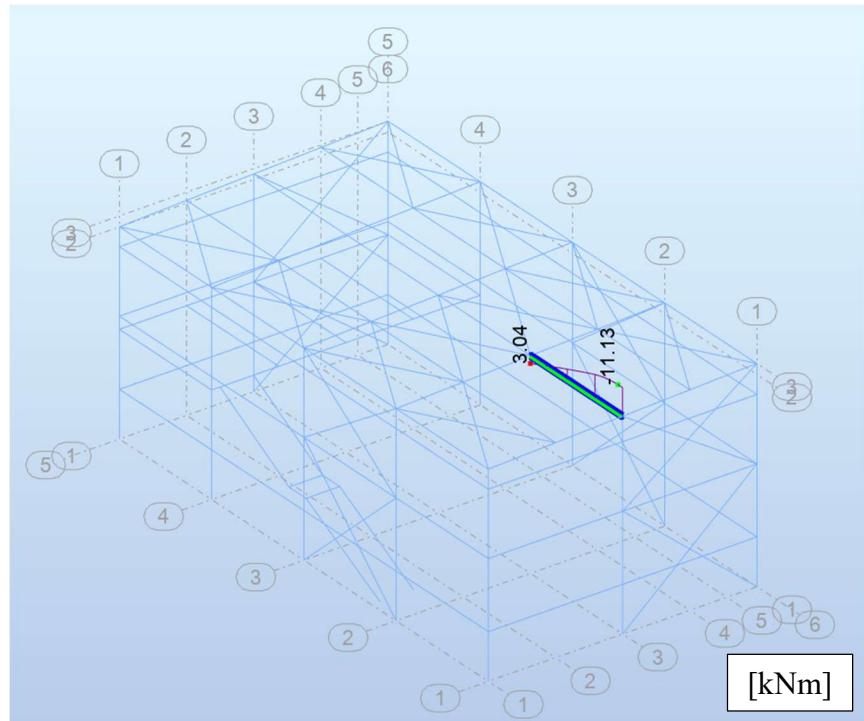
Governing Load Case: 34 COMB22 (1+2+5)*1.00+4*0.50

$v_y = 5 \text{ mm} < v_y \text{ max} = L/150.00 = 40 \text{ mm}$ Verified

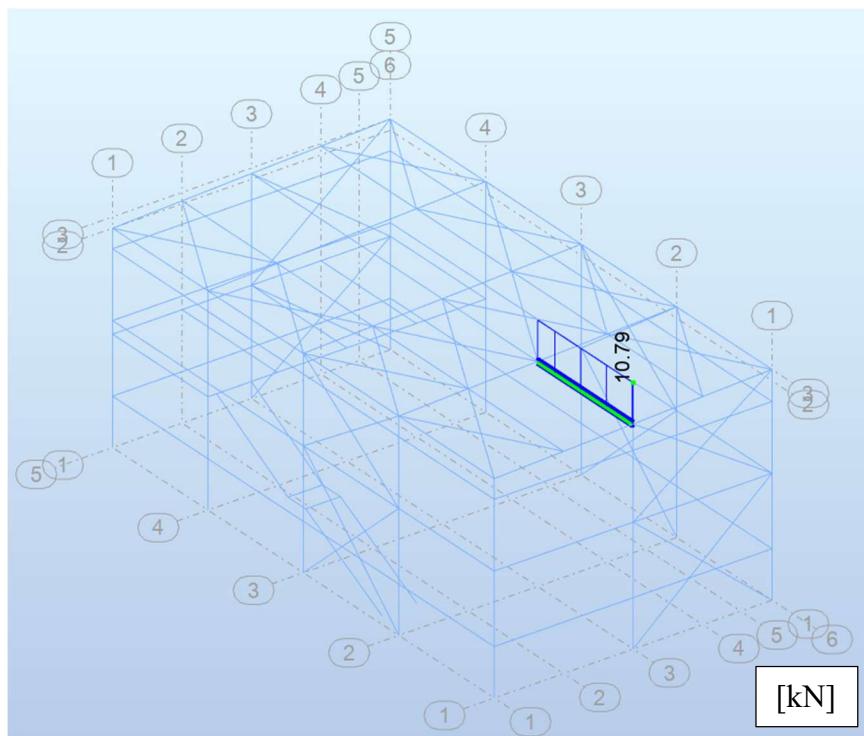
Governing Load Case: 7 WIND3

Section OK !!!

8.5. Podrožnice POZ P3



Slika 29: Vrijednost M_y za mjerodavni element [izradio autor]



Slika 30: Vrijednost F_x za mjerodavni element [izradio autor]

STEEL DESIGN

CODE: BS-EN 1993-1:2005/NA:2008/A1:2014, Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures.
ANALYSIS TYPE: Member Verification

CODE GROUP:

MEMBER: 48 podrožnice_48
POINT: 1
COORDINATE: x = 0.00 L
= 0.00 m

LOADS:

Governing Load Case: 19 COMB12 (1+2)*1.35+4*0.75+7*1.50

MATERIAL:

S275 (S275) fy = 275.00 MPa

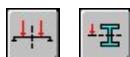


SECTION PARAMETERS: IPE 160

h=160 mm	gM0=1.00	gM1=1.00	Ax=2009 mm ²
b=82 mm	Ay=1373 mm ²	Az=966 mm ²	Ix=35300 mm ⁴
tw=5 mm	Iy=8692930 mm ⁴	Iz=683145 mm ⁴	
tf=7 mm	Wply=123868 mm ³	Wplz=26101 mm ³	

INTERNAL FORCES AND CAPACITIES:

N,Ed = 10.79 kN	My,Ed = -11.12 kN*m	Mz,Ed = 0.12 kN*m	Vy,Ed = 0.06 kN
Nc,Rd = 552.51 kN	My,Ed,max = -11.12 kN*m		Mz,Ed,max = 0.12
kN*m	Vy,T,Rd = 218.00 kN		
Nb,Rd = 85.08 kN	My,c,Rd = 34.06 kN*m	Mz,c,Rd = 7.18 kN*m	Vz,Ed = -0.38 kN
	MN,y,Rd = 34.06 kN*m	MN,z,Rd = 7.18 kN*m	Vz,T,Rd = 153.32 kN
	Mb,Rd = 18.29 kN*m		Tt,Ed = -0.00 kN*m
			Class of section = 1



LATERAL BUCKLING PARAMETERS:

z = 0.00	Mcr = 20.47 kN*m	Curve,LT - b	XLT = 0.53
Lcr,low=3.75 m	Lam_LT = 1.29	f _i ,LT = 1.28	XLT,mod = 0.54

BUCKLING PARAMETERS:



About y axis:

Ly = 3.75 m	Lam_y = 0.66
Lcr,y = 3.75 m	Xy = 0.86
Lamy = 57.01	kyy = 1.10



About z axis:

Lz = 3.75 m	Lam_z = 2.37
Lcr,z = 3.75 m	Xz = 0.15
Lamz = 203.37	kyz = 1.02

VERIFICATION FORMULAS:

Section strength check:

$$\begin{aligned} N,Ed/Nc,Rd &= 0.02 < 1.00 \quad (6.2.4.(1)) \\ My,Ed/MN,y,Rd &= 0.33 < 1.00 \quad (6.2.9.1.(2)) \\ Mz,Ed/MN,z,Rd &= 0.02 < 1.00 \quad (6.2.9.1.(2)) \\ (My,Ed/MN,y,Rd)^2 + (Mz,Ed/MN,z,Rd)^2 &= 0.12 < 1.00 \quad (6.2.9.1.(6)) \end{aligned}$$

$V_y,Ed/V_y,T,Rd = 0.00 < 1.00$ (6.2.6-7)
 $V_z,Ed/V_z,T,Rd = 0.00 < 1.00$ (6.2.6-7)
 $Tau,ty,Ed/(f_y/(sqrt(3)*gM0)) = 0.00 < 1.00$ (6.2.6)
 $Tau,tz,Ed/(f_y/(sqrt(3)*gM0)) = 0.00 < 1.00$ (6.2.6)

Global stability check of member:

$\Lambda_y = 57.01 < \Lambda_{max} = 210.00$ $\Lambda_z = 203.37 < \Lambda_{max} = 210.00$ STABLE
 $M_y,Ed,max/M_b,Rd = 0.61 < 1.00$ (6.3.2.1.(1))
 $N,Ed/(X_y*N,Rk/gM1) + k_{yy}*M_y,Ed,max/(XLT*M_y,Rk/gM1) + k_{yz}*M_z,Ed,max/(M_z,Rk/gM1) = 0.71 < 1.00$ (6.3.3.(4))
 $N,Ed/(X_z*N,Rk/gM1) + k_{zy}*M_y,Ed,max/(XLT*M_y,Rk/gM1) + k_{zz}*M_z,Ed,max/(M_z,Rk/gM1) = 0.49 < 1.00$ (6.3.3.(4))

LIMIT DISPLACEMENTS



Deflections (LOCAL SYSTEM):

$u_y = 1 \text{ mm} < u_y \text{ max} = L/200.00 = 19 \text{ mm}$ Verified

Governing Load Case: 34 COMB22 (1+2+5)*1.00+4*0.50

$u_z = 5 \text{ mm} < u_z \text{ max} = L/200.00 = 19 \text{ mm}$ Verified

Governing Load Case: 8 WIND4

$u_{inst,y} = 0 \text{ mm} < u_{inst,max,y} = L/250.00 = 15 \text{ mm}$ Verified

Governing Load Case: 0.5*4 + 1*5

$u_{inst,z} = 5 \text{ mm} < u_{inst,max,z} = L/250.00 = 15 \text{ mm}$ Verified

Governing Load Case: 1*8



Displacements (GLOBAL SYSTEM): Not analyzed

Section OK !!!

Profil: IPE 160

Materijal: S275

$$N_{c,Ed} = 10,79 \text{ kN}$$

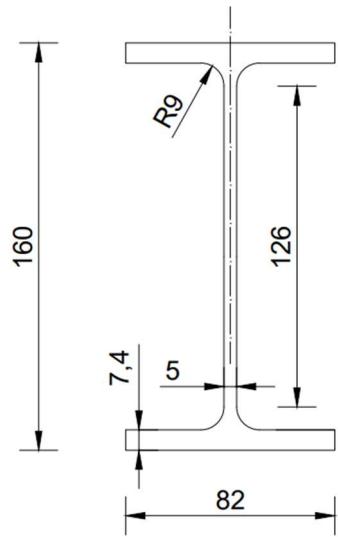
$$V_{z,Ed} = 0,38 \text{ kN}$$

$$M_{y,Ed} = 11,12 \text{ kNm}$$

$$M_{z,Ed} = 0,12 \text{ kNm}$$

Tablica 14: Karakteristike profila IPE 160 [izradio autor]

Profil	G	A	h	b	tw	tf	r	I_t	$I_w * 10^{-3}$
	kg/m	cm ²	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	cm ⁴	cm ⁶
IPE 160	15,8	20,09	160	82	5	7,4	9	3,60	3,96



Slika 31: Prikaz profila IPE 160 [izradio autor]

Klasifikacija poprečnog presjeka:

HRBAT

$$\frac{c}{t} = \frac{d}{t_w} = \frac{h - 2t_f - 2r}{t_w} = \frac{160 - 2 \cdot 7,4 - 2 \cdot 9}{5,0} = 25,44$$

$$a = \frac{N_{Ed}}{2 * t_w * \frac{f_y}{\gamma_m 0}} = \frac{10,79}{2 * 0,5 * \frac{27,5}{1}} = 0,39$$

$$\alpha = \frac{1}{d} * \left(\frac{d}{2} + a \right) = \frac{1}{12,6} * \left(\frac{12,6}{2} + 0,39 \right) = 0,53; \alpha > 0,5$$

$$\frac{c}{t} \leq \frac{396 \varepsilon}{13 \alpha - 1}; 25,44 < 61,85$$

Hrbat je klasa 1.

POJASNICA

$$\frac{c}{t} = \frac{c}{t_f} = \left(\frac{\frac{b}{2} - \frac{t_w}{2} - r}{t_f} \right) = \frac{\frac{82}{2} - \frac{5}{2} - 9}{7,4} = 3,99$$

$$\frac{c}{t} \leq 9\varepsilon; 3,99 < 8,28$$

Pojasnica je klasa 1.

Poprečni presjek je **KLASA 1.**

Otpornost poprečnog presjeka na tlačnu silu:

$$N_{c,Rd} = \frac{A * f_y}{\gamma_{m0}} = \frac{20,09 * 27,5}{1} = 552,48 \text{ kN}$$

$$N_{c,Ed} < N_{c,Rd}; 10,79 \text{ kN} < 552,48 \text{ kN} \text{ ZADOVOLJAVA (2%)}$$

Otpornost poprečnog presjeka na savijanje:

$$M_{c,Rd} = \frac{W_{pl,y} \cdot f_y}{\gamma_{M0}} = \frac{123,9 * 27,5}{1} = 34,07 \text{ kNm}$$

$$M_{y,Ed} < M_{c,Rd}; 11,12 \text{ kNm} < 34,07 \text{ kNm} \text{ ZADOVOLJAVA (33%)}$$

Otpornost poprečnog presjeka na posmik:

Provjera izbočivanja hrpta na posmik

$$\frac{h_w}{t_w} \leq 72 \frac{\varepsilon}{\eta}$$

$$\frac{h_w}{t_w} \leq \frac{h - 2t_f}{t_w} = \frac{160 - 2 * 7,4}{5,0} = 29,04$$

$$29,04 \leq 72 * \frac{0,92}{1,2} = 79,49 \text{ Ne treba provjera izbočavanja hrpta na posmik}$$

Posmična otpornost:

$$V_{pl,rd} = \frac{A_{v,z} * \frac{f_y}{\sqrt{3}}}{\gamma_{m0}} = \frac{9,66 * \frac{27,5}{\sqrt{3}}}{1,0} = 153,37 \text{ kN}$$

$V_{z,Ed} \leq V_{pl,Rd}; 0,38 \text{ kN} \leq 153,37 \text{ kN}$ **ZADOVOLJAVA** (1%)

Interakcija M-N:

$$N_{Ed} \leq 0,25 N_{c,Rd}$$

$10,79 < 0,25 * 552,48 = 138,12 \text{ kN}$ **ZADOVOLJAVA** (8%)

$$N_{Ed} \leq \frac{0,5 * h_w * t_w * f_y}{\gamma_{m0}} = \frac{0,5 * 14,5 * 0,5 * 27,5}{1} = 99,68 \text{ kN}$$

$10,79 \text{ kN} < 99,68 \text{ kN}$ **ZADOVOLJAVA** (11%)

Uzdužna sila ima nisku razinu utjecaja na otpornost presjeka na savijanje

$$M_{y,Ed} \leq M_{V,N,y,Rd} = M_{c,Rd}$$

$11,12 \text{ kNm} < 34,07 \text{ kNm}$ **ZADOVOLJAVA** (33%)

Interakcija M-V:

$$V_{z,Ed} \leq 0,5 V_{pl,Rd}$$

$0,38 \text{ kN} < 0,5 * 153,37 = 76,69 \text{ kN}$

Ne trebamo redukciju plastične otpornosti na savijanje

$$M_{y,Ed} \leq M_{y,V,Rd}$$

$11,12 \text{ kNm} < 34,07 \text{ kNm}$ **ZADOVOLJAVA** (33%)

Otpornost elemenata na izvijanje:

$$N_{b,Rd} = \chi * \frac{A * f_y}{\gamma_{M1}}$$

Oko osi y:

$$N_{cr} = \frac{\pi^2 * E * I}{l_{cr}^2} = \frac{\pi^2 * 21000 * 869,3}{375^2} = 1281,23 \text{ kN}$$

$$\lambda = \sqrt{\frac{A * f_y}{N_{cr}}} = \sqrt{\frac{20,09 * 27,5}{1281,23}} = 0,66$$

$$\frac{h}{b} = \frac{160}{82} = 1,95 > 1,2 \rightarrow \alpha = b = 0,34$$

$$\Phi = 0,5 * [1 + \alpha * (\lambda - 0,2) + \lambda^2] = 0,5 * [1 + 0,34 * (0,66 - 0,2) + 0,66^2] = 0,80$$

$$\chi = \frac{1}{\Phi + \sqrt{\Phi^2 - \lambda^2}} = \frac{1}{0,80 + \sqrt{0,80^2 - 0,66^2}} = 0,80$$

Oko osi z:

$$N_{cr} = \frac{\pi^2 * E * I}{l_{cr}^2} = \frac{\pi^2 * 21000 * 68,31}{93,72^2} = 1611,90 \text{ kN}$$

$$\lambda = \sqrt{\frac{A * f_y}{N_{cr}}} = \sqrt{\frac{20,09 * 27,5}{1611,90}} = 0,59$$

$$\frac{h}{b} = \frac{160}{82} = 1,95 > 1,2 \rightarrow \alpha = c = 0,49$$

$$\Phi = 0,5 * [1 + \alpha * (\lambda - 0,2) + \lambda^2] = 0,5 * [1 + 0,49 * (0,59 - 0,2) + 0,59^2] = 0,77$$

$$\chi = \frac{1}{\Phi + \sqrt{\Phi^2 - \lambda^2}} = \frac{1}{0,77 + \sqrt{0,77^2 - 0,59^2}} = 0,79$$

$$N_{b,Rd} = \chi * \frac{A * f_y}{\gamma_{M1}} = 0,79 * \frac{20,09 * 27,5}{1} = 436,46 \text{ kN}$$

$$N_{c,Ed} \leq N_{b,Rd}; 10,79 \text{ kN} < 436,46 \text{ kN} \text{ ZADOVOLJAVA (3%)}$$

Otpornost elementa na bočno torzijsko izvijanje:

$$C_1 = 2,05$$

$$L_{cr} = 93,75 \text{ cm}$$

$$\begin{aligned} M_{cr} &= C_1 \cdot \frac{\pi^2 \cdot E \cdot I_z}{(k \cdot L_{cr})^2} \cdot \left[\sqrt{\left(\frac{k}{k_w}\right)^2 \frac{I_w}{I_z} + \frac{(k \cdot L)^2 \cdot G \cdot I_t}{\pi^2 \cdot E \cdot I_z}} \right] \\ &= 2,05 \cdot \frac{\pi^2 * 21000 * 68,31}{(1 * 93,75)^2} \cdot \left[\sqrt{\left(\frac{1}{1}\right)^2 * \frac{3,96}{68,31} + \frac{(1 * 93,75)^2 * 8076 * 3,60}{\pi^2 * 21000 * 68,31}} \right] \end{aligned}$$

$$M_{cr} = 14051,74 \text{ kNm}$$

Vitkost:

$$\overline{\lambda_{LT}} = \sqrt{\frac{W_{pl,y} * f_y}{M_{cr}}} = \sqrt{\frac{123,9 * 27,5}{14051,74}} = 0,49$$

Mjerodavna linija izvijanja:

$$\frac{h}{b} = \frac{160}{82} = 1,95 < 2 \rightarrow \alpha_{LT} = a = 0,21$$

Koeficijent redukcije:

$$\begin{aligned} \Phi &= 0,5 * \left[1 + \alpha * (\overline{\lambda_{LT}} - 0,2) + \overline{\lambda_{LT}}^2 \right] = 0,5 * [1 + 0,21 * (0,49 - 0,2) + 0,49^2] \\ &= 0,65 \end{aligned}$$

$$\chi_{LT} = \frac{1}{\Phi + \sqrt{\Phi^2 - \lambda^2}} = \frac{1}{0,65 + \sqrt{0,65^2 - 0,49^2}} = 0,93$$

$$M_{b,Rd} = \chi_{LT} * \frac{W_{pl,y} * f_y}{\gamma_{M1}} = 0,93 * \frac{123,9 * 27,5}{1} = 31687,43 \text{ kNm} = 31,69 \text{ kNm}$$

$$M_{y,Ed} \leq M_{b,Rd}$$

$$11,12 \text{ kNm} < 31,69 \text{ kNm} \text{ ZADOVOLJAVA (35%)}$$

Interakcija izvijanja i bočno-torzijskog izvijanja (N-M):

Uvjeti:

$$\frac{N_{Ed}}{\chi_y * \frac{N_{Rk}}{\gamma_{M1}}} + k_{yy} * \frac{M_{y,Ed}}{\chi_{LT} * \frac{M_{y,Rk}}{\gamma_{M1}}} \leq 1$$

$$\frac{N_{Ed}}{\chi_z * \frac{N_{Rk}}{\gamma_{M1}}} + k_{zy} * \frac{M_{y,Ed}}{\chi_{LT} * \frac{M_{y,Rk}}{\gamma_{M1}}} \leq 1$$

$$N_{Rk} = A * f_y = 20,09 * 27,5 = 552,48 \text{ kN}$$

$$M_{y,Rk} = W_{pl,y} * f_y = 123,9 * 27,5 = 3407,25 \text{ kNm} = 34,07 \text{ kNm}$$

Potrebne vrijednosti za daljnju interakciju:

$$\lambda_y = 0,66$$

$$\lambda_z = 0,59$$

$$\Phi_y = 0,80$$

$$\Phi_z = 0,77$$

$$\chi_y = 0,80$$

$$\chi_z = 0,79$$

$$C_{my} = 0,6 + 0,4 * 0,27 = 0,71$$

$$k_{yy} = C_{my} * \left[1 + (\bar{\lambda}_y - 0,2) * \frac{N_{Ed}}{\phi_y * \frac{N_{Rk}}{\gamma_{M1}}} \right] \leq C_{my} * \left(1 + 0,8 * \frac{N_{Ed}}{\chi_y * \frac{N_{Rk}}{\gamma_{M1}}} \right)$$

$$k_{yy} = 0,71 * \left[1 + (0,66 - 0,2) * \frac{10,79}{0,80 * \frac{552,48}{1,1}} \right] \leq 0,71 * \left(1 + 0,8 * \frac{10,79}{0,80 * \frac{552,48}{1,1}} \right)$$

$$k_{yy} = 0,72 < 0,73$$

$$k_{zy} = 0,60 * 0,73 = 0,44$$

$$\frac{N_{Ed}}{\chi_y * \frac{N_{Rk}}{\gamma_{M1}}} + k_{yy} * \frac{M_{y,Ed}}{\chi_{LT} * \frac{M_{y,Rk}}{\gamma_{M1}}} \leq 1; \frac{10,79}{0,80 * \frac{552,48}{1,1}} + 0,72 * \frac{11,12}{1 * \frac{34,07}{1,1}} \leq 1 ; 0,29 < 1$$

ZADOVOLJAVA (29%)

$$\frac{N_{Ed}}{\chi_z * \frac{N_{Rk}}{\gamma_{M1}}} + k_{zy} * \frac{M_{y,Ed}}{\chi_{LT} * \frac{M_{y,Rk}}{\gamma_{M1}}} \leq 1; \frac{10,79}{0,79 * \frac{552,48}{1,1}} + 0,44 * \frac{11,12}{1 * \frac{34,07}{1,1}} \leq 1 ; 0,19 < 1$$

ZADOVOLJAVA (19%)

Provjera progiba:

Maksimalni progib od ukupnog djelovanja:

$$\delta_{inst,z} = 0,7 \text{ cm}$$

Dopušteni progib:

$$\delta_{max,inst,z} = \frac{375}{200} = 1,9 \text{ cm}$$

$$\delta_{inst,z} < \delta_{max,inst,z}; 0,7 \text{ cm} < 1,9 \text{ cm} \quad \textbf{ZADOVOLJAVA}$$

Maksimalni progib od promjenjivog djelovanja:

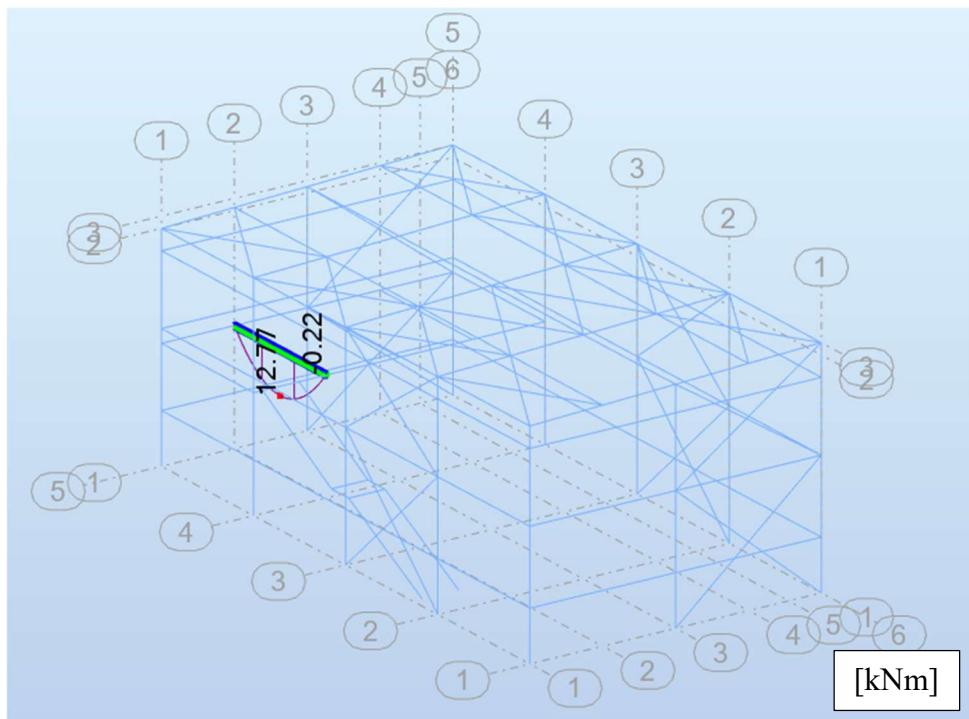
$$\delta_{inst,z} = 0,5 \text{ cm}$$

Dopušteni progib:

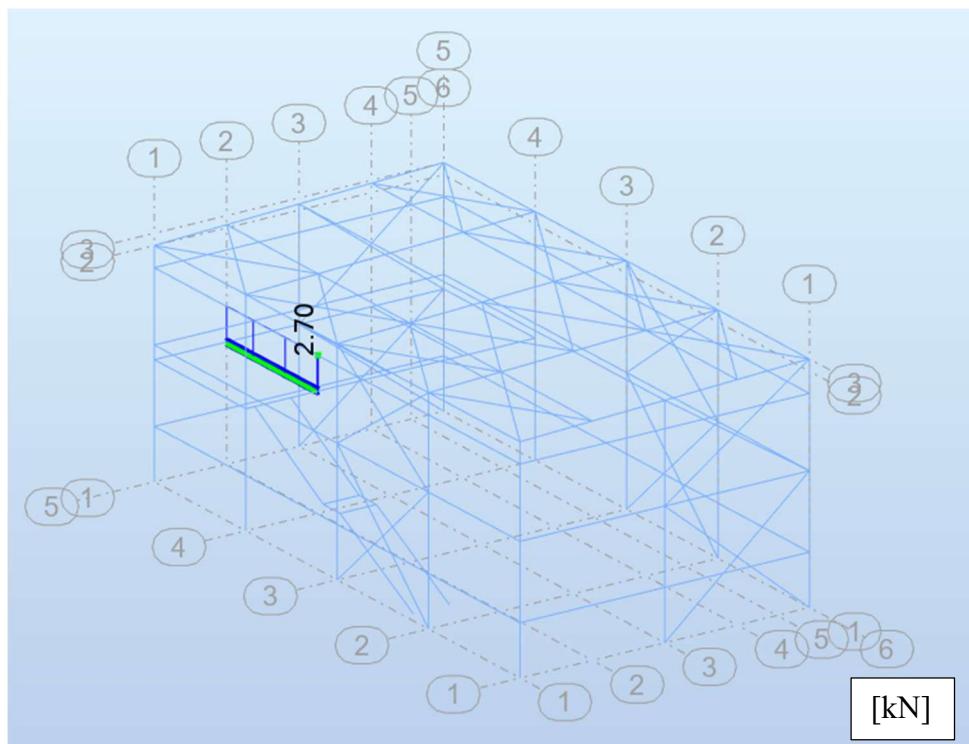
$$\delta_{max,inst,z} = \frac{375}{250} = 1,5 \text{ cm}$$

$$\delta_{inst,z} < \delta_{max,inst,z}; 0,50 \text{ cm} < 1,5 \text{ cm} \quad \textbf{ZADOVOLJAVA}$$

8.6. Sekundarni nosači galerije POZ SG2



Slika 32: Mjerodavna vrijednost My za sekundarni nosač galerije [izradio autor]



Slika 33: Mjerodavna vrijednost F_x za sekundarni nosač galerije [izradio autor]

STEEL DESIGN

CODE: BS-EN 1993-1:2005/NA:2008/A1:2014, Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures.
ANALYSIS TYPE: Member Verification

CODE GROUP:

MEMBER: 211 sekundarni nosači_211

POINT: 2

COORDINATE: x = 0.50 L = 1.88 m

LOADS:

Governing Load Case: 25 COMB28 3*1.50+2*1.35

MATERIAL:

S275 (S275) fy = 275.00 MPa

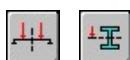


SECTION PARAMETERS: IPE 160

h=160 mm	gM0=1.00	gM1=1.00	Ax=2009 mm ²
b=82 mm	Ay=1373 mm ²	Az=966 mm ²	Vy,T,Rd = 217.24 kN
tw=5 mm	Iy=8692930 mm ⁴	Iz=683145 mm ⁴	Vz,Ed = 0.04 kN
tf=7 mm	Wply=123868 mm ³	Wplz=26101 mm ³	Vz,T,Rd = 152.96 kN

INTERNAL FORCES AND CAPACITIES:

N,Ed = 2.70 kN	My,Ed = 12.77 kN*m	Mz,Ed = -0.02 kN*m	Vy,Ed = 0.11 kN
Nc,Rd = 552.51 kN	My,Ed,max = 12.77 kN*m	Mz,Ed,max = -0.22 kN*m	Vy,T,Rd = 217.24 kN
Nb,Rd = 85.08 kN	My,c,Rd = 34.06 kN*m	Mz,c,Rd = 7.18 kN*m	Vz,Ed = 0.04 kN
	MN,y,Rd = 34.06 kN*m	MN,z,Rd = 7.18 kN*m	Vz,T,Rd = 152.96 kN
	Mb,Rd = 33.90 kN*m		Tt,Ed = 0.01 kN*m
			Class of section = 1



LATERAL BUCKLING PARAMETERS:

z = 0.00	Mcr = 154.42 kN*m	Curve,LT - b	XLT = 0.97
Lcr,upp=0.94 m	Lam_LT = 0.47	f _i ,LT = 0.59	XLT,mod = 1.00

BUCKLING PARAMETERS:



About y axis:

Ly = 3.75 m	Lam_y = 0.66
Lcr,y = 3.75 m	Xy = 0.86
Lamy = 57.01	kyy = 1.02



About z axis:

Lz = 3.75 m	Lam_z = 2.37
Lcr,z = 3.75 m	Xz = 0.15
Lamz = 203.37	kyz = 0.73

VERIFICATION FORMULAS:

Section strength check:

$$\begin{aligned} N,Ed/Nc,Rd &= 0.00 < 1.00 \quad (6.2.4.(1)) \\ My,Ed/MN,y,Rd &= 0.37 < 1.00 \quad (6.2.9.1.(2)) \\ Mz,Ed/MN,z,Rd &= 0.00 < 1.00 \quad (6.2.9.1.(2)) \\ (My,Ed/MN,y,Rd)^2.00 + (Mz,Ed/MN,z,Rd)^1.00 &= 0.14 < 1.00 \quad (6.2.9.1.(6)) \\ Vy,Ed/Vy,T,Rd &= 0.00 < 1.00 \quad (6.2.6-7) \end{aligned}$$

$V_z, Ed / V_z, T, Rd = 0.00 < 1.00$ (6.2.6-7)
 $Tau, ty, Ed / (f_y / (\sqrt{3} * gM_0)) = 0.01 < 1.00$ (6.2.6)
 $Tau, tz, Ed / (f_y / (\sqrt{3} * gM_0)) = 0.01 < 1.00$ (6.2.6)

Global stability check of member:

$\Lambda_{y, Ed} = 57.01 < \Lambda_{y, max} = 210.00$ $\Lambda_{z, Ed} = 203.37 < \Lambda_{z, max} = 210.00$ STABLE
 $M_{y, Ed, max} / M_b, Rd = 0.38 < 1.00$ (6.3.2.1.(1))
 $N, Ed / (X_y * N, R_k / gM_1) + k_{yy} * M_{y, Ed, max} / (X_L * M_y, R_k / gM_1) + k_{yz} * M_{z, Ed, max} / (M_z, R_k / gM_1) = 0.41 < 1.00$ (6.3.3.(4))
 $N, Ed / (X_z * N, R_k / gM_1) + k_{zy} * M_{y, Ed, max} / (X_L * M_y, R_k / gM_1) + k_{zz} * M_{z, Ed, max} / (M_z, R_k / gM_1) = 0.26 < 1.00$ (6.3.3.(4))

LIMIT DISPLACEMENTS



Deflections (LOCAL SYSTEM):

$u_y = 1 \text{ mm} < u_y \text{ max} = L/200.00 = 19 \text{ mm}$ Verified

Governing Load Case: 37 COMB25 (1+2+8)*1.00+4*0.50

$u_z = 6 \text{ mm} < u_z \text{ max} = L/200.00 = 19 \text{ mm}$ Verified

Governing Load Case: 3 LL1

$u_{inst,y} = 1 \text{ mm} < u_{inst,max,y} = L/250.00 = 15 \text{ mm}$ Verified

Governing Load Case: 0.5*4 + 1*8

$u_{inst,z} = 0 \text{ mm} < u_{inst,max,z} = L/250.00 = 15 \text{ mm}$ Verified

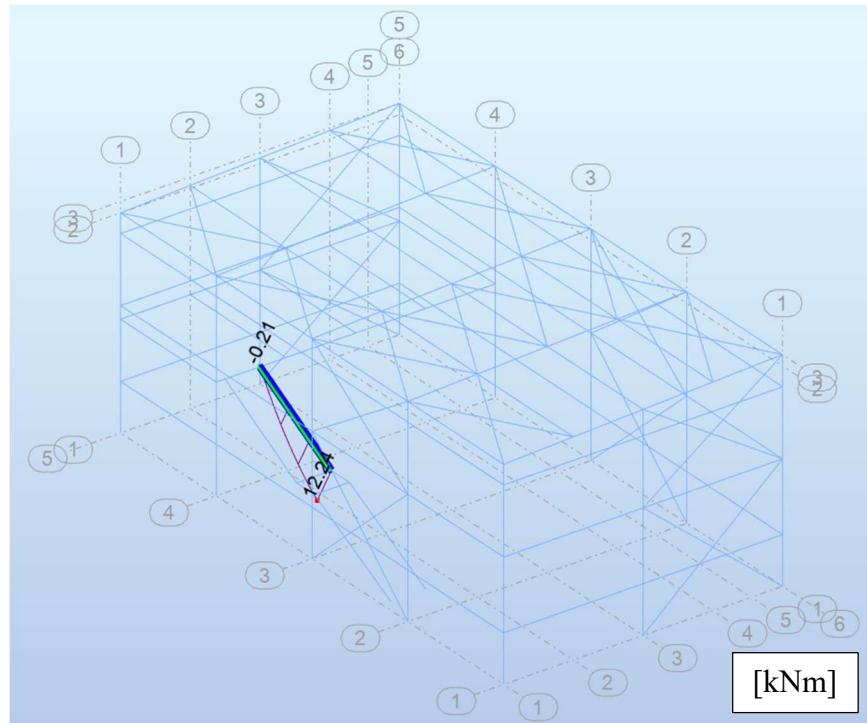
Governing Load Case: 1*5



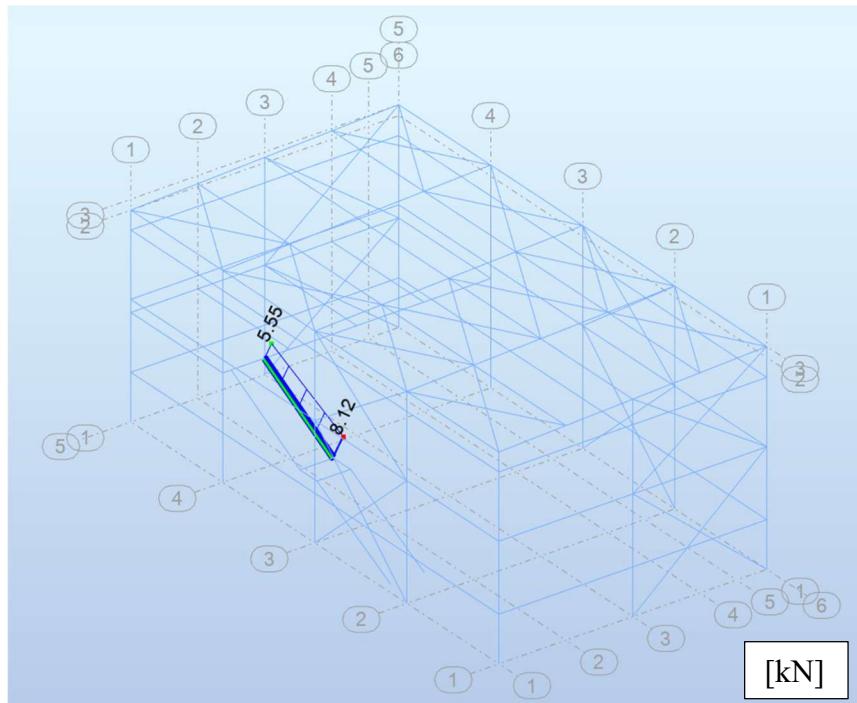
Displacements (GLOBAL SYSTEM): Not analyzed

Section OK !!!

8.7. Tetive stubišta POZ T4



Slika 34: Mjerodavna vrijednost M_y za tetine stubišta [izradio autor]



Slika 35: Mjerodavna vrijednost F_x za tetine stubišta [izradio autor]

STEEL DESIGN

CODE: BS-EN 1993-1:2005/NA:2008/A1:2014, Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures.
ANALYSIS TYPE: Member Verification

CODE GROUP:

MEMBER: 215 tetic_215
 $= 0.00 \text{ m}$

POINT: 1

COORDINATE: $x = 0.00 \text{ L}$

LOADS:

Governing Load Case: 40 COMB28 1*1.35+3*1.50

MATERIAL:

S275 (S275) $f_y = 275.00 \text{ MPa}$

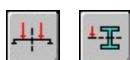


SECTION PARAMETERS: IPE 160

$h=160 \text{ mm}$	$gM0=1.00$	$gM1=1.00$	
$b=82 \text{ mm}$	$Ay=1373 \text{ mm}^2$	$Az=966 \text{ mm}^2$	$Ax=2009 \text{ mm}^2$
$tw=5 \text{ mm}$	$Iy=8692930 \text{ mm}^4$	$Iz=683145 \text{ mm}^4$	$Ix=35300 \text{ mm}^4$
$tf=7 \text{ mm}$	$W_{pl,y}=123868 \text{ mm}^3$	$W_{pl,z}=26101 \text{ mm}^3$	

INTERNAL FORCES AND CAPACITIES:

$N,Ed = 8.12 \text{ kN}$	$My,Ed = 12.24 \text{ kN*m}$	$Mz,Ed = -0.12 \text{ kN*m}$	$Vy,Ed = -0.11 \text{ kN}$
$Nc,Rd = 552.51 \text{ kN}$	$My,Ed,max = 12.24 \text{ kN*m}$	$Mz,Ed,max = 0.25 \text{ kN*m}$	$Vy,T,Rd = 217.85 \text{ kN}$
$Nb,Rd = 114.88 \text{ kN}$	$My,c,Rd = 34.06 \text{ kN*m}$	$Mz,c,Rd = 7.18 \text{ kN*m}$	$Vz,Ed = -1.53 \text{ kN}$
	$MN,y,Rd = 34.06 \text{ kN*m}$	$MN,z,Rd = 7.18 \text{ kN*m}$	$Vz,T,Rd = 153.25 \text{ kN}$
	$Mb,Rd = 34.06 \text{ kN*m}$		$Tt,Ed = -0.00 \text{ kN*m}$
			Class of section = 1



LATERAL BUCKLING PARAMETERS:

$z = 0.00$	$M_{cr} = 208.01 \text{ kN*m}$	Curve,LT - b	$X_{LT} = 1.00$
$L_{cr,upp}=0.79 \text{ m}$	$\lambda_{LT} = 0.40$	$f_{i,LT} = 0.56$	$X_{LT,mod} = 1.00$

BUCKLING PARAMETERS:



About y axis:

$L_y = 3.18 \text{ m}$	$\lambda_{y,LT} = 0.56$
$L_{cr,y} = 3.18 \text{ m}$	$X_y = 0.90$
$\lambda_{my} = 48.29$	$k_{yy} = 1.02$



About z axis:

$L_z = 3.18 \text{ m}$	$\lambda_{z,LT} = 2.01$
$L_{cr,z} = 3.18 \text{ m}$	$X_z = 0.21$
$\lambda_{mz} = 172.26$	$k_{yz} = 0.76$

VERIFICATION FORMULAS:

Section strength check:

$$\begin{aligned} N,Ed/Nc,Rd &= 0.01 < 1.00 \quad (6.2.4.(1)) \\ My,Ed/MN,y,Rd &= 0.36 < 1.00 \quad (6.2.9.1.(2)) \\ Mz,Ed/MN,z,Rd &= 0.02 < 1.00 \quad (6.2.9.1.(2)) \\ (My,Ed/MN,y,Rd)^2.00 + (Mz,Ed/MN,z,Rd)^1.00 &= 0.15 < 1.00 \quad (6.2.9.1.(6)) \\ Vy,Ed/Vy,T,Rd &= 0.00 < 1.00 \quad (6.2.6-7) \end{aligned}$$

$V_z,Ed/V_z,T,Rd = 0.01 < 1.00$ (6.2.6-7)
 $Tau,ty,Ed/(f_y/(sqrt(3)*gM0)) = 0.00 < 1.00$ (6.2.6)
 $Tau,tz,Ed/(f_y/(sqrt(3)*gM0)) = 0.00 < 1.00$ (6.2.6)

Global stability check of member:

$\Lambda_{y,Ed} = 48.29 < \Lambda_{y,max} = 210.00$ $\Lambda_{z,Ed} = 172.26 < \Lambda_{z,max} = 210.00$ STABLE
 $M_{y,Ed,max}/M_{b,Rd} = 0.36 < 1.00$ (6.3.2.1.(1))
 $N_{Ed}/(X_y*N_{Rk/gM1}) + k_{yy}*M_{y,Ed,max}/(XLT*M_{y,Rk/gM1}) + k_{yz}*M_{z,Ed,max}/(M_{z,Rk/gM1}) = 0.41 < 1.00$ (6.3.3.(4))
 $N_{Ed}/(X_z*N_{Rk/gM1}) + k_{zy}*M_{y,Ed,max}/(XLT*M_{y,Rk/gM1}) + k_{zz}*M_{z,Ed,max}/(M_{z,Rk/gM1}) = 0.30 < 1.00$ (6.3.3.(4))

LIMIT DISPLACEMENTS



Deflections (LOCAL SYSTEM):

$u_y = 1 \text{ mm} < u_y \text{ max} = L/200.00 = 16 \text{ mm}$ Verified

Governing Load Case: 5 WIND1

$u_z = 3 \text{ mm} < u_z \text{ max} = L/200.00 = 16 \text{ mm}$ Verified

Governing Load Case: 3 LL1

$u_{inst,y} = 1 \text{ mm} < u_{inst,max,y} = L/250.00 = 13 \text{ mm}$ Verified

Governing Load Case: 0.5*4 + 1*5

$u_{inst,z} = 1 \text{ mm} < u_{inst,max,z} = L/250.00 = 13 \text{ mm}$ Verified

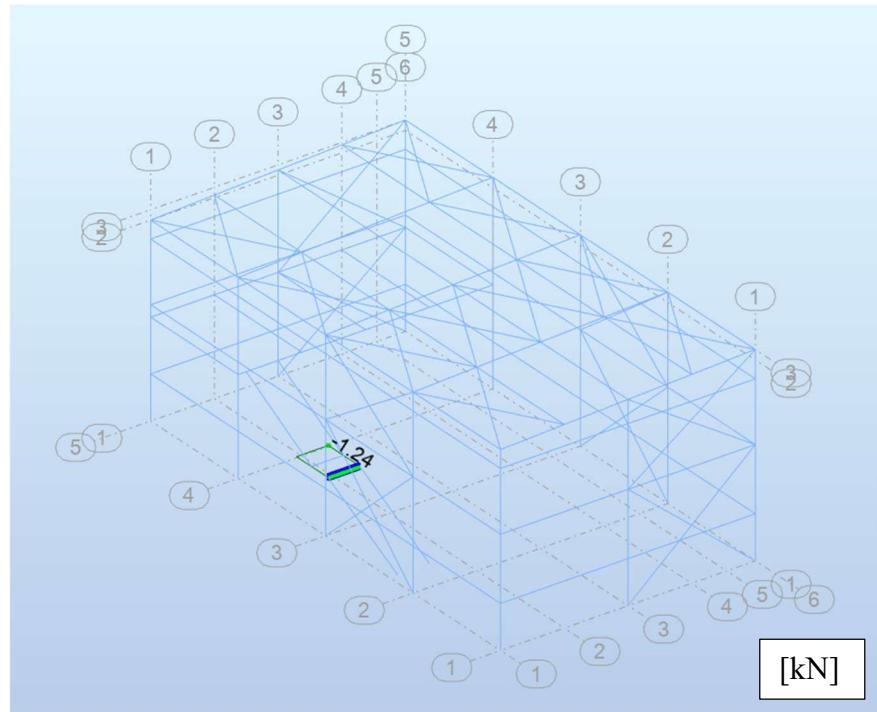
Governing Load Case: 0.5*4 + 1*5



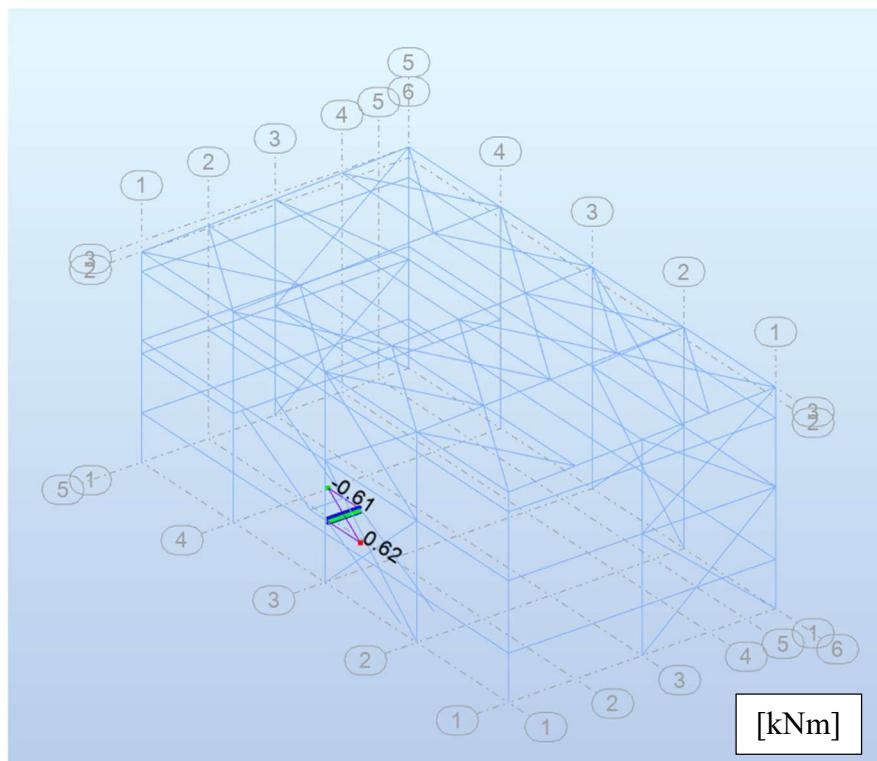
Displacements (GLOBAL SYSTEM): Not analyzed

Section OK !!!

8.8. Sekundarni nosači stubišta POZ TS1



Slika 36: Mjerodavna vrijednost Fy sekundarnog nosača stubišta [izradio autor]



Slika 37: Mjerodavna vrijednost Mz za sekundarni nosač stubišta [izradio autor]

STEEL DESIGN

CODE: BS-EN 1993-1:2005/NA:2008/A1:2014, Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures.
ANALYSIS TYPE: Member Verification

CODE GROUP:

MEMBER: 163 sekundarni nosači_163

POINT: 1

COORDINATE: x = 0.00 L = 0.00 m

LOADS:

Governing Load Case: 17 COMB10 (1+2)*1.35+4*0.75+5*1.50

MATERIAL:

S275 (S275) fy = 275.00 MPa



SECTION PARAMETERS: IPE 160

h=160 mm	gM0=1.00	gM1=1.00	Ax=2009 mm ²
b=82 mm	Ay=1373 mm ²	Az=966 mm ²	
tw=5 mm	Iy=8692930 mm ⁴	Iz=683145 mm ⁴	Ix=35300 mm ⁴
tf=7 mm	Wply=123868 mm ³	Wplz=26101 mm ³	

INTERNAL FORCES AND CAPACITIES:

N,Ed = 0.05 kN	My,Ed = -0.30 kN*m	Mz,Ed = -0.61 kN*m	Vy,Ed = -1.24 kN
Nc,Rd = 552.51 kN	My,Ed,max = -0.30 kN*m	Mz,Ed,max = 0.62 kN*m	Vy,T,Rd = 217.85 kN
Nb,Rd = 453.36 kN	My,c,Rd = 34.06 kN*m	Mz,c,Rd = 7.18 kN*m	Vz,Ed = 0.71 kN
	MN,y,Rd = 34.06 kN*m	MN,z,Rd = 7.18 kN*m	Vz,T,Rd = 153.25 kN
	Mb,Rd = 34.06 kN*m		Tt,Ed = -0.00 kN*m
			Class of section = 1



LATERAL BUCKLING PARAMETERS:

z = 0.00	Mcr = 1922.11 kN*m	Curve,LT - b	XLT = 1.00
Lcr,low=0.25 m	Lam_LT = 0.13	f _i ,LT = 0.46	XLT,mod = 1.00

BUCKLING PARAMETERS:



About y axis:

Ly = 1.00 m	Lam_y = 0.18
Lcr,y = 1.00 m	Xy = 1.00
Lamy = 15.20	kzy = 0.52



About z axis:

Lz = 1.00 m	Lam_z = 0.63
Lcr,z = 1.00 m	Xz = 0.82
Lamz = 54.23	kzz = 1.00

VERIFICATION FORMULAS:

Section strength check:

$$\begin{aligned} N,Ed/Nc,Rd &= 0.00 < 1.00 \quad (6.2.4.(1)) \\ My,Ed/MN,y,Rd &= 0.01 < 1.00 \quad (6.2.9.1.(2)) \\ Mz,Ed/MN,z,Rd &= 0.09 < 1.00 \quad (6.2.9.1.(2)) \\ (My,Ed/MN,y,Rd)^2.00 + (Mz,Ed/MN,z,Rd)^1.00 &= 0.09 < 1.00 \quad (6.2.9.1.(6)) \\ Vy,Ed/Vy,T,Rd &= 0.01 < 1.00 \quad (6.2.6-7) \end{aligned}$$

$V_z,Ed/V_z,T,Rd = 0.00 < 1.00$ (6.2.6-7)
 $Tau,ty,Ed/(f_y/(sqrt(3)*gM0)) = 0.00 < 1.00$ (6.2.6)
 $Tau,tz,Ed/(f_y/(sqrt(3)*gM0)) = 0.00 < 1.00$ (6.2.6)

Global stability check of member:

$\Lambda_{y,Ed} = 15.20 < \Lambda_{y,max} = 210.00$ $\Lambda_{z,Ed} = 54.23 < \Lambda_{z,max} = 210.00$ STABLE
 $M_{y,Ed,max}/M_{b,Rd} = 0.01 < 1.00$ (6.3.2.1.(1))
 $N_{Ed}/(X_y*N_{Rk/gM1}) + k_{yy}*M_{y,Ed,max}/(XLT*M_{y,Rk/gM1}) + k_{yz}*M_{z,Ed,max}/(M_{z,Rk/gM1}) = 0.07 < 1.00$ (6.3.3.(4))
 $N_{Ed}/(X_z*N_{Rk/gM1}) + k_{zy}*M_{y,Ed,max}/(XLT*M_{y,Rk/gM1}) + k_{zz}*M_{z,Ed,max}/(M_{z,Rk/gM1}) = 0.09 < 1.00$ (6.3.3.(4))

LIMIT DISPLACEMENTS



Deflections (LOCAL SYSTEM):

$u_y = 0 \text{ mm} < u_y \text{ max} = L/200.00 = 5 \text{ mm}$ Verified

Governing Load Case: 5 WIND1

$u_z = 0 \text{ mm} < u_z \text{ max} = L/200.00 = 5 \text{ mm}$ Verified

Governing Load Case: 34 COMB22 $(1+2+5)*1.00+4*0.50$

$u_{inst,y} = 0 \text{ mm} < u_{inst,max,y} = L/250.00 = 4 \text{ mm}$ Verified

Governing Load Case: $0.5*4 + 1*5$

$u_{inst,z} = 0 \text{ mm} < u_{inst,max,z} = L/250.00 = 4 \text{ mm}$ Verified

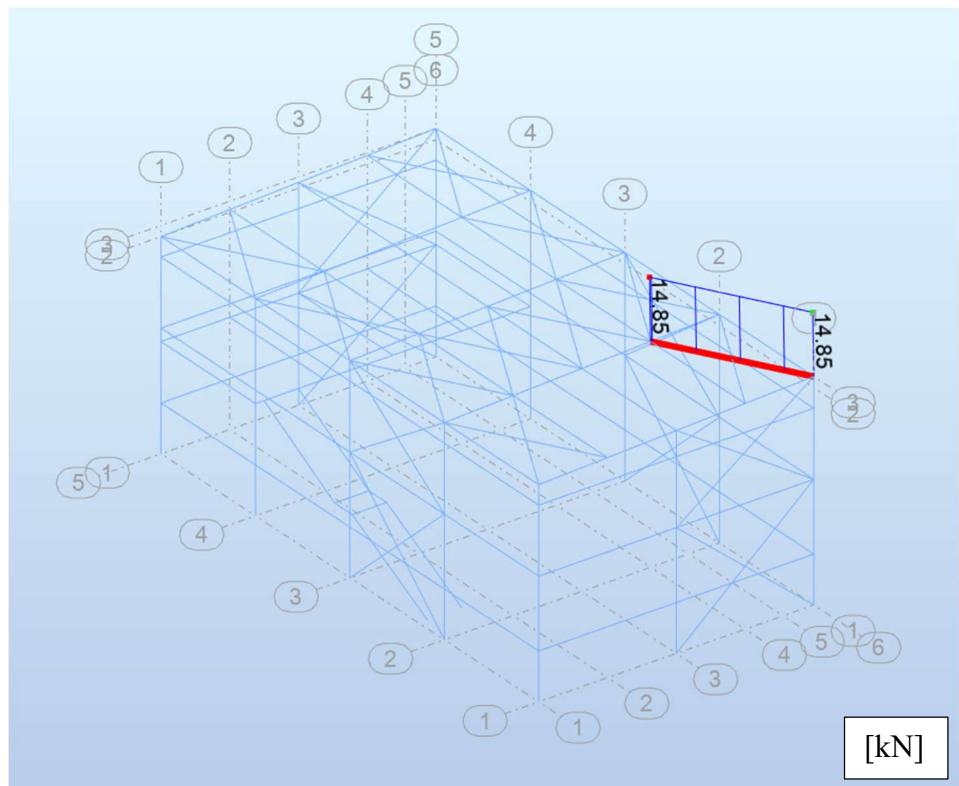
Governing Load Case: $0.5*4 + 1*5$



Displacements (GLOBAL SYSTEM): Not analyzed

Section OK !!!

8.9. Vjetrovni vezovi POZ 101



Slika 38: Mjerodavna vrijednost F_x za vjetrovni vez [izradio autor]

STEEL DESIGN

CODE: BS-EN 1993-1:2005/NA:2008/A1:2014, Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures.
ANALYSIS TYPE: Member Verification

CODE GROUP:

MEMBER: 226 vezovi_226
= 0.00 m

POINT: 1

COORDINATE: x = 0.00 L

LOADS:

Governing Load Case: 17 COMB10 (1+2)*1.35+4*0.75+5*1.50

MATERIAL:

S275 (S275) fy = 275.00 MPa



SECTION PARAMETERS: šipka fi 10

h=10 mm	gM0=1.00	gM1=1.00	Ax=79 mm ²
	Ay=50 mm ²	Az=50 mm ²	
tw=5 mm	Iy=491 mm ⁴	Iz=491 mm ⁴	Ix=982 mm ⁴
	Wply=167 mm ³	Wplz=167 mm ³	

INTERNAL FORCES AND CAPACITIES:

N,Ed = 14.85 kN	My,Ed = -0.01 kN*m	Mz,Ed = 0.00 kN*m	Vy,Ed = 0.00 kN
Nc,Rd = 21.60 kN	My,pl,Rd = 0.05 kN*m	Mz,pl,Rd = 0.05 kN*m	Vy,T,Rd = 7.93 kN
Nb,Rd = 21.60 kN	My,c,Rd = 0.05 kN*m	Mz,c,Rd = 0.05 kN*m	Vz,Ed = 0.02 kN
	MN,y,Rd = 0.02 kN*m	MN,z,Rd = 0.02 kN*m	Vz,T,Rd = 7.93 kN
			Tt,Ed = 0.00 kN*m
			Class of section = 1



LATERAL BUCKLING PARAMETERS:

BUCKLING PARAMETERS:



About y axis:



About z axis:

VERIFICATION FORMULAS:

Section strength check:

$$N,Ed/Nc,Rd = 0.69 < 1.00 \quad (6.2.4.(1))$$

$$My,Ed/MN,y,Rd = 0.57 < 1.00 \quad (6.2.9.1.(2))$$

$$Mz,Ed/MN,z,Rd = 0.01 < 1.00 \quad (6.2.9.1.(2))$$

$$(My,Ed/MN,y,Rd)^2.00 + (Mz,Ed/MN,z,Rd)^2.00 = 0.32 < 1.00 \quad (6.2.9.1.(6))$$

$$Vy,Ed/Vy,T,Rd = 0.00 < 1.00 \quad (6.2.6-7)$$

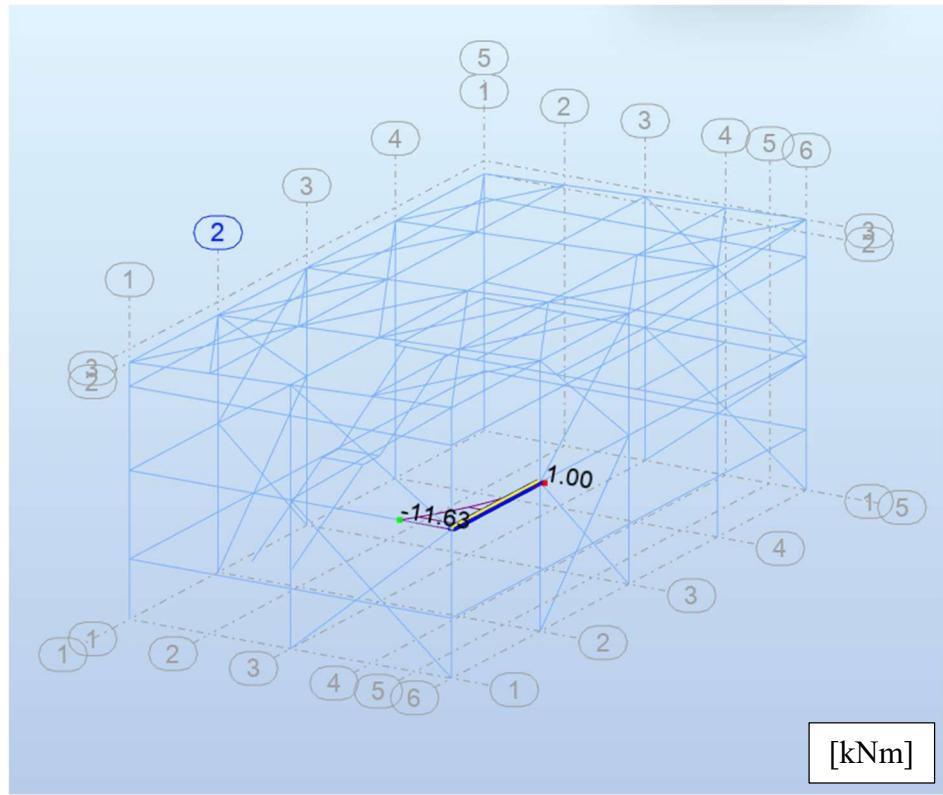
$$Vz,Ed/Vz,T,Rd = 0.00 < 1.00 \quad (6.2.6-7)$$

$$\Tau_{ty,Ed}/(f_y/(sqrt(3)*gM0)) = 0.00 < 1.00 \quad (6.2.6)$$

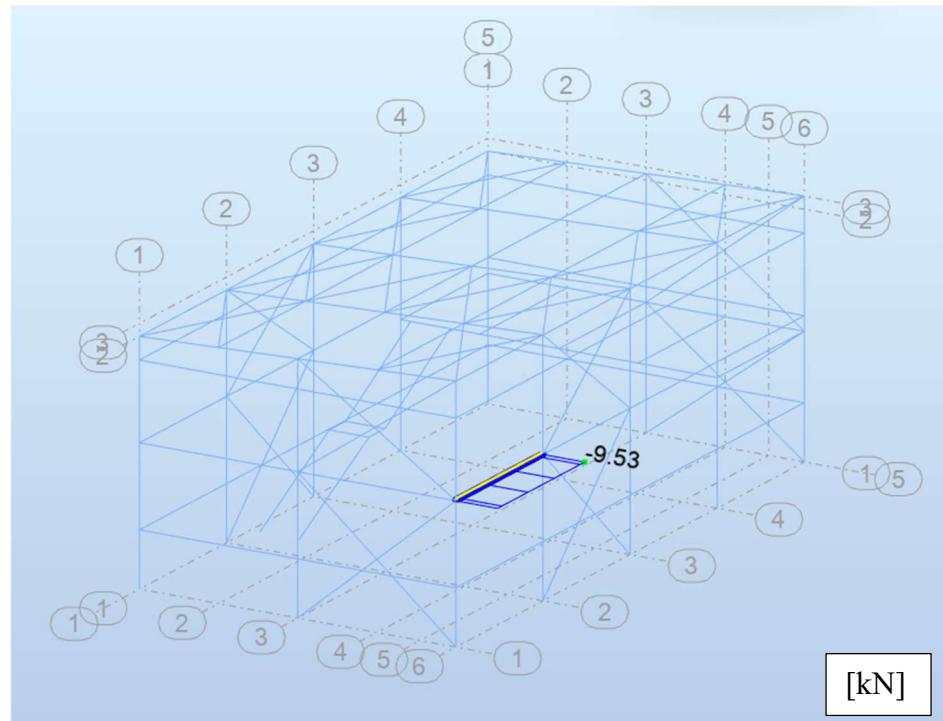
$$\Tau_{tz,Ed}/(f_y/(sqrt(3)*gM0)) = 0.00 < 1.00 \quad (6.2.6)$$

Section OK !!

8.10. Fasadni nosač POZ F2



Slika 39: Mjerodavna vrijednost M_y za fasadni nosač [izradio autor]



Slika 40: Mjerodavna vrijednost F_x za fasadni nosač [izradio autor]

STEEL DESIGN

CODE: BS-EN 1993-1:2005/NA:2008/A1:2014, Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures.
ANALYSIS TYPE: Member Verification

CODE GROUP:

MEMBER: 176 fasadni nosači_176 **POINT:** 3
 $= 3.75 \text{ m}$

COORDINATE: $x = 1.00 \text{ L}$

LOADS:

Governing Load Case: 17 COMB10 $(1+2)*1.35+4*0.75+5*1.50$

MATERIAL:

S275 (S275) $f_y = 275.00 \text{ MPa}$



SECTION PARAMETERS: UAP 150

$h=150 \text{ mm}$	$gM0=1.00$	$gM1=1.00$	
$b=65 \text{ mm}$	$Ay=1521 \text{ mm}^2$	$Az=1128 \text{ mm}^2$	$Ax=2284 \text{ mm}^2$
$tw=7 \text{ mm}$	$Iy=7960560 \text{ mm}^4$	$Iz=932542 \text{ mm}^4$	$Ix=67600 \text{ mm}^4$
$tf=10 \text{ mm}$	$W_{pl,y}=125278 \text{ mm}^3$	$W_{pl,z}=37937 \text{ mm}^3$	

INTERNAL FORCES AND CAPACITIES:

$N,Ed = -9.53 \text{ kN}$	$My,Ed = -11.63 \text{ kN*m}$	$Mz,Ed = 0.28 \text{ kN*m}$	$Vy,Ed = -0.45 \text{ kN}$
$Nt,Rd = 628.12 \text{ kN}$	$My,pl,Rd = 34.45 \text{ kN*m}$	$Mz,pl,Rd = 10.43 \text{ kN*m}$	$Vy,T,Rd = 241.36 \text{ kN}$
	$My,c,Rd = 34.45 \text{ kN*m}$	$Mz,c,Rd = 10.43 \text{ kN*m}$	$Vz,Ed = -6.01 \text{ kN}$
	$MN,y,Rd = 34.44 \text{ kN*m}$	$MN,z,Rd = 10.43 \text{ kN*m}$	$Vz,T,Rd = 179.09 \text{ kN}$
	$Mb,Rd = 18.91 \text{ kN*m}$		$Tt,Ed = -0.00 \text{ kN*m}$
			Class of section = 1



LATERAL BUCKLING PARAMETERS:

$z = 0.00$	$M_{cr} = 31.61 \text{ kN*m}$	$\text{Curve,LT} - d$	$X_{LT} = 0.53$
$L_{cr,low}=3.75 \text{ m}$	$\lambda_{cr,LT} = 1.04$	$f_{i,LT} = 1.15$	$X_{LT,mod} = 0.55$

BUCKLING PARAMETERS:

About y axis:

About z axis:

VERIFICATION FORMULAS:

Section strength check:

$$\begin{aligned} N,Ed/Nt,Rd &= 0.02 < 1.00 \quad (6.2.3.(1)) \\ My,Ed/MN,y,Rd &= 0.34 < 1.00 \quad (6.2.9.1.(2)) \\ Mz,Ed/MN,z,Rd &= 0.03 < 1.00 \quad (6.2.9.1.(2)) \\ (My,Ed/MN,y,Rd)^2 + (Mz,Ed/MN,z,Rd)^2 &= 0.36 < 1.00 \quad (6.2.9.1.(6)) \\ Vy,Ed/Vy,T,Rd &= 0.00 < 1.00 \quad (6.2.6-7) \\ Vz,Ed/Vz,T,Rd &= 0.03 < 1.00 \quad (6.2.6-7) \\ \tau_{au,ty,Ed}/(f_y/(sqrt(3)*gM0)) &= 0.00 < 1.00 \quad (6.2.6) \end{aligned}$$

$\text{Tau,tz,Ed}/(\text{fy}/(\sqrt{3})*\text{gM0}) = 0.00 < 1.00$ (6.2.6)

Global stability check of member:

$\text{My,Ed}/\text{Mb,Rd} = 0.62 < 1.00$ (6.3.2.1.(1))

LIMIT DISPLACEMENTS



Deflections (LOCAL SYSTEM):

$u_y = 1 \text{ mm} < u_y \text{ max} = L/200.00 = 19 \text{ mm}$ Verified

Governing Load Case: 36 COMB24 (1+2+7)*1.00+4*0.50

$u_z = 5 \text{ mm} < u_z \text{ max} = L/200.00 = 19 \text{ mm}$ Verified

Governing Load Case: 7 WIND3

$u_{inst,y} = 0 \text{ mm} < u_{inst,max,y} = L/250.00 = 15 \text{ mm}$ Verified

Governing Load Case: 0.5*4 + 1*7

$u_{inst,z} = 4 \text{ mm} < u_{inst,max,z} = L/250.00 = 15 \text{ mm}$ Verified

Governing Load Case: 1*7

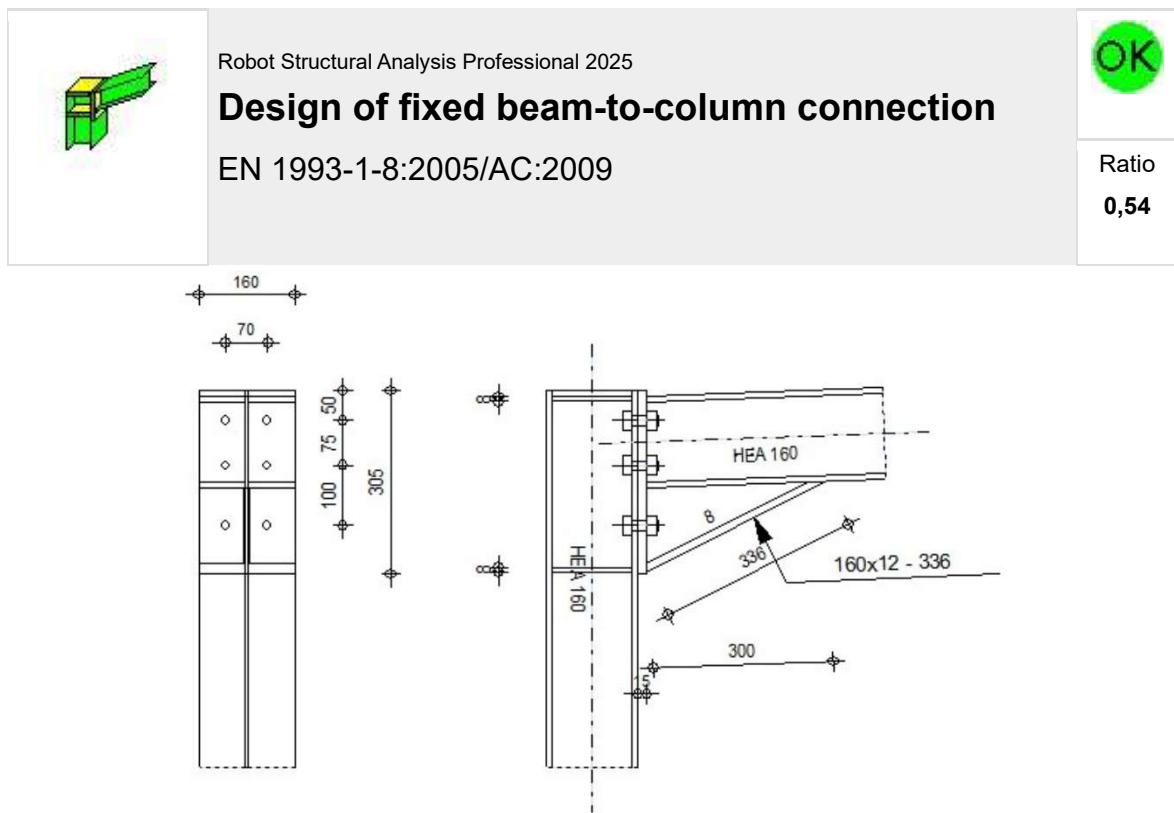


Displacements (GLOBAL SYSTEM): Not analyzed

Section OK !!!

9. DIMENZIONIRANJE PRIKLJUČAKA KONSTRUKCIJE

9.1. Stup i gredni nosač (DETALJ A)



General

Connection no.: 8

Connection name: Frame knee

Structure node: 50

Structure members: 36, 35

Geometry

Column

Section: HEA 160

Member no.: 36

$\alpha = -90, 0$ [Deg] Inclination angle

$h_c = 152$ [mm] Height of column section

$b_{fc} = 160$ [mm] Width of column section

Section: HEA 160

$t_{wc} = 6$	[mm]	Thickness of the web of column section
$t_{fc} = 9$	[mm]	Thickness of the flange of column section
$r_c = 15$	[mm]	Radius of column section fillet
$A_c = 3877$	[mm ²]	Cross-sectional area of a column
$I_{xc} = 16729800$	[mm ⁴]	Moment of inertia of the column section

Material: S275

$f_{yc} = 275,00$ [MPa] Resistance

Beam

Section: HEA 160

Member no.: 35

$\alpha = 2,2$	[Deg]	Inclination angle
$h_b = 152$	[mm]	Height of beam section
$b_f = 160$	[mm]	Width of beam section
$t_{wb} = 6$	[mm]	Thickness of the web of beam section
$t_{fb} = 9$	[mm]	Thickness of the flange of beam section
$r_b = 15$	[mm]	Radius of beam section fillet
$r_b = 15$	[mm]	Radius of beam section fillet
$A_b = 3877$	[mm ²]	Cross-sectional area of a beam
$I_{xb} = 16729800$	[mm ⁴]	Moment of inertia of the beam section

Material: S275

$f_{yb} = 275,00$ [MPa] Resistance

Bolts

The shear plane passes through the UNTHREADED portion of the bolt.

$d = 16$ [mm] Bolt diameter

Class = 10.9 Bolt class

$F_{tRd} = 113,04$ [kN] Tensile resistance of a bolt

$n_h = 2$ Number of bolt columns

$n_v = 3$ Number of bolt rows

$h_l = 50$ [mm] Distance between first bolt and upper edge of front plate

Horizontal spacing $e_i = 70$ [mm]

Vertical spacing $p_i = 75; 100$ [mm]

Plate

$h_p = 305$ [mm] Plate height

$b_p = 160$ [mm] Plate width

$t_p = 15$ [mm] Plate thickness

Material: S275

$f_{yp} = 275,00$ [MPa] Resistance

Lower stiffener

$w_d = 160$ [mm] Plate width

$t_{fd} = 12$ [mm] Flange thickness

$h_d = 140$ [mm] Plate height

$t_{wd} = 8$ [mm] Web thickness

$l_d = 300$ [mm] Plate length

$\alpha = 26,8$ [Deg] Inclination angle

Material: STEEL 43-245

$f_{ybu} = 245,00$ [MPa] Resistance

Column stiffener

Upper

$h_{su} = 134$ [mm] Stiffener height

$b_{su} = 77$ [mm] Stiffener width

$t_{hu} = 8$ [mm] Stiffener thickness

Material: S275

$f_{ysu} = 275,00$ [MPa] Resistance

Lower

$h_{sd} = 134$ [mm] Stiffener height

$b_{sd} = 77$ [mm] Stiffener width

$t_{hd} = 8$ [mm] Stiffener thickness

Material: S275

$f_{ysu} = 275,00$ [MPa] Resistance

Fillet welds

$a_w = 8$ [mm] Web weld

$a_f = 8$ [mm] Flange weld

$a_s = 8$ [mm] Stiffener weld

$a_{fd} = 5$ [mm] Horizontal weld

Material factors

$\gamma_{M0} = 1,00$	Partial safety factor	[2.2]
$\gamma_{M1} = 1,00$	Partial safety factor	[2.2]
$\gamma_{M2} = 1,25$	Partial safety factor	[2.2]
$\gamma_{M3} = 1,25$	Partial safety factor	[2.2]

Loads

Ultimate limit state

Case: 9: COMB1 (1+2)*1.35+4*1.50

$M_{b1,Ed} = 23,45 \text{ [kN*m]}$ Bending moment in the right beam

$V_{b1,Ed} = 18,18 \text{ [kN]}$ Shear force in the right beam

$N_{b1,Ed} = -9,87 \text{ [kN]}$ Axial force in the right beam

$M_{c1,Ed} = 23,46 \text{ [kN*m]}$ Bending moment in the lower column

$V_{c1,Ed} = 11,23 \text{ [kN]}$ Shear force in the lower column

$N_{c1,Ed} = -20,19 \text{ [kN]}$ Axial force in the lower column

Results

Beam resistances

COMPRESSION

$A_b = 3877 \text{ [mm}^2\text{]}$ Area EN1993-1-1:[6.2.4]

$N_{cb,Rd} = A_b f_{yb} / \gamma_{M0}$

$N_{cb,Rd} = 1066,21 \text{ [kN]}$ Design compressive resistance of the section EN1993-1-1:[6.2.4]

SHEAR

$A_{vb} = 2441 \text{ [mm}^2\text{]}$ Shear area EN1993-1-1:[6.2.6.(3)]

$V_{cb,Rd} = A_{vb} (f_{yb} / \sqrt{3}) / \gamma_{M0}$

$V_{cb,Rd} = 387,58 \text{ [kN]}$ Design sectional resistance for shear EN1993-1-1:[6.2.6.(2)]

$V_{b1,Ed} / V_{cb,Rd} \leq 1,0$ $0,05 < 1,00$ verified (0,05)

BENDING - PLASTIC MOMENT (WITHOUT BRACKETS)

$W_{plb} = 245167 \text{ [mm}^3\text{]}$ Plastic section modulus EN1993-1-1:[6.2.5.(2)]

$M_{b,pl,Rd} = W_{plb} f_{yb} / \gamma_{M0}$

$M_{b,pl,Rd} = 67,4 \text{ [kN*m]}$ Plastic resistance of the section for bending (without
stiffeners) EN1993-1-1:[6.2.5.(2)]

BENDING ON THE CONTACT SURFACE WITH PLATE OR CONNECTED ELEMENT

$W_{pl} = 593341 \text{ [mm}^3\text{]}$ Plastic section modulus EN1993-1-1:[6.2.5]

$M_{cb,Rd} = W_{pl} f_{yb} / \gamma_{M0}$

$M_{cb,Rd} = 163,17 \text{ [kN*m]}$ Design resistance of the section for bending EN1993-1-1:[6.2.5]

FLANGE AND WEB - COMPRESSION

$M_{cb,Rd} = 163,17 \text{ [kN*m]}$ Design resistance of the section for bending EN1993-1-1:[6.2.5]

$h_f = 281 \text{ [mm]}$ Distance between the centroids of flanges [6.2.6.7.(1)]

$$F_{c,fb,Rd} = M_{cb,Rd} / h_f$$

$F_{c,fb,Rd} = 580,91 \text{ [kN]}$ Resistance of the compressed flange and web [6.2.6.7.(1)]

WEB OR BRACKET FLANGE - COMPRESSION - LEVEL OF THE BEAM BOTTOM FLANGE

Bearing:

$\beta = 2,2 \text{ [Deg]}$ Angle between the front plate and the beam

$\gamma = 26,8 \text{ [Deg]}$ Inclination angle of the bracket plate

$b_{eff,c,wb} = 171 \text{ [mm]}$ Effective width of the web for compression [6.2.6.2.(1)]

$A_{vb} = 1321 \text{ [mm}^2]$ Shear area EN1993-1-1:[6.2.6.(3)]

$\omega = 0,75$ Reduction factor for interaction with shear [6.2.6.2.(1)]

$\sigma_{com,Ed} = 75,44 \text{ [MPa]}$ Maximum compressive stress in web [6.2.6.2.(2)]

$k_{wc} = 1,00$ Reduction factor conditioned by compressive stresses [6.2.6.2.(2)]

$$F_{c,wb,Rd1} = [\omega k_{wc} b_{eff,c,wb} t_{wb} f_{yb} / \gamma_{M0}] \cos(\gamma) / \sin(\gamma - \beta)$$

$F_{c,wb,Rd1} = 453,30 \text{ [kN]}$ Beam web resistance [6.2.6.2.(1)]

Buckling:

$d_{wb} = 104 \text{ [mm]}$ Height of compressed web [6.2.6.2.(1)]

$\lambda_p = 0,76$ Plate slenderness of an element [6.2.6.2.(1)]

$\rho = 0,97$ Reduction factor for element buckling [6.2.6.2.(1)]

$$F_{c,wb,Rd2} = [\omega k_{wc} \rho b_{eff,c,wb} t_{wb} f_{yb} / \gamma_{M1}] \cos(\gamma) / \sin(\gamma - \beta)$$

$F_{c,wb,Rd2} = 439,62 \text{ [kN]}$ Beam web resistance [6.2.6.2.(1)]

Final resistance:

$$F_{c,wb,Rd,low} = \text{Min}(F_{c,wb,Rd1}, F_{c,wb,Rd2})$$

$F_{c,wb,Rd,low} = 439,62 \text{ [kN]}$ Beam web resistance [6.2.6.2.(1)]

Column resistances

WEB PANEL - SHEAR

$M_{b1,Ed} = 23,45 \text{ [kN*m]}$ Bending moment (right beam) [5.3.(3)]

$M_{b2,Ed} = 0,00 \text{ [kN*m]}$ Bending moment (left beam) [5.3.(3)]

$V_{c1,Ed} = 11,23 \text{ [kN]}$ Shear force (lower column) [5.3.(3)]

$V_{c2,Ed} = 0,00 \text{ [kN]}$ Shear force (upper column) [5.3.(3)]

WEB PANEL - SHEAR

$$M_{b1,Ed} = 23, 45 \text{ [kN*m]} \quad \text{Bending moment (right beam)} \quad [5.3.(3)]$$

$$z = 208 \text{ [mm]} \quad \text{Lever arm} \quad [6.2.5]$$

$$V_{wp,Ed} = (M_{b1,Ed} - M_{b2,Ed}) / z - (V_{c1,Ed} - V_{c2,Ed}) / 2$$

$$V_{wp,Ed} = 107, 19 \text{ [kN]} \quad \text{Shear force acting on the web panel} \quad [5.3.(3)]$$

$$A_{vs} = \frac{132}{1} \text{ [mm}^2\text{]} \quad \text{Shear area of the column web} \quad \text{EN1993-1-1:[6.2.6.(3)]}$$

$$A_{vc} = \frac{132}{1} \text{ [mm}^2\text{]} \quad \text{Shear area} \quad \text{EN1993-1-1:[6.2.6.(3)]}$$

$$d_s = 277 \text{ [mm]} \quad \text{Distance between the centroids of stiffeners} \quad [6.2.6.1.(4)]$$

$$M_{pl,fc,Rd} = \frac{0, 8}{9} \text{ [kN*m]} \quad \text{Plastic resistance of the column flange for bending} \quad [6.2.6.1.(4)]$$

$$M_{pl,stu,Rd} = \frac{0, 7}{0} \text{ [kN*m]} \quad \text{Plastic resistance of the upper transverse stiffener for bending} \quad [6.2.6.1.(4)]$$

$$M_{pl,stl,Rd} = \frac{0, 7}{0} \text{ [kN*m]} \quad \text{Plastic resistance of the lower transverse stiffener for bending} \quad [6.2.6.1.(4)]$$

$$V_{wp,Rd} = 0.9 (A_{vs} * f_{y,wc}) / (\sqrt{3} \gamma_{M0}) + \text{Min}(4 M_{pl,fc,Rd} / d_s, (2 M_{pl,fc,Rd} + M_{pl,stu,Rd} + M_{pl,stl,Rd}) / d_s)$$

$$V_{wp,Rd} = 200, 30 \text{ [kN]} \quad \text{Resistance of the column web panel for shear} \quad [6.2.6.1]$$

$$V_{wp,Ed} / V_{wp,Rd} \leq 1,0 \quad 0, 54 < 1, 00 \quad \text{verified} \quad (0, 54)$$

WEB - TRANSVERSE COMPRESSION - LEVEL OF THE BEAM BOTTOM FLANGE

Bearing:

$$t_{wc} = 6 \text{ [mm]} \quad \text{Effective thickness of the column web} \quad [6.2.6.2.(6)]$$

$$b_{eff,c,wc} = 186 \text{ [mm]} \quad \text{Effective width of the web for compression} \quad [6.2.6.2.(1)]$$

$$A_{vc} = 1321 \text{ [mm}^2\text{]} \quad \text{Shear area} \quad \text{EN1993-1-1:[6.2.6.(3)]}$$

$$\omega = 0, 72 \quad \text{Reduction factor for interaction with shear} \quad [6.2.6.2.(1)]$$

$$\sigma_{com,Ed} = 78, 11 \text{ [MPa]} \quad \text{Maximum compressive stress in web} \quad [6.2.6.2.(2)]$$

$$k_{wc} = 1, 00 \quad \text{Reduction factor conditioned by compressive stresses} \quad [6.2.6.2.(2)]$$

$$A_s = 1232 \text{ [mm}^2\text{]} \quad \text{Area of the web stiffener} \quad \text{EN1993-1-1:[6.2.4]}$$

$$F_{c,wc,Rd1} = \omega k_{wc} b_{eff,c,wc} t_{wc} f_{yc} / \gamma_{M0} + A_s f_{ys} / \gamma_{M0}$$

$$F_{c,wc,Rd1} = 559, 89 \text{ [kN]} \quad \text{Column web resistance} \quad [6.2.6.2.(1)]$$

Buckling:

$$d_{wc} = 104 \text{ [mm]} \quad \text{Height of compressed web} \quad [6.2.6.2.(1)]$$

$$\lambda_p = 0, 79 \quad \text{Plate slenderness of an element} \quad [6.2.6.2.(1)]$$

$$\rho = 0, 94 \quad \text{Reduction factor for element buckling} \quad [6.2.6.2.(1)]$$

$$\lambda_s = 2, 21 \quad \text{Stiffener slenderness} \quad \text{EN1993-1-1:[6.3.1.2]}$$

Buckling:

$$d_{wc} = 104 \text{ [mm]} \quad \text{Height of compressed web} \quad [6.2.6.2.(1)]$$

$$\chi_s = 1,00 \quad \text{Buckling coefficient of the stiffener} \quad \text{EN1993-1-1:[6.3.1.2]}$$

$$F_{c,wc,Rd2} = \omega k_{wc} \rho b_{eff,c,wc} t_{wc} f_{yc} / \gamma_{M1} + A_s \chi_s f_{ys} / \gamma_{M1}$$

$$F_{c,wc,Rd2} = 547,56 \text{ [kN]} \quad \text{Column web resistance} \quad [6.2.6.2.(1)]$$

Final resistance:

$$F_{c,wc,Rd,low} = \text{Min} (F_{c,wc,Rd1}, F_{c,wc,Rd2})$$

$$F_{c,wc,Rd} = 547,56 \text{ [kN]} \quad \text{Column web resistance} \quad [6.2.6.2.(1)]$$

WEB - TRANSVERSE COMPRESSION - LEVEL OF THE BEAM TOP FLANGE

Bearing:

$$t_{wc} = 6 \text{ [mm]} \quad \text{Effective thickness of the column web} \quad [6.2.6.2.(6)]$$

$$b_{eff,c,wc} = 182 \text{ [mm]} \quad \text{Effective width of the web for compression} \quad [6.2.6.2.(1)]$$

$$A_{vc} = 1321 \text{ [mm}^2\text{]} \quad \text{Shear area} \quad \text{EN1993-1-1:[6.2.6.(3)]}$$

$$\omega = 0,73 \quad \text{Reduction factor for interaction with shear} \quad [6.2.6.2.(1)]$$

$$\sigma_{com,Ed} = 78,11 \text{ [MPa]} \quad \text{Maximum compressive stress in web} \quad [6.2.6.2.(2)]$$

$$k_{wc} = 1,00 \quad \text{Reduction factor conditioned by compressive stresses [6.2.6.2.(2)]}$$

$$A_s = 1232 \text{ [mm}^2\text{]} \quad \text{Area of the web stiffener} \quad \text{EN1993-1-1:[6.2.4]}$$

$$F_{c,wc,Rd1} = \omega k_{wc} b_{eff,c,wc} t_{wc} f_{yc} / \gamma_{M0} + A_s f_{ys} / \gamma_{M0}$$

$$F_{c,wc,Rd1} = 557,11 \text{ [kN]} \quad \text{Column web resistance} \quad [6.2.6.2.(1)]$$

Buckling:

$$d_{wc} = 104 \text{ [mm]} \quad \text{Height of compressed web} \quad [6.2.6.2.(1)]$$

$$\lambda_p = 0,78 \quad \text{Plate slenderness of an element} \quad [6.2.6.2.(1)]$$

$$\rho = 0,95 \quad \text{Reduction factor for element buckling} \quad [6.2.6.2.(1)]$$

$$\lambda_s = 2,21 \quad \text{Stiffener slenderness} \quad \text{EN1993-1-1:[6.3.1.2]}$$

$$\chi_s = 1,00 \quad \text{Buckling coefficient of the stiffener} \quad \text{EN1993-1-1:[6.3.1.2]}$$

$$F_{c,wc,Rd2} = \omega k_{wc} \rho b_{eff,c,wc} t_{wc} f_{yc} / \gamma_{M1} + A_s \chi_s f_{ys} / \gamma_{M1}$$

$$F_{c,wc,Rd2} = 546,58 \text{ [kN]} \quad \text{Column web resistance} \quad [6.2.6.2.(1)]$$

Final resistance:

$$F_{c,wc,Rd,upp} = \text{Min} (F_{c,wc,Rd1}, F_{c,wc,Rd2})$$

$$F_{c,wc,Rd,upp} = 546,58 \text{ [kN]} \quad \text{Column web resistance} \quad [6.2.6.2.(1)]$$

Geometrical parameters of a connection

EFFECTIVE LENGTHS AND PARAMETERS - COLUMN FLANGE

Nr	m	m_x	e	e_x	p	$l_{eff,cp}$	$l_{eff,nc}$	$l_{eff,1}$	$l_{eff,2}$	$l_{eff,cp,g}$	$l_{eff,nc,g}$	$l_{eff,1,g}$	$l_{eff,2,g}$
1	20	-	45	-	75	126	154	126	154	138	124	124	124
2	20	-	45	-	88	126	136	126	136	175	88	88	88
3	20	-	45	-	100	126	136	126	136	163	118	118	118

EFFECTIVE LENGTHS AND PARAMETERS - FRONT PLATE

Nr	m	m_x	e	e_x	p	$l_{eff,cp}$	$l_{eff,nc}$	$l_{eff,1}$	$l_{eff,2}$	$l_{eff,cp,g}$	$l_{eff,nc,g}$	$l_{eff,1,g}$	$l_{eff,2,g}$
1	23	-	45	-	75	144	172	144	172	147	136	136	136
2	23	-	45	-	88	144	148	144	148	175	88	88	88
3	23	-	45	-	100	144	148	144	148	172	124	124	124

m – Bolt distance from the web

m_x – Bolt distance from the beam flange

e – Bolt distance from the outer edge

e_x – Bolt distance from the horizontal outer edge

p – Distance between bolts

$l_{eff,cp}$ – Effective length for a single bolt row in the circular failure mode

$l_{eff,nc}$ – Effective length for a single bolt row in the non-circular failure mode

$l_{eff,1}$ – Effective length for a single bolt row for mode 1

$l_{eff,2}$ – Effective length for a single bolt row for mode 2

$l_{eff,cp,g}$ – Effective length for a group of bolts in the circular failure mode

$l_{eff,nc,g}$ – Effective length for a group of bolts in the non-circular failure mode

$l_{eff,1,g}$ – Effective length for a group of bolts for mode 1

$l_{eff,2,g}$ – Effective length for a group of bolts for mode 2

Connection resistance for compression

$$N_{j,Rd} = \text{Min} (N_{cb,Rd} 2 F_{c,wb,Rd,low} , 2 F_{c,wc,Rd,low} , 2 F_{c,wc,Rd,upp})$$

$$N_{j,Rd} = 879, 23 [\text{kN}] \quad \text{Connection resistance for compression} \quad [6.2]$$

$N_{b1,Ed} / N_{j,Rd} \leq 1,0$	$0,01 < 1,00$	verified (0,01)
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Connection resistance for bending

$$F_{t,Rd} = 113, 04 [\text{kN}] \quad \text{Bolt resistance for tension} \quad [\text{Table 3.4}]$$

$$B_{p,Rd} = 140, 06 [\text{kN}] \quad \text{Punching shear resistance of a bolt} \quad [\text{Table 3.4}]$$

$F_{t,fc,Rd}$ – column flange resistance due to bending

$F_{t,wc,Rd}$ – column web resistance due to tension

$F_{t,ep,Rd}$ – resistance of the front plate due to bending

$F_{t,fc,Rd}$ – column flange resistance due to bending

$F_{t,wb,Rd}$ – resistance of the web in tension

$$F_{t,fc,Rd} = \text{Min} (F_{T,1,fc,Rd}, F_{T,2,fc,Rd}, F_{T,3,fc,Rd}) \quad [6.2.6.4], [Tab.6.2]$$

$$F_{t,wc,Rd} = \omega b_{eff,t,wc} t_{wc} f_{yc} / \gamma_{M0} \quad [6.2.6.3.(1)]$$

$$F_{t,ep,Rd} = \text{Min} (F_{T,1,ep,Rd}, F_{T,2,ep,Rd}, F_{T,3,ep,Rd}) \quad [6.2.6.5], [Tab.6.2]$$

$$F_{t,wb,Rd} = b_{eff,t,wb} t_{wb} f_{yb} / \gamma_{M0} \quad [6.2.6.8.(1)]$$

RESISTANCE OF THE BOLT ROW NO. 1

$F_{t1,Rd,comp} - Formula$	$F_{t1,Rd,comp}$	Component
$F_{t1,Rd} = \text{Min} (F_{t1,Rd,comp})$	139, 96	Bolt row resistance
$F_{t,fc,Rd(1)} = 139,96$	139, 96	Column flange - tension
$F_{t,wc,Rd(1)} = 173,79$	173, 79	Column web - tension
$F_{t,ep,Rd(1)} = 226,08$	226, 08	Front plate - tension
$F_{t,wb,Rd(1)} = 237,92$	237, 92	Beam web - tension
$B_{p,Rd} = 280,12$	280, 12	Bolts due to shear punching
$V_{wp,Rd}/\beta = 200,30$	200, 30	Web panel - shear
$F_{c,wc,Rd} = 547,56$	547, 56	Column web - compression
$F_{c,fb,Rd} = 580,91$	580, 91	Beam flange - compression
$F_{c,wb,Rd} = 439,62$	439, 62	Beam web - compression

RESISTANCE OF THE BOLT ROW NO. 2

$F_{t2,Rd,comp} - Formula$	$F_{t2,Rd,comp}$	Component
$F_{t2,Rd} = \text{Min} (F_{t2,Rd,comp})$	60, 34	Bolt row resistance
$F_{t,fc,Rd(2)} = 139,96$	139, 96	Column flange - tension
$F_{t,wc,Rd(2)} = 173,79$	173, 79	Column web - tension
$F_{t,ep,Rd(2)} = 214,30$	214, 30	Front plate - tension
$F_{t,wb,Rd(2)} = 237,92$	237, 92	Beam web - tension
$B_{p,Rd} = 280,12$	280, 12	Bolts due to shear punching
$V_{wp,Rd}/\beta - \sum_1^1 F_{ti,Rd} = 200,30 - 139,96$	60, 34	Web panel - shear
$F_{c,wc,Rd} - \sum_1^1 F_{tj,Rd} = 547,56 - 139,96$	407, 60	Column web - compression
$F_{c,fb,Rd} - \sum_1^1 F_{tj,Rd} = 580,91 - 139,96$	440, 95	Beam flange - compression
$F_{c,wb,Rd} - \sum_1^1 F_{tj,Rd} = 439,62 - 139,96$	299, 66	Beam web - compression
$F_{t,fc,Rd(2+1)} - \sum_1^1 F_{tj,Rd} = 235,41 - 139,96$	95, 45	Column flange - tension - group

F_{t2,Rd,comp} - Formula	F_{t2,Rd,comp}	Component
F _{t,wc,Rd(2+1)} - $\sum_1^1 F_{tj,Rd}$ = 235,24 - 139,96	95, 28	Column web - tension - group
F _{t,ep,Rd(2+1)} - $\sum_1^1 F_{tj,Rd}$ = 385,02 - 139,96	245, 07	Front plate - tension - group
F _{t,wb,Rd(2+1)} - $\sum_1^1 F_{tj,Rd}$ = 368,54 - 139,96	228, 58	Beam web - tension - group

RESISTANCE OF THE BOLT ROW NO. 3

F_{t3,Rd,comp} - Formula	F_{t3,Rd,comp}	Component
F _{t3,Rd} = Min (F _{t3,Rd,comp})	0, 00	Bolt row resistance
F _{t,fc,Rd(3)} = 139,96	139, 96	Column flange - tension
F _{t,wc,Rd(3)} = 173,79	173, 79	Column web - tension
F _{t,ep,Rd(3)} = 214,30	214, 30	Front plate - tension
F _{t,wb,Rd(3)} = 237,92	237, 92	Beam web - tension
B _{p,Rd} = 280,12	280, 12	Bolts due to shear punching
V _{wp,Rd/β} - $\sum_1^2 F_{ti,Rd}$ = 200,30 - 200,30	0, 00	Web panel - shear
F _{c,wc,Rd} - $\sum_1^2 F_{tj,Rd}$ = 547,56 - 200,30	347, 26	Column web - compression
F _{c,fb,Rd} - $\sum_1^2 F_{tj,Rd}$ = 580,91 - 200,30	380, 61	Beam flange - compression
F _{c,wb,Rd} - $\sum_1^2 F_{tj,Rd}$ = 439,62 - 200,30	239, 32	Beam web - compression
F _{t,fc,Rd(3+2)} - $\sum_2^2 F_{tj,Rd}$ = 228,46 - 60,34	168, 12	Column flange - tension - group
F _{t,wc,Rd(3+2)} - $\sum_2^2 F_{tj,Rd}$ = 232,01 - 60,34	171, 67	Column web - tension - group
F _{t,fc,Rd(3+2+1)} - $\sum_2^1 F_{tj,Rd}$ = 366,42 - 200,30	166, 12	Column flange - tension - group
F _{t,wc,Rd(3+2+1)} - $\sum_2^1 F_{tj,Rd}$ = 274,80 - 200,30	74, 50	Column web - tension - group
F _{t,ep,Rd(3+2)} - $\sum_2^2 F_{tj,Rd}$ = 377,93 - 60,34	317, 59	Front plate - tension - group
F _{t,wb,Rd(3+2)} - $\sum_2^2 F_{tj,Rd}$ = 349,01 - 60,34	288, 67	Beam web - tension - group
F _{t,ep,Rd(3+2+1)} - $\sum_2^1 F_{tj,Rd}$ = 584,93 - 200,30	384, 63	Front plate - tension - group
F _{t,wb,Rd(3+2+1)} - $\sum_2^1 F_{tj,Rd}$ = 573,17 - 200,30	372, 87	Beam web - tension - group

SUMMARY TABLE OF FORCES

Nr	h_j	F_{tj,Rd}	F_{t,fc,Rd}	F_{t,wc,Rd}	F_{t,ep,Rd}	F_{t,wb,Rd}	F_{t,Rd}	B_{p,Rd}
1	245	139, 96	139, 96	173, 79	226, 08	237, 92	226, 08	280, 12
2	170	60, 34	139, 96	173, 79	214, 30	237, 92	226, 08	280, 12
3	70	-	139, 96	173, 79	214, 30	237, 92	226, 08	280, 12

CONNECTION RESISTANCE FOR BENDING M_{j,Rd}

$$M_{j,Rd} = \sum h_j F_{tj,Rd}$$

$$M_{j,Rd} = 44,63 \text{ [kN*m]} \quad \text{Connection resistance for bending} \quad [6.2]$$

$M_{b1,Ed} / M_{j,Rd} \leq 1,0$	$0,53 < 1,00$	verified (0,53)
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Connection resistance for shear

$$\alpha_v = 0,60 \quad \text{Coefficient for calculation of } F_{v,Rd} \quad [\text{Table 3.4}]$$

$$F_{v,Rd} = 96,51 \text{ [kN]} \quad \text{Shear resistance of a single bolt} \quad [\text{Table 3.4}]$$

$$F_{t,Rd,max} = 113,04 \text{ [kN]} \quad \text{Tensile resistance of a single bolt} \quad [\text{Table 3.4}]$$

$$F_{b,Rd,int} = 123,84 \text{ [kN]} \quad \text{Bearing resistance of an intermediate bolt} \quad [\text{Table 3.4}]$$

$$F_{b,Rd,ext} = 114,67 \text{ [kN]} \quad \text{Bearing resistance of an outermost bolt} \quad [\text{Table 3.4}]$$

Nr	$F_{tj,Rd,N}$	$F_{tj,Ed,N}$	$F_{tj,Rd,M}$	$F_{tj,Ed,M}$	$F_{tj,Ed}$	$F_{vj,Rd}$
1	226,08	-3,29	139,96	73,55	70,26	150,17
2	226,08	-3,29	60,34	31,71	28,42	175,69
3	226,08	-3,29	0,00	0,00	-3,29	193,02

$F_{tj,Rd,N}$ – Bolt row resistance for simple tension

$F_{tj,Ed,N}$ – Force due to axial force in a bolt row

$F_{tj,Rd,M}$ – Bolt row resistance for simple bending

$F_{tj,Ed,M}$ – Force due to moment in a bolt row

$F_{tj,Ed}$ – Maximum tensile force in a bolt row

$F_{vj,Rd}$ – Reduced bolt row resistance

$$F_{tj,Ed,N} = N_{j,Ed} F_{tj,Rd,N} / N_{j,Rd}$$

$$F_{tj,Ed,M} = M_{j,Ed} F_{tj,Rd,M} / M_{j,Rd}$$

$$F_{tj,Ed} = F_{tj,Ed,N} + F_{tj,Ed,M}$$

$$F_{vj,Rd} = \text{Min} (n_h F_{v,Ed} / (1 - F_{tj,Ed} / (1.4 n_h F_{t,Rd,max})), n_h F_{v,Rd}, n_h F_{b,Rd})$$

$$V_{j,Rd} = n_h \sum_1^n F_{vj,Rd} \quad [\text{Table 3.4}]$$

$$V_{j,Rd} = 518,88 \text{ [kN]} \quad \text{Connection resistance for shear} \quad [\text{Table 3.4}]$$

$V_{b1,Ed} / V_{j,Rd} \leq 1,0$	$0,04 < 1,00$	verified (0,04)
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Weld resistance

$$A_w = 9130 \text{ [mm}^2\text{]} \quad \text{Area of all welds} \quad [4.5.3.2(2)]$$

$$A_{wy} = 5440 \text{ [mm}^2\text{]} \quad \text{Area of horizontal welds} \quad [4.5.3.2(2)]$$

$$A_{wz} = 3690 \text{ [mm}^2\text{]} \quad \text{Area of vertical welds} \quad [4.5.3.2(2)]$$

$$I_{wy} = 8398986 \text{ [mm}^4\text{]} \quad \text{Moment of inertia of the weld arrangement with respect to the horizontal axis} \quad [4.5.3.2(5)]$$

Weld resistance

$A_w = 9130 \text{ [mm}^2]$	Area of all welds	[4.5.3.2(2)]
$\sigma_{\perp \max} = \tau_{\perp \max} = -30, 98 \text{ [MPa]}$	Normal stress in a weld	[4.5.3.2(6)]
$\sigma_{\perp} = \tau_{\perp} = -30, 98 \text{ [MPa]}$	Stress in a vertical weld	[4.5.3.2(5)]
$\tau_{II} = 4, 93 \text{ [MPa]}$	Tangent stress	[4.5.3.2(5)]
$\beta_w = 0, 85$	Correlation coefficient	[4.5.3.2(7)]
$\sqrt{[\sigma_{\perp \max}^2 + 3 * (\tau_{\perp \max}^2)]} \leq f_u / (\beta_w * \gamma_{M2})$	61, 97 < 404, 71	verified (0, 15)
$\sqrt{[\sigma_{\perp}^2 + 3 * (\tau_{\perp}^2 + \tau_{II}^2)]} \leq f_u / (\beta_w * \gamma_{M2})$	62, 55 < 404, 71	verified (0, 15)
$\sigma_{\perp} \leq 0.9 * f_u / \gamma_{M2}$	30, 98 < 309, 60	verified (0, 10)

Connection stiffness

$t_{wash} = 4 \text{ [mm]}$	Washer thickness	[6.2.6.3.(2)]
$h_{head} = 12 \text{ [mm]}$	Bolt head height	[6.2.6.3.(2)]
$h_{nut} = 16 \text{ [mm]}$	Bolt nut height	[6.2.6.3.(2)]
$L_b = 46 \text{ [mm]}$	Bolt length	[6.2.6.3.(2)]
$k_{10} = 5 \text{ [mm]}$	Stiffness coefficient of bolts	[6.3.2.(1)]

STIFFNESSES OF BOLT ROWS

Nr	h_j	k_3	k_4	k_5	$k_{eff,j}$	$k_{eff,j} h_j$	$k_{eff,j} h_j^2$
					Sum	784	153959
1	245	4	10	34	2	432	105933
2	170	3	7	22	1	233	39630
3	70	4	10	31	2	119	8396

$$k_{eff,j} = 1 / (\sum_{i=1}^5 (1 / k_{i,j})) \quad [6.3.3.1.(2)]$$

$$z_{eq} = \sum_j k_{eff,j} h_j^2 / \sum_j k_{eff,j} h_j$$

$$z_{eq} = 196 \text{ [mm]} \quad \text{Equivalent force arm} \quad [6.3.3.1.(3)]$$

$$k_{eq} = \sum_j k_{eff,j} h_j / z_{eq}$$

$$k_{eq} = 4 \text{ [mm]} \quad \text{Equivalent stiffness coefficient of a bolt arrangement} \quad [6.3.3.1.(1)]$$

$$A_{vc} = 1321 \text{ [mm}^2] \quad \text{Shear area} \quad \text{EN1993-1-1:[6.2.6.(3)]}$$

$$\beta = 1, 00 \quad \text{Transformation parameter} \quad [5.3.(7)]$$

$$z = 196 \text{ [mm]} \quad \text{Lever arm} \quad [6.2.5]$$

$A_{vc} = 1321 \text{ [mm}^2]$	Shear area	EN1993-1-1:[6.2.6.(3)]
$k_1 = 3 \text{ [mm]}$	Stiffness coefficient of the column web panel subjected to shear [6.3.2.(1)]	
$k_2 = \infty$	Stiffness coefficient of the compressed column web	[6.3.2.(1)]
$S_{j,ini} = E z_{eq}^2 / \sum_i (1/k_1 + 1/k_2 + 1/k_{eq})$		[6.3.1.(4)]
$S_{j,ini} = 12325,00 \text{ [kN*m]}$	Initial rotational stiffness	[6.3.1.(4)]
$\mu = 1,00$	Stiffness coefficient of a connection	[6.3.1.(6)]
$S_j = S_{j,ini} / \mu$		[6.3.1.(4)]
$S_j = 12325,00 \text{ [kN*m]}$	Final rotational stiffness	[6.3.1.(4)]

Connection classification due to stiffness.

$S_{j,rig} = 3427,12 \text{ [kN*m]}$ Stiffness of a rigid connection [5.2.2.5]

$S_{j,pin} = 214,19 \text{ [kN*m]}$ Stiffness of a pinned connection [5.2.2.5]

$S_{j,ini} \geq S_{j,rig}$ RIGID

Weakest component:

COLUMN WEB PANEL - SHEAR

Connection conforms to the code	Ratio	0, 54
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Na temelju sljedećih mjerodavnih vrijednosti dobivenih iz Robot Structural Analysis za glavni okvir radimo provjeru proračuna priključka stup – gredni nosač [7].

$$M_{y,Ed} = 23,46 \text{ kNm}$$

$$V_{Ed} = 18,18 \text{ kN}$$

$$N_{Ed} = 20,19 \text{ kN}$$

Karakteristike vijaka i ploče:

Vijci: M16 – k.v. 10.9.

Granica popuštanja: $f_{yb} = 900 \text{ N/mm}^2$

Vlačna čvrstoća: $f_{ub} = 1000 \text{ N/mm}^2$

Promjer jezgre vijka: $d = 16 \text{ mm}$

Promjer rupe za vijak: $d_0 = 18 \text{ mm}$

Vlačna površina poprečnog presjeka vijka: $A_s = 157 \text{ mm}^2$

Čelična ploča: S 275 $t = 15\text{mm}$

Vlačna čvrstoća: $f_{ub} = 430 \text{ N/mm}^2$

Otpornost vijaka na vlak:

$$N_{Rd,u,1} = n * F_{t,Rd,u}$$

n – ukupni broj vijaka

$$F_{t,Rd} = \frac{k_2 * f_{ub} * A_s}{\gamma_{M2}} = \frac{0,9 * 1000 * 157}{1,25} = 113,04 \text{ kN}$$

$$N_{Rd,u,1} = 6 * 113,04 = 678,24 \text{ kN}$$

Možemo prepostaviti da prvi red vijaka preuzima maksimalno opterećenje, dok ostali redovi preuzimaju opterećenje prema raspodjeli.

Red vijaka	h_j	$F_{tj,Rd}$
1	245	139,96
2	170	60,34
3	70	-

h_j – vrijednost udaljenosti određenog vijka od tlačnog ruba

$$M_{t,Rd} = \sum h_j * F_{tj,Rd} = 44,55 \text{ kNm}$$

$$M_{y,Ed} \leq M_{t,Rd}; 23,46 < 44,55 \text{ ZADOVOLJAVA(53%)}$$

Otpornost vijaka na posmik:

Otpornost jednog vijka na posmik

$$F_{v,Rd} = \frac{\alpha_v * f_{ub} * A_s}{\gamma_{M2}}$$

$$\alpha_v = 0,5$$

$$F_{v,Rd} = \frac{0,5 * 1000 * 157}{1,25} = 62,8 \text{ kN} (\text{robot je drugi parametar odabrao..})$$

$$F_{v,Rd} = 62,8 * 6 = 376,8 \text{ kN}$$

$$F_{v,Ed} \leq F_{v,Rd}; 18,18 < 376,8 \text{ ZADOVOLJAVA(5%)}$$

Otpornost na pritisak po omotaču rupe osnovnog materijala:

$$e_1 = \binom{50}{180} \text{ mm} \begin{array}{l} \text{od gornjeg ruba} \\ \text{od doneg ruba} \end{array}$$

$$e_2 = \binom{45}{45} \text{ mm} \begin{array}{l} \text{od lijevog ruba} \\ \text{od desnog ruba} \end{array}$$

$$p_1 = 75 \text{ mm}$$

$$p_2 = 100 \text{ mm}$$

Za krajnje vijke

$$\alpha_d = \frac{e_1}{3 * d_0} = \frac{50}{3 * 18} = 0,93$$

Za unutarnje vijke

$$\alpha_d = \frac{p_1}{3 * d_0} - \frac{1}{4} = \frac{75}{3 * 18} - \frac{1}{4} = 1,14$$

$$\alpha_b = \min \left(\alpha_b; \frac{f_{ub}}{f_u}; 1 \right) = \min \left(0,93; \frac{1000}{430}; 1 \right) = 0,93$$

Za krajnje vijke

$$k_1 = \min \left(2,8 * \frac{e_2}{d_0} - 1,7; 2,5 \right) = \min(5,3; 2,5) = 2,5$$

Za unutarnje vijke:

$$k_1 = \min \left(1,4 * \frac{p_2}{d_0} - 1,7 ; 2,5 \right) = \min(6,07 ; 2,5) = 2,5$$

$$F_{b,Rd} = \frac{k_1 * \alpha_b * f_{ub} * d * t}{\gamma_{M2}} = \frac{2,5 * 0,93 * 1000 * 16 * 15}{1,25} = 446,4$$

$$F_{v,Ed} \leq F_{b,Rd} ; 18,18 < 191,95 \text{ ZADOVOLJAVA(4%)}$$

Interakcija posmika i vlaka:

$$\frac{F_{v,Ed}}{F_{v,Rd}} + \frac{M_{y,Ed}}{1,40 * M_{t,Rd}} \leq 1 ; \frac{18,18}{376,8} + \frac{23,46}{1,4 * 44,55} \leq 1 ; 0,42 < 1$$

ZADOVOLJAVA(42%)

Proračun zavara:

$$F_{t,Ed} = \frac{23,46}{0,85} = 27,6 \text{ kN}$$

Djelovanje na zavar:

$$F_{w,Ed} = \sqrt{(0,5 * V_{z,Ed})^2 + F_{t,Ed}^2} = \sqrt{9,09^2 + 27,6^2} = 29,06 \text{ kN}$$

Duljina zavara:

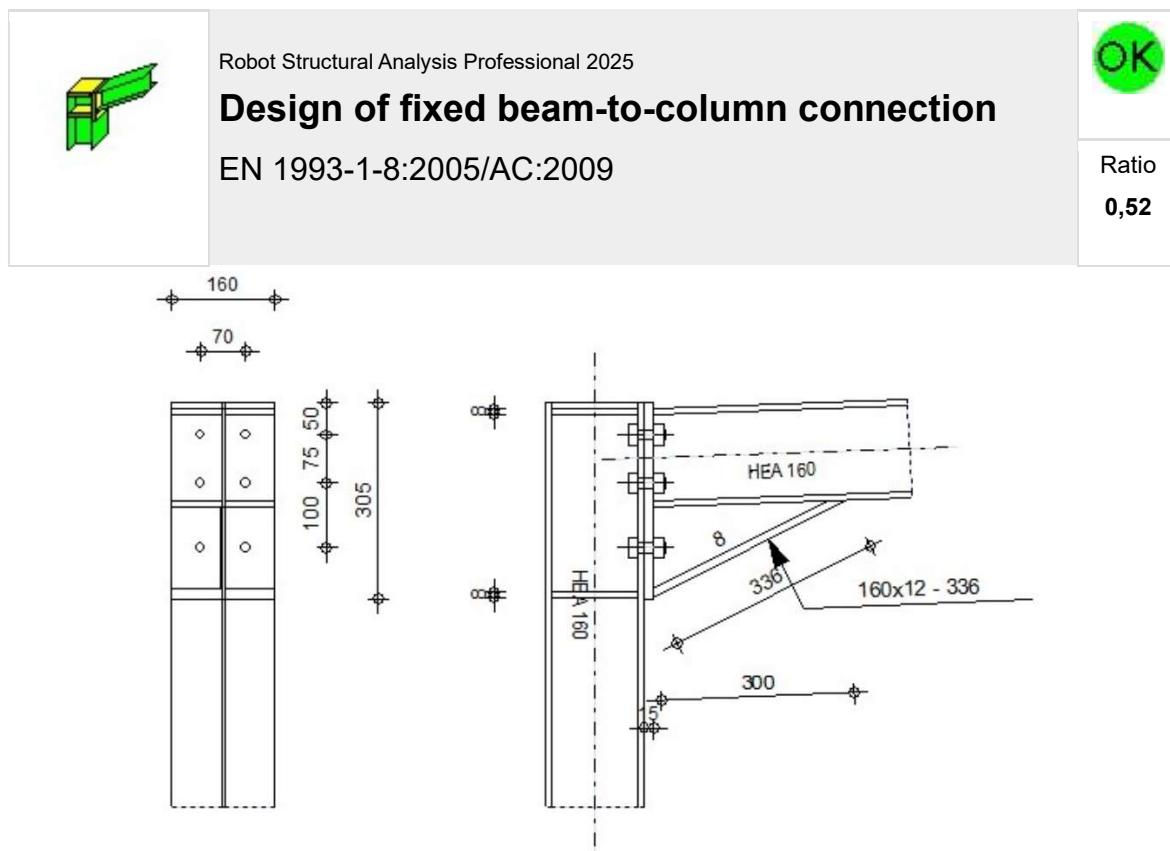
$$L = 2 * (2b - tw - 2r) = 2 * (2 * 160 - 6 - 2 * 15) = 568 \text{ mm}$$

Debljina zavara iznosi 8 mm.

$$F_{w,Rd} = \frac{\frac{f_u}{\sqrt{3} * \beta_w} * a * L}{\gamma_{M2}} = \frac{\frac{43,0}{\sqrt{3} * 0,85} * 0,8 * 56,8}{1,25} = 1061,74 \text{ kN}$$

$$F_{w,Ed} \leq F_{w,Rd} ; 29,06 < 1061,74 \text{ ZADOVOLJAVA(1%)}$$

9.2. Stup i gredni nosač (DETALJ B)



General

Connection no.: 7

Connection name: Frame knee

Structure node: 49

Structure members: 34, 35

Geometry

Column

Section: HEA 160

Member no.: 34

$\alpha = -90, 0$ [Deg] Inclination angle

$h_c = 152$ [mm] Height of column section

$b_{fc} = 160$ [mm] Width of column section

$t_{wc} = 6$ [mm] Thickness of the web of column section

Section: HEA 160

$t_{fc} = 9$ [mm] Thickness of the flange of column section

$r_c = 15$ [mm] Radius of column section fillet

$A_c = 3877$ [mm²] Cross-sectional area of a column

$I_{xc} = 16729800$ [mm⁴] Moment of inertia of the column section

Material: S275

$f_{yc} = 275,00$ [MPa] Resistance

Beam

Section: HEA 160

Member no.: 35

$\alpha = 2,2$ [Deg] Inclination angle

$h_b = 152$ [mm] Height of beam section

$b_f = 160$ [mm] Width of beam section

$t_{wb} = 6$ [mm] Thickness of the web of beam section

$t_{fb} = 9$ [mm] Thickness of the flange of beam section

$r_b = 15$ [mm] Radius of beam section fillet

$r_b = 15$ [mm] Radius of beam section fillet

$A_b = 3877$ [mm²] Cross-sectional area of a beam

$I_{xb} = 16729800$ [mm⁴] Moment of inertia of the beam section

Material: S275

$f_{yb} = 275,00$ [MPa] Resistance

Bolts

The shear plane passes through the UNTHREADED portion of the bolt.

$d = 16$ [mm] Bolt diameter

Class = 10.9 Bolt class

$F_{tRd} = 113,04$ [kN] Tensile resistance of a bolt

$n_h = 2$ Number of bolt columns

$n_v = 3$ Number of bolt rows

$h_l = 50$ [mm] Distance between first bolt and upper edge of front plate

Horizontal spacing $e_i = 70$ [mm]

Vertical spacing $p_i = 75; 100$ [mm]

Plate

$h_p = 305$ [mm] Plate height

$b_p = 160$ [mm] Plate width

$t_p = 15$ [mm] Plate thickness

Material: S275

$f_{yp} = 275,00$ [MPa] Resistance

Lower stiffener

$w_d = 160$ [mm] Plate width

$t_{fd} = 12$ [mm] Flange thickness

$h_d = 140$ [mm] Plate height

$t_{wd} = 8$ [mm] Web thickness

$l_d = 300$ [mm] Plate length

$\alpha = 26,8$ [Deg] Inclination angle

Material: STEEL 43-245

$f_{ybu} = 245,00$ [MPa] Resistance

Column stiffener

Upper

$h_{su} = 134$ [mm] Stiffener height

$b_{su} = 77$ [mm] Stiffener width

$t_{hu} = 8$ [mm] Stiffener thickness

Material: S275

$f_{ysu} = 275,00$ [MPa] Resistance

Lower

$h_{sd} = 134$ [mm] Stiffener height

$b_{sd} = 77$ [mm] Stiffener width

$t_{hd} = 8$ [mm] Stiffener thickness

Material: S275

$f_{ysu} = 275,00$ [MPa] Resistance

Fillet welds

$a_w = 8$ [mm] Web weld

$a_f = 8$ [mm] Flange weld

$a_s = 8$ [mm] Stiffener weld

$a_{fd} = 5$ [mm] Horizontal weld

Material factors

$\gamma_{M0} = 1,00$	Partial safety factor	[2.2]
$\gamma_{M1} = 1,00$	Partial safety factor	[2.2]
$\gamma_{M2} = 1,25$	Partial safety factor	[2.2]
$\gamma_{M3} = 1,25$	Partial safety factor	[2.2]

Loads

Ultimate limit state

Case: 9: COMB1 (1+2)*1.35+4*1.50

$M_{b1,Ed} = 23,02 \text{ [kN*m]}$ Bending moment in the right beam

$V_{b1,Ed} = 17,71 \text{ [kN]}$ Shear force in the right beam

$N_{b1,Ed} = -11,84 \text{ [kN]}$ Axial force in the right beam

$M_{c1,Ed} = 23,03 \text{ [kN*m]}$ Bending moment in the lower column

$V_{c1,Ed} = 11,94 \text{ [kN]}$ Shear force in the lower column

$N_{c1,Ed} = -23,57 \text{ [kN]}$ Axial force in the lower column

Results

Beam resistances

COMPRESSION

$A_b = 3877 \text{ [mm}^2\text{]}$ Area EN1993-1-1:[6.2.4]

$N_{cb,Rd} = A_b f_{yb} / \gamma_{M0}$

$N_{cb,Rd} = 1066,21 \text{ [kN]}$ Design compressive resistance of the section EN1993-1-1:[6.2.4]

SHEAR

$A_{vb} = 2441 \text{ [mm}^2\text{]}$ Shear area EN1993-1-1:[6.2.6.(3)]

$V_{cb,Rd} = A_{vb} (f_{yb} / \sqrt{3}) / \gamma_{M0}$

$V_{cb,Rd} = 387,58 \text{ [kN]}$ Design sectional resistance for shear EN1993-1-1:[6.2.6.(2)]

$V_{b1,Ed} / V_{cb,Rd} \leq 1,0$ $0,05 < 1,00$ verified (0,05)

BENDING - PLASTIC MOMENT (WITHOUT BRACKETS)

$W_{plb} = 245167 \text{ [mm}^3\text{]}$ Plastic section modulus EN1993-1-1:[6.2.5.(2)]

$M_{b,pl,Rd} = W_{plb} f_{yb} / \gamma_{M0}$

$M_{b,pl,Rd} = 67,4 \text{ [kN*m]}$ Plastic resistance of the section for bending (without
stiffeners) EN1993-1-1:[6.2.5.(2)]

BENDING ON THE CONTACT SURFACE WITH PLATE OR CONNECTED ELEMENT

$W_{pl} = 593341 \text{ [mm}^3\text{]}$ Plastic section modulus EN1993-1-1:[6.2.5]

$M_{cb,Rd} = W_{pl} f_{yb} / \gamma_{M0}$

$M_{cb,Rd} = 163,17 \text{ [kN*m]}$ Design resistance of the section for bending EN1993-1-1:[6.2.5]

FLANGE AND WEB - COMPRESSION

$M_{cb,Rd} = 163,17 \text{ [kN*m]}$ Design resistance of the section for bending EN1993-1-1:[6.2.5]

$h_f = 281 \text{ [mm]}$ Distance between the centroids of flanges [6.2.6.7.(1)]

$$F_{c,fb,Rd} = M_{cb,Rd} / h_f$$

$F_{c,fb,Rd} = 580,91 \text{ [kN]}$ Resistance of the compressed flange and web [6.2.6.7.(1)]

WEB OR BRACKET FLANGE - COMPRESSION - LEVEL OF THE BEAM BOTTOM FLANGE

Bearing:

$\beta = 2,2 \text{ [Deg]}$ Angle between the front plate and the beam

$\gamma = 26,8 \text{ [Deg]}$ Inclination angle of the bracket plate

$b_{eff,c,wb} = 171 \text{ [mm]}$ Effective width of the web for compression [6.2.6.2.(1)]

$A_{vb} = 1321 \text{ [mm}^2]$ Shear area EN1993-1-1:[6.2.6.(3)]

$\omega = 0,75$ Reduction factor for interaction with shear [6.2.6.2.(1)]

$\sigma_{com,Ed} = 74,60 \text{ [MPa]}$ Maximum compressive stress in web [6.2.6.2.(2)]

$k_{wc} = 1,00$ Reduction factor conditioned by compressive stresses [6.2.6.2.(2)]

$$F_{c,wb,Rd1} = [\omega k_{wc} b_{eff,c,wb} t_{wb} f_{yb} / \gamma_{M0}] \cos(\gamma) / \sin(\gamma - \beta)$$

$F_{c,wb,Rd1} = 453,30 \text{ [kN]}$ Beam web resistance [6.2.6.2.(1)]

Buckling:

$d_{wb} = 104 \text{ [mm]}$ Height of compressed web [6.2.6.2.(1)]

$\lambda_p = 0,76$ Plate slenderness of an element [6.2.6.2.(1)]

$\rho = 0,97$ Reduction factor for element buckling [6.2.6.2.(1)]

$$F_{c,wb,Rd2} = [\omega k_{wc} \rho b_{eff,c,wb} t_{wb} f_{yb} / \gamma_{M1}] \cos(\gamma) / \sin(\gamma - \beta)$$

$F_{c,wb,Rd2} = 439,62 \text{ [kN]}$ Beam web resistance [6.2.6.2.(1)]

Final resistance:

$$F_{c,wb,Rd,low} = \text{Min} (F_{c,wb,Rd1}, F_{c,wb,Rd2})$$

$F_{c,wb,Rd,low} = 439,62 \text{ [kN]}$ Beam web resistance [6.2.6.2.(1)]

Column resistances

WEB PANEL - SHEAR

$M_{b1,Ed} = 23,02 \text{ [kN*m]}$ Bending moment (right beam) [5.3.(3)]

$M_{b2,Ed} = 0,00 \text{ [kN*m]}$ Bending moment (left beam) [5.3.(3)]

$V_{c1,Ed} = 11,94 \text{ [kN]}$ Shear force (lower column) [5.3.(3)]

$V_{c2,Ed} = 0,00 \text{ [kN]}$ Shear force (upper column) [5.3.(3)]

WEB PANEL - SHEAR

$$M_{b1,Ed} = 23,02 \text{ [kN*m]} \quad \text{Bending moment (right beam)} \quad [5.3.(3)]$$

$$z = 208 \text{ [mm]} \quad \text{Lever arm} \quad [6.2.5]$$

$$V_{wp,Ed} = (M_{b1,Ed} - M_{b2,Ed}) / z - (V_{c1,Ed} - V_{c2,Ed}) / 2$$

$$V_{wp,Ed} = 104,76 \text{ [kN]} \quad \text{Shear force acting on the web panel} \quad [5.3.(3)]$$

$$A_{vs} = \frac{132}{1} \text{ [mm}^2\text{]} \quad \text{Shear area of the column web} \quad \text{EN1993-1-1:[6.2.6.(3)]}$$

$$A_{vc} = \frac{132}{1} \text{ [mm}^2\text{]} \quad \text{Shear area} \quad \text{EN1993-1-1:[6.2.6.(3)]}$$

$$d_s = 277 \text{ [mm]} \quad \text{Distance between the centroids of stiffeners} \quad [6.2.6.1.(4)]$$

$$M_{pl,fc,Rd} = \frac{0,8}{9} \text{ [kN*m]} \quad \text{Plastic resistance of the column flange for bending} \quad [6.2.6.1.(4)]$$

$$= \frac{0,7}{0} \text{ [kN*m]} \quad \text{Plastic resistance of the upper transverse stiffener for bending} \quad [6.2.6.1.(4)]$$

$$M_{pl,stl,Rd} = \frac{0,7}{0} \text{ [kN*m]} \quad \text{Plastic resistance of the lower transverse stiffener for bending} \quad [6.2.6.1.(4)]$$

$$V_{wp,Rd} = 0,9 (A_{vs} * f_{y,wc}) / (\sqrt{3} \gamma_{M0}) + \text{Min}(4 M_{pl,fc,Rd} / d_s, (2 M_{pl,fc,Rd} + M_{pl,stu,Rd} + M_{pl,stl,Rd}) / d_s)$$

$$V_{wp,Rd} = 200,30 \text{ [kN]} \quad \text{Resistance of the column web panel for shear} [6.2.6.1]$$

$$V_{wp,Ed} / V_{wp,Rd} \leq 1,0 \quad 0,52 < 1,00 \quad \text{verified} \quad (0,52)$$

WEB - TRANSVERSE COMPRESSION - LEVEL OF THE BEAM BOTTOM FLANGE

Bearing:

$$t_{wc} = 6 \text{ [mm]} \quad \text{Effective thickness of the column web} \quad [6.2.6.2.(6)]$$

$$b_{eff,c,wc} = 186 \text{ [mm]} \quad \text{Effective width of the web for compression} \quad [6.2.6.2.(1)]$$

$$A_{vc} = 1321 \text{ [mm}^2\text{]} \quad \text{Shear area} \quad \text{EN1993-1-1:[6.2.6.(3)]}$$

$$\omega = 0,72 \quad \text{Reduction factor for interaction with shear} \quad [6.2.6.2.(1)]$$

$$\sigma_{com,Ed} = 77,66 \text{ [MPa]} \quad \text{Maximum compressive stress in web} \quad [6.2.6.2.(2)]$$

$$k_{wc} = 1,00 \quad \text{Reduction factor conditioned by compressive stresses} [6.2.6.2.(2)]$$

$$A_s = 1232 \text{ [mm}^2\text{]} \quad \text{Area of the web stiffener} \quad \text{EN1993-1-1:[6.2.4]}$$

$$F_{c,wc,Rd1} = \omega k_{wc} b_{eff,c,wc} t_{wc} f_{yc} / \gamma_{M0} + A_s f_{ys} / \gamma_{M0}$$

$$F_{c,wc,Rd1} = 559,89 \text{ [kN]} \quad \text{Column web resistance} \quad [6.2.6.2.(1)]$$

Buckling:

$$d_{wc} = 104 \text{ [mm]} \quad \text{Height of compressed web} \quad [6.2.6.2.(1)]$$

$$\lambda_p = 0,79 \quad \text{Plate slenderness of an element} \quad [6.2.6.2.(1)]$$

$$\rho = 0,94 \quad \text{Reduction factor for element buckling} \quad [6.2.6.2.(1)]$$

$$\lambda_s = 2,21 \quad \text{Stiffener slenderness} \quad \text{EN1993-1-1:[6.3.1.2]}$$

Buckling:

$$d_{wc} = 104 \text{ [mm]} \quad \text{Height of compressed web} \quad [6.2.6.2.(1)]$$

$$\chi_s = 1,00 \quad \text{Buckling coefficient of the stiffener} \quad \text{EN1993-1-1:[6.3.1.2]}$$

$$F_{c,wc,Rd2} = \omega k_{wc} \rho b_{eff,c,wc} t_{wc} f_{yc} / \gamma_{M1} + A_s \chi_s f_{ys} / \gamma_{M1}$$

$$F_{c,wc,Rd2} = 547,56 \text{ [kN]} \quad \text{Column web resistance} \quad [6.2.6.2.(1)]$$

Final resistance:

$$F_{c,wc,Rd,low} = \text{Min} (F_{c,wc,Rd1}, F_{c,wc,Rd2})$$

$$F_{c,wc,Rd} = 547,56 \text{ [kN]} \quad \text{Column web resistance} \quad [6.2.6.2.(1)]$$

WEB - TRANSVERSE COMPRESSION - LEVEL OF THE BEAM TOP FLANGE

Bearing:

$$t_{wc} = 6 \text{ [mm]} \quad \text{Effective thickness of the column web} \quad [6.2.6.2.(6)]$$

$$b_{eff,c,wc} = 182 \text{ [mm]} \quad \text{Effective width of the web for compression} \quad [6.2.6.2.(1)]$$

$$A_{vc} = 1321 \text{ [mm}^2\text{]} \quad \text{Shear area} \quad \text{EN1993-1-1:[6.2.6.(3)]}$$

$$\omega = 0,73 \quad \text{Reduction factor for interaction with shear} \quad [6.2.6.2.(1)]$$

$$\sigma_{com,Ed} = 77,66 \text{ [MPa]} \quad \text{Maximum compressive stress in web} \quad [6.2.6.2.(2)]$$

$$k_{wc} = 1,00 \quad \text{Reduction factor conditioned by compressive stresses [6.2.6.2.(2)]}$$

$$A_s = 1232 \text{ [mm}^2\text{]} \quad \text{Area of the web stiffener} \quad \text{EN1993-1-1:[6.2.4]}$$

$$F_{c,wc,Rd1} = \omega k_{wc} b_{eff,c,wc} t_{wc} f_{yc} / \gamma_{M0} + A_s f_{ys} / \gamma_{M0}$$

$$F_{c,wc,Rd1} = 557,11 \text{ [kN]} \quad \text{Column web resistance} \quad [6.2.6.2.(1)]$$

Buckling:

$$d_{wc} = 104 \text{ [mm]} \quad \text{Height of compressed web} \quad [6.2.6.2.(1)]$$

$$\lambda_p = 0,78 \quad \text{Plate slenderness of an element} \quad [6.2.6.2.(1)]$$

$$\rho = 0,95 \quad \text{Reduction factor for element buckling} \quad [6.2.6.2.(1)]$$

$$\lambda_s = 2,21 \quad \text{Stiffener slenderness} \quad \text{EN1993-1-1:[6.3.1.2]}$$

$$\chi_s = 1,00 \quad \text{Buckling coefficient of the stiffener} \quad \text{EN1993-1-1:[6.3.1.2]}$$

$$F_{c,wc,Rd2} = \omega k_{wc} \rho b_{eff,c,wc} t_{wc} f_{yc} / \gamma_{M1} + A_s \chi_s f_{ys} / \gamma_{M1}$$

$$F_{c,wc,Rd2} = 546,58 \text{ [kN]} \quad \text{Column web resistance} \quad [6.2.6.2.(1)]$$

Final resistance:

$$F_{c,wc,Rd,upp} = \text{Min} (F_{c,wc,Rd1}, F_{c,wc,Rd2})$$

$$F_{c,wc,Rd,upp} = 546,58 \text{ [kN]} \quad \text{Column web resistance} \quad [6.2.6.2.(1)]$$

Geometrical parameters of a connection

EFFECTIVE LENGTHS AND PARAMETERS - COLUMN FLANGE

Nr	m	m_x	e	e_x	p	$l_{eff,cp}$	$l_{eff,nc}$	$l_{eff,1}$	$l_{eff,2}$	$l_{eff,cp,g}$	$l_{eff,nc,g}$	$l_{eff,1,g}$	$l_{eff,2,g}$
1	20	-	45	-	75	126	154	126	154	138	124	124	124
2	20	-	45	-	88	126	136	126	136	175	88	88	88
3	20	-	45	-	100	126	136	126	136	163	118	118	118

EFFECTIVE LENGTHS AND PARAMETERS - FRONT PLATE

Nr	m	m_x	e	e_x	p	$l_{eff,cp}$	$l_{eff,nc}$	$l_{eff,1}$	$l_{eff,2}$	$l_{eff,cp,g}$	$l_{eff,nc,g}$	$l_{eff,1,g}$	$l_{eff,2,g}$
1	23	-	45	-	75	144	172	144	172	147	136	136	136
2	23	-	45	-	88	144	148	144	148	175	88	88	88
3	23	-	45	-	100	144	148	144	148	172	124	124	124

m – Bolt distance from the web

m_x – Bolt distance from the beam flange

e – Bolt distance from the outer edge

e_x – Bolt distance from the horizontal outer edge

p – Distance between bolts

$l_{eff,cp}$ – Effective length for a single bolt row in the circular failure mode

$l_{eff,nc}$ – Effective length for a single bolt row in the non-circular failure mode

$l_{eff,1}$ – Effective length for a single bolt row for mode 1

$l_{eff,2}$ – Effective length for a single bolt row for mode 2

$l_{eff,cp,g}$ – Effective length for a group of bolts in the circular failure mode

$l_{eff,nc,g}$ – Effective length for a group of bolts in the non-circular failure mode

$l_{eff,1,g}$ – Effective length for a group of bolts for mode 1

$l_{eff,2,g}$ – Effective length for a group of bolts for mode 2

Connection resistance for compression

$$N_{j,Rd} = \text{Min} (N_{cb,Rd} 2 F_{c,wb,Rd,low} , 2 F_{c,wc,Rd,low} , 2 F_{c,wc,Rd,upp})$$

$$N_{j,Rd} = 879, 23 [\text{kN}] \quad \text{Connection resistance for compression} \quad [6.2]$$

$N_{b1,Ed} / N_{j,Rd} \leq 1,0$	$0,01 < 1,00$	verified (0,01)
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Connection resistance for bending

$$F_{t,Rd} = 113, 04 [\text{kN}] \quad \text{Bolt resistance for tension} \quad [\text{Table 3.4}]$$

$$B_{p,Rd} = 140, 06 [\text{kN}] \quad \text{Punching shear resistance of a bolt} \quad [\text{Table 3.4}]$$

$F_{t,fc,Rd}$ – column flange resistance due to bending

$F_{t,wc,Rd}$ – column web resistance due to tension

$F_{t,ep,Rd}$ – resistance of the front plate due to bending

$F_{t,fc,Rd}$ – column flange resistance due to bending

$F_{t,wb,Rd}$ – resistance of the web in tension

$$F_{t,fc,Rd} = \text{Min} (F_{T,1,fc,Rd}, F_{T,2,fc,Rd}, F_{T,3,fc,Rd}) \quad [6.2.6.4], [Tab.6.2]$$

$$F_{t,wc,Rd} = \omega b_{eff,t,wc} t_{wc} f_{yc} / \gamma_{M0} \quad [6.2.6.3.(1)]$$

$$F_{t,ep,Rd} = \text{Min} (F_{T,1,ep,Rd}, F_{T,2,ep,Rd}, F_{T,3,ep,Rd}) \quad [6.2.6.5], [Tab.6.2]$$

$$F_{t,wb,Rd} = b_{eff,t,wb} t_{wb} f_{yb} / \gamma_{M0} \quad [6.2.6.8.(1)]$$

RESISTANCE OF THE BOLT ROW NO. 1

$F_{t1,Rd,comp} - Formula$	$F_{t1,Rd,comp}$	Component
$F_{t1,Rd} = \text{Min} (F_{t1,Rd,comp})$	139, 96	Bolt row resistance
$F_{t,fc,Rd(1)} = 139,96$	139, 96	Column flange - tension
$F_{t,wc,Rd(1)} = 173,79$	173, 79	Column web - tension
$F_{t,ep,Rd(1)} = 226,08$	226, 08	Front plate - tension
$F_{t,wb,Rd(1)} = 237,92$	237, 92	Beam web - tension
$B_{p,Rd} = 280,12$	280, 12	Bolts due to shear punching
$V_{wp,Rd}/\beta = 200,30$	200, 30	Web panel - shear
$F_{c,wc,Rd} = 547,56$	547, 56	Column web - compression
$F_{c,fb,Rd} = 580,91$	580, 91	Beam flange - compression
$F_{c,wb,Rd} = 439,62$	439, 62	Beam web - compression

RESISTANCE OF THE BOLT ROW NO. 2

$F_{t2,Rd,comp} - Formula$	$F_{t2,Rd,comp}$	Component
$F_{t2,Rd} = \text{Min} (F_{t2,Rd,comp})$	60, 34	Bolt row resistance
$F_{t,fc,Rd(2)} = 139,96$	139, 96	Column flange - tension
$F_{t,wc,Rd(2)} = 173,79$	173, 79	Column web - tension
$F_{t,ep,Rd(2)} = 214,30$	214, 30	Front plate - tension
$F_{t,wb,Rd(2)} = 237,92$	237, 92	Beam web - tension
$B_{p,Rd} = 280,12$	280, 12	Bolts due to shear punching
$V_{wp,Rd}/\beta - \sum_1^1 F_{ti,Rd} = 200,30 - 139,96$	60, 34	Web panel - shear
$F_{c,wc,Rd} - \sum_1^1 F_{tj,Rd} = 547,56 - 139,96$	407, 60	Column web - compression
$F_{c,fb,Rd} - \sum_1^1 F_{tj,Rd} = 580,91 - 139,96$	440, 95	Beam flange - compression
$F_{c,wb,Rd} - \sum_1^1 F_{tj,Rd} = 439,62 - 139,96$	299, 66	Beam web - compression
$F_{t,fc,Rd(2+1)} - \sum_1^1 F_{tj,Rd} = 235,41 - 139,96$	95, 45	Column flange - tension - group

F_{t2,Rd,comp} - Formula	F_{t2,Rd,comp}	Component
F _{t,wc,Rd(2+1)} - $\sum_1^1 F_{tj,Rd}$ = 235,24 - 139,96	95, 28	Column web - tension - group
F _{t,ep,Rd(2+1)} - $\sum_1^1 F_{tj,Rd}$ = 385,02 - 139,96	245, 07	Front plate - tension - group
F _{t,wb,Rd(2+1)} - $\sum_1^1 F_{tj,Rd}$ = 368,54 - 139,96	228, 58	Beam web - tension - group

RESISTANCE OF THE BOLT ROW NO. 3

F_{t3,Rd,comp} - Formula	F_{t3,Rd,comp}	Component
F _{t3,Rd} = Min (F _{t3,Rd,comp})	0, 00	Bolt row resistance
F _{t,fc,Rd(3)} = 139,96	139, 96	Column flange - tension
F _{t,wc,Rd(3)} = 173,79	173, 79	Column web - tension
F _{t,ep,Rd(3)} = 214,30	214, 30	Front plate - tension
F _{t,wb,Rd(3)} = 237,92	237, 92	Beam web - tension
B _{p,Rd} = 280,12	280, 12	Bolts due to shear punching
V _{wp,Rd/β} - $\sum_1^2 F_{ti,Rd}$ = 200,30 - 200,30	0, 00	Web panel - shear
F _{c,wc,Rd} - $\sum_1^2 F_{tj,Rd}$ = 547,56 - 200,30	347, 26	Column web - compression
F _{c,fb,Rd} - $\sum_1^2 F_{tj,Rd}$ = 580,91 - 200,30	380, 61	Beam flange - compression
F _{c,wb,Rd} - $\sum_1^2 F_{tj,Rd}$ = 439,62 - 200,30	239, 32	Beam web - compression
F _{t,fc,Rd(3+2)} - $\sum_2^2 F_{tj,Rd}$ = 228,46 - 60,34	168, 12	Column flange - tension - group
F _{t,wc,Rd(3+2)} - $\sum_2^2 F_{tj,Rd}$ = 232,01 - 60,34	171, 67	Column web - tension - group
F _{t,fc,Rd(3+2+1)} - $\sum_2^1 F_{tj,Rd}$ = 366,42 - 200,30	166, 12	Column flange - tension - group
F _{t,wc,Rd(3+2+1)} - $\sum_2^1 F_{tj,Rd}$ = 274,80 - 200,30	74, 50	Column web - tension - group
F _{t,ep,Rd(3+2)} - $\sum_2^2 F_{tj,Rd}$ = 377,93 - 60,34	317, 59	Front plate - tension - group
F _{t,wb,Rd(3+2)} - $\sum_2^2 F_{tj,Rd}$ = 349,01 - 60,34	288, 67	Beam web - tension - group
F _{t,ep,Rd(3+2+1)} - $\sum_2^1 F_{tj,Rd}$ = 584,93 - 200,30	384, 63	Front plate - tension - group
F _{t,wb,Rd(3+2+1)} - $\sum_2^1 F_{tj,Rd}$ = 573,17 - 200,30	372, 87	Beam web - tension - group

SUMMARY TABLE OF FORCES

Nr h_j	F_{tj,Rd}	F_{t,fc,Rd}	F_{t,wc,Rd}	F_{t,ep,Rd}	F_{t,wb,Rd}	F_{t,Rd}	B_{p,Rd}
1 245	139, 96	139, 96	173, 79	226, 08	237, 92	226, 08	280, 12
2 170	60, 34	139, 96	173, 79	214, 30	237, 92	226, 08	280, 12
3 70	-	139, 96	173, 79	214, 30	237, 92	226, 08	280, 12

CONNECTION RESISTANCE FOR BENDING M_{j,Rd}

$$M_{j,Rd} = \sum h_j F_{tj,Rd}$$

$$M_{j,Rd} = 44,63 \text{ [kN*m]} \quad \text{Connection resistance for bending} \quad [6.2]$$

$M_{b1,Ed} / M_{j,Rd} \leq 1,0$	$0,52 < 1,00$	verified (0,52)
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Connection resistance for shear

$$\alpha_v = 0,60 \quad \text{Coefficient for calculation of } F_{v,Rd} \quad [\text{Table 3.4}]$$

$$F_{v,Rd} = 96,51 \text{ [kN]} \quad \text{Shear resistance of a single bolt} \quad [\text{Table 3.4}]$$

$$F_{t,Rd,max} = 113,04 \text{ [kN]} \quad \text{Tensile resistance of a single bolt} \quad [\text{Table 3.4}]$$

$$F_{b,Rd,int} = 123,84 \text{ [kN]} \quad \text{Bearing resistance of an intermediate bolt} \quad [\text{Table 3.4}]$$

$$F_{b,Rd,ext} = 114,67 \text{ [kN]} \quad \text{Bearing resistance of an outermost bolt} \quad [\text{Table 3.4}]$$

Nr	$F_{tj,Rd,N}$	$F_{tj,Ed,N}$	$F_{tj,Rd,M}$	$F_{tj,Ed,M}$	$F_{tj,Ed}$	$F_{vj,Rd}$
1	226,08	-3,95	139,96	72,19	68,25	151,40
2	226,08	-3,95	60,34	31,13	27,18	176,45
3	226,08	-3,95	0,00	0,00	-3,95	193,02

$F_{tj,Rd,N}$ – Bolt row resistance for simple tension

$F_{tj,Ed,N}$ – Force due to axial force in a bolt row

$F_{tj,Rd,M}$ – Bolt row resistance for simple bending

$F_{tj,Ed,M}$ – Force due to moment in a bolt row

$F_{tj,Ed}$ – Maximum tensile force in a bolt row

$F_{vj,Rd}$ – Reduced bolt row resistance

$$F_{tj,Ed,N} = N_{j,Ed} F_{tj,Rd,N} / N_{j,Rd}$$

$$F_{tj,Ed,M} = M_{j,Ed} F_{tj,Rd,M} / M_{j,Rd}$$

$$F_{tj,Ed} = F_{tj,Ed,N} + F_{tj,Ed,M}$$

$$F_{vj,Rd} = \text{Min} (n_h F_{v,Ed} / (1 - F_{tj,Ed} / (1.4 n_h F_{t,Rd,max})), n_h F_{v,Rd}, n_h F_{b,Rd})$$

$$V_{j,Rd} = n_h \sum_1^n F_{vj,Rd} \quad [\text{Table 3.4}]$$

$$V_{j,Rd} = 520,87 \text{ [kN]} \quad \text{Connection resistance for shear} \quad [\text{Table 3.4}]$$

$V_{b1,Ed} / V_{j,Rd} \leq 1,0$	$0,03 < 1,00$	verified (0,03)
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Weld resistance

$$A_w = 9130 \text{ [mm}^2\text{]} \quad \text{Area of all welds} \quad [4.5.3.2(2)]$$

$$A_{wy} = 5440 \text{ [mm}^2\text{]} \quad \text{Area of horizontal welds} \quad [4.5.3.2(2)]$$

$$A_{wz} = 3690 \text{ [mm}^2\text{]} \quad \text{Area of vertical welds} \quad [4.5.3.2(2)]$$

$$I_{wy} = 8398986 \text{ [mm}^4\text{]} \quad \text{Moment of inertia of the weld arrangement with respect to the horizontal axis} \quad [4.5.3.2(5)]$$

Weld resistance

$$A_w = 9130 \text{ [mm}^2\text{]} \quad \text{Area of all welds} \quad [4.5.3.2(2)]$$

$$\sigma_{\perp \max} = \tau_{\perp \max} = -30, 72 \text{ [MPa]} \quad \text{Normal stress in a weld} \quad [4.5.3.2(6)]$$

$$\sigma_{\perp} = \tau_{\perp} = -30, 72 \text{ [MPa]} \quad \text{Stress in a vertical weld} \quad [4.5.3.2(5)]$$

$$\tau_{II} = 4, 80 \text{ [MPa]} \quad \text{Tangent stress} \quad [4.5.3.2(5)]$$

$$\beta_w = 0, 85 \quad \text{Correlation coefficient} \quad [4.5.3.2(7)]$$

$$\sqrt{\sigma_{\perp \max}^2 + 3 * (\tau_{\perp \max}^2)} \leq f_u / (\beta_w * \gamma_{M2}) \quad 61, 44 < 404, 71 \quad \text{verified (0, 15)}$$

$$\sqrt{\sigma_{\perp}^2 + 3 * (\tau_{\perp}^2 + \tau_{II}^2)} \leq f_u / (\beta_w * \gamma_{M2}) \quad 62, 00 < 404, 71 \quad \text{verified (0, 15)}$$

$$\sigma_{\perp} \leq 0.9 * f_u / \gamma_{M2} \quad 30, 72 < 309, 60 \quad \text{verified (0, 10)}$$

Connection stiffness

$$t_{wash} = 4 \text{ [mm]} \quad \text{Washer thickness} \quad [6.2.6.3.(2)]$$

$$h_{head} = 12 \text{ [mm]} \quad \text{Bolt head height} \quad [6.2.6.3.(2)]$$

$$h_{nut} = 16 \text{ [mm]} \quad \text{Bolt nut height} \quad [6.2.6.3.(2)]$$

$$L_b = 46 \text{ [mm]} \quad \text{Bolt length} \quad [6.2.6.3.(2)]$$

$$k_{10} = 5 \text{ [mm]} \quad \text{Stiffness coefficient of bolts} \quad [6.3.2.(1)]$$

STIFFNESSES OF BOLT ROWS

Nr	h_j	k_3	k_4	k_5	$k_{eff,j}$	$k_{eff,j} h_j$	$k_{eff,j} h_j^2$
					Sum	784	153959
1	245	4	10	34	2	432	105933
2	170	3	7	22	1	233	39630
3	70	4	10	31	2	119	8396

$$k_{eff,j} = 1 / (\sum_{i=1}^5 (1 / k_{i,j})) \quad [6.3.3.1.(2)]$$

$$z_{eq} = \sum_j k_{eff,j} h_j^2 / \sum_j k_{eff,j} h_j$$

$$z_{eq} = 196 \text{ [mm]} \quad \text{Equivalent force arm} \quad [6.3.3.1.(3)]$$

$$k_{eq} = \sum_j k_{eff,j} h_j / z_{eq}$$

$$k_{eq} = 4 \text{ [mm]} \quad \text{Equivalent stiffness coefficient of a bolt arrangement} \quad [6.3.3.1.(1)]$$

$$A_{vc} = 1321 \text{ [mm}^2\text{]} \quad \text{Shear area} \quad \text{EN1993-1-1:[6.2.6.(3)]}$$

$$\beta = 1, 00 \quad \text{Transformation parameter} \quad [5.3.(7)]$$

$$z = 196 \text{ [mm]} \quad \text{Lever arm} \quad [6.2.5]$$

$A_{vc} = 1321 \text{ [mm}^2]$ Shear area EN1993-1-1:[6.2.6.(3)]

$k_1 = 3 \text{ [mm]}$ Stiffness coefficient of the column web panel subjected to shear [6.3.2.(1)]

$k_2 = \infty$ Stiffness coefficient of the compressed column web [6.3.2.(1)]

$S_{j,ini} = E z_{eq}^2 / \sum_i (1/k_1 + 1/k_2 + 1/k_{eq})$ [6.3.1.(4)]

$S_{j,ini} = 12325,00 \text{ [kN*m]}$ Initial rotational stiffness [6.3.1.(4)]

$\mu = 1,00$ Stiffness coefficient of a connection [6.3.1.(6)]

$S_j = S_{j,ini} / \mu$ [6.3.1.(4)]

$S_j = 12325,00 \text{ [kN*m]}$ Final rotational stiffness [6.3.1.(4)]

Connection classification due to stiffness.

$S_{j,rig} = 3427,12 \text{ [kN*m]}$ Stiffness of a rigid connection [5.2.2.5]

$S_{j,pin} = 214,19 \text{ [kN*m]}$ Stiffness of a pinned connection [5.2.2.5]

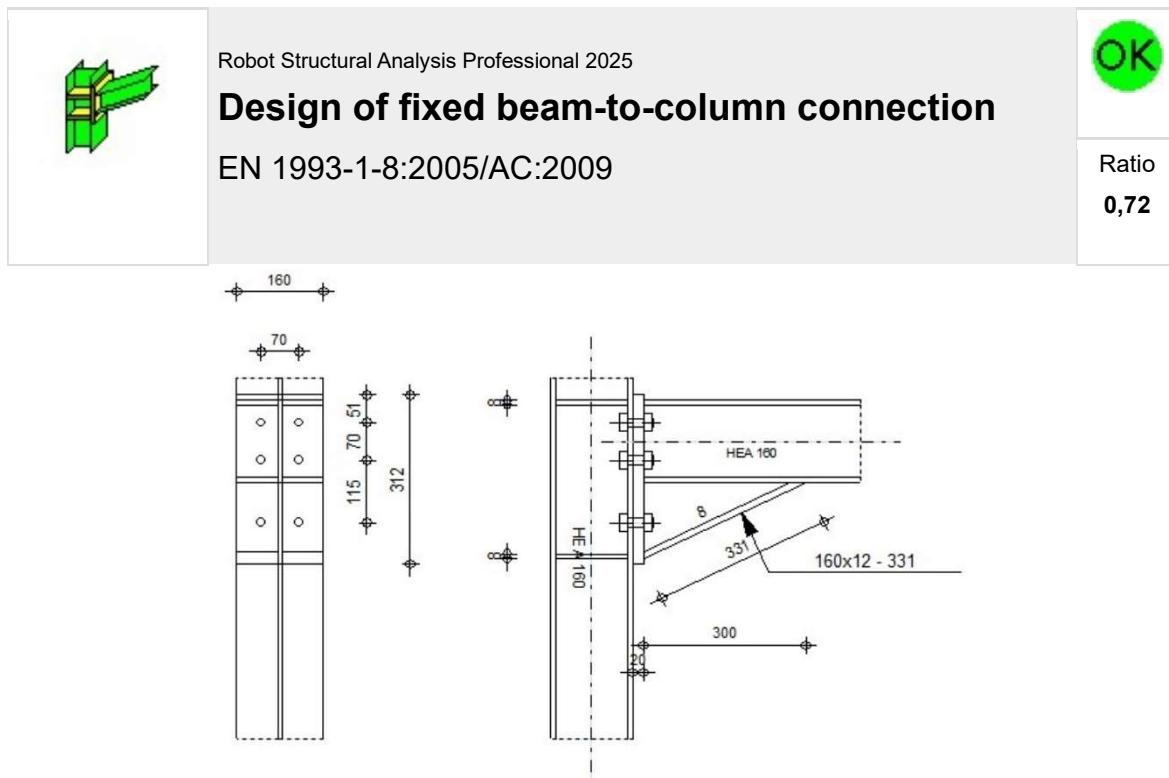
$S_{j,ini} \geq S_{j,rig}$ RIGID

Weakest component:

COLUMN WEB PANEL - SHEAR

Connection conforms to the code Ratio 0,52

9.3. Stup i gredni nosač galerije (DETALJ C)



General

Connection no.: 10

Connection name: Column-Beam

Structure node: 296

Structure members: 34, 209

Geometry

Column

Section: HEA 160

Member no.: 34

$\alpha = -90, 0$ [Deg] Inclination angle

$h_c = 152$ [mm] Height of column section

$b_{fc} = 160$ [mm] Width of column section

$t_{wc} = 6$ [mm] Thickness of the web of column section

$t_{fc} = 9$ [mm] Thickness of the flange of column section

$r_c = 15$ [mm] Radius of column section fillet

Section: HEA 160

$A_c = 3877$ [mm²] Cross-sectional area of a column

$I_{xc} = 16729800$ [mm⁴] Moment of inertia of the column section

Material: S275

$f_{yc} = 275,00$ [MPa] Resistance

Beam

Section: HEA 160

Member no.: 209

$\alpha = 0,0$ [Deg] Inclination angle

$h_b = 152$ [mm] Height of beam section

$b_f = 160$ [mm] Width of beam section

$t_{wb} = 6$ [mm] Thickness of the web of beam section

$t_{fb} = 9$ [mm] Thickness of the flange of beam section

$r_b = 15$ [mm] Radius of beam section fillet

$r_b = 15$ [mm] Radius of beam section fillet

$A_b = 3877$ [mm²] Cross-sectional area of a beam

$I_{xb} = 16729800$ [mm⁴] Moment of inertia of the beam section

Material: S275

$f_{yb} = 275,00$ [MPa] Resistance

Bolts

The shear plane passes through the UNTHREADED portion of the bolt.

$d = 16$ [mm] Bolt diameter

Class = 10.9 Bolt class

$F_{tRd} = 113,04$ [kN] Tensile resistance of a bolt

$n_h = 2$ Number of bolt columns

$n_v = 3$ Number of bolt rows

$h_l = 51$ [mm] Distance between first bolt and upper edge of front plate

Horizontal spacing $e_i = 70$ [mm]

Vertical spacing $p_i = 70; 115$ [mm]

Plate

$h_p = 312$ [mm] Plate height

$b_p = 160$ [mm] Plate width

$t_p = 20$ [mm] Plate thickness

Material: STEEL 43-245

$f_{yp} = 245,00$ [MPa] Resistance

Lower stiffener

$w_d = 160$ [mm] Plate width

$t_{fd} = 12$ [mm] Flange thickness

$h_d = 140$ [mm] Plate height

$t_{wd} = 8$ [mm] Web thickness

$l_d = 300$ [mm] Plate length

$\alpha = 25,0$ [Deg] Inclination angle

Material: S275

$f_{ybu} = 275,00$ [MPa] Resistance

Column stiffener

Upper

$h_{su} = 134$ [mm] Stiffener height

$b_{su} = 77$ [mm] Stiffener width

$t_{hu} = 8$ [mm] Stiffener thickness

Material: S275

$f_{ysu} = 275,00$ [MPa] Resistance

Lower

$h_{sd} = 134$ [mm] Stiffener height

$b_{sd} = 77$ [mm] Stiffener width

$t_{hd} = 8$ [mm] Stiffener thickness

Material: S275

$f_{ysu} = 275,00$ [MPa] Resistance

Fillet welds

$a_w = 5$ [mm] Web weld

$a_f = 7$ [mm] Flange weld

$a_s = 5$ [mm] Stiffener weld

$a_{fd} = 5$ [mm] Horizontal weld

Material factors

$\gamma_{M0} = 1,00$ Partial safety factor [2.2]

$\gamma_{M1} = 1,00$ Partial safety factor [2.2]

$\gamma_{M2} = 1,25$ Partial safety factor [2.2]

Material factors

$\gamma_{M0} = 1,00$	Partial safety factor	[2.2]
$\gamma_{M3} = 1,25$	Partial safety factor	[2.2]

Loads

Ultimate limit state

Case: 25: COMB28 3*1.50+2*1.35

$M_{b1,Ed} = 31,88 \text{ [kN*m]}$	Bending moment in the right beam
$V_{b1,Ed} = 30,48 \text{ [kN]}$	Shear force in the right beam
$N_{b1,Ed} = 5,04 \text{ [kN]}$	Axial force in the right beam
$M_{c1,Ed} = 13,84 \text{ [kN*m]}$	Bending moment in the lower column
$V_{c1,Ed} = 5,17 \text{ [kN]}$	Shear force in the lower column
$N_{c1,Ed} = -45,62 \text{ [kN]}$	Axial force in the lower column
$M_{c2,Ed} = -18,04 \text{ [kN*m]}$	Bending moment in the upper column
$V_{c2,Ed} = -10,54 \text{ [kN]}$	Shear force in the upper column
$N_{c2,Ed} = -8,13 \text{ [kN]}$	Axial force in the upper column

Results

Beam resistances

TENSION

$$A_b = 3877 \text{ [mm}^2\text{]} \quad \text{Area} \quad \text{EN1993-1-1:[6.2.3]}$$

$$N_{tb,Rd} = A_b f_{yb} / \gamma_{M0}$$

$$N_{tb,Rd} = 1066,21 \text{ [kN]} \quad \text{Design tensile resistance of the section} \quad \text{EN1993-1-1:[6.2.3]}$$

SHEAR

$$A_{vb} = 2441 \text{ [mm}^2\text{]} \quad \text{Shear area} \quad \text{EN1993-1-1:[6.2.6.(3)]}$$

$$V_{cb,Rd} = A_{vb} (f_{yb} / \sqrt{3}) / \gamma_{M0}$$

$$V_{cb,Rd} = 387,58 \text{ [kN]} \quad \text{Design sectional resistance for shear} \quad \text{EN1993-1-1:[6.2.6.(2)]}$$

$$V_{b1,Ed} / V_{cb,Rd} \leq 1,0 \quad 0,08 < 1,00 \quad \text{verified} \quad (0,08)$$

BENDING - PLASTIC MOMENT (WITHOUT BRACKETS)

$$W_{plb} = 245167 \text{ [mm}^3\text{]} \quad \text{Plastic section modulus} \quad \text{EN1993-1-1:[6.2.5.(2)]}$$

$$M_{b,pl,Rd} = W_{plb} f_{yb} / \gamma_{M0}$$

$$M_{b,pl,Rd} = 67,4 \text{ [kN*m]} \quad \text{Plastic resistance of the section for bending (without stiffeners)} \quad \text{EN1993-1-1:[6.2.5.(2)]}$$

BENDING ON THE CONTACT SURFACE WITH PLATE OR CONNECTED ELEMENT

$$W_{pl} = 590469 \text{ [mm}^3\text{]} \quad \text{Plastic section modulus} \quad \text{EN1993-1-1:[6.2.5]}$$

$$M_{cb,Rd} = W_{pl} f_{yb} / \gamma_{M0}$$

$$M_{cb,Rd} = 162,38 \text{ [kN*m]} \quad \text{Design resistance of the section for bending EN1993-1-1:[6.2.5]}$$

FLANGE AND WEB - COMPRESSION

$$M_{cb,Rd} = 162,38 \text{ [kN*m]} \quad \text{Design resistance of the section for bending EN1993-1-1:[6.2.5]}$$

$$h_f = 281 \text{ [mm]} \quad \text{Distance between the centroids of flanges} \quad [6.2.6.7.(1)]$$

$$F_{c,fb,Rd} = M_{cb,Rd} / h_f$$

$$F_{c,fb,Rd} = 578,11 \text{ [kN]} \quad \text{Resistance of the compressed flange and web [6.2.6.7.(1)]}$$

WEB OR BRACKET FLANGE - COMPRESSION - LEVEL OF THE BEAM BOTTOM FLANGE

Bearing:

$$\beta = 0,0 \text{ [Deg]} \quad \text{Angle between the front plate and the beam}$$

$$\gamma = 25,0 \text{ [Deg]} \quad \text{Inclination angle of the bracket plate}$$

$$b_{eff,c,wb} = 168 \text{ [mm]} \quad \text{Effective width of the web for compression} \quad [6.2.6.2.(1)]$$

$$A_{vb} = 1321 \text{ [mm}^2\text{]} \quad \text{Shear area} \quad \text{EN1993-1-1:[6.2.6.(3)]}$$

$$\omega = 0,75 \quad \text{Reduction factor for interaction with shear} \quad [6.2.6.2.(1)]$$

$$\sigma_{com,Ed} = 97,80 \text{ [MPa]} \quad \text{Maximum compressive stress in web} \quad [6.2.6.2.(2)]$$

$$k_{wc} = 1,00 \quad \text{Reduction factor conditioned by compressive stresses [6.2.6.2.(2)]}$$

$$F_{c,wb,Rd1} = [\omega k_{wc} b_{eff,c,wb} t_{wb} f_{yb} / \gamma_{M0}] \cos(\gamma) / \sin(\gamma - \beta)$$

$$F_{c,wb,Rd1} = 448,42 \text{ [kN]} \quad \text{Beam web resistance} \quad [6.2.6.2.(1)]$$

Buckling:

$$d_{wb} = 104 \text{ [mm]} \quad \text{Height of compressed web} \quad [6.2.6.2.(1)]$$

$$\lambda_p = 0,75 \quad \text{Plate slenderness of an element} \quad [6.2.6.2.(1)]$$

$$\rho = 0,98 \quad \text{Reduction factor for element buckling} \quad [6.2.6.2.(1)]$$

$$F_{c,wb,Rd2} = [\omega k_{wc} \rho b_{eff,c,wb} t_{wb} f_{yb} / \gamma_{M1}] \cos(\gamma) / \sin(\gamma - \beta)$$

$$F_{c,wb,Rd2} = 437,56 \text{ [kN]} \quad \text{Beam web resistance} \quad [6.2.6.2.(1)]$$

Final resistance:

$$F_{c,wb,Rd,low} = \text{Min} (F_{c,wb,Rd1}, F_{c,wb,Rd2})$$

$$F_{c,wb,Rd,low} = 437,56 \text{ [kN]} \quad \text{Beam web resistance} \quad [6.2.6.2.(1)]$$

Column resistances

WEB PANEL - SHEAR

$$M_{bl,Ed} = 31,88 \text{ [kN*m]} \quad \text{Bending moment (right beam)} \quad [5.3.(3)]$$

$$M_{b2,Ed} = 0,00 \text{ [kN*m]} \quad \text{Bending moment (left beam)} \quad [5.3.(3)]$$

WEB PANEL - SHEAR

$M_{b1,Ed} = 31,88 \text{ [kN*m]}$	Bending moment (right beam)	[5.3.(3)]
$V_{c1,Ed} = 5,17 \text{ [kN]}$	Shear force (lower column)	[5.3.(3)]
$V_{c2,Ed} = -10,54 \text{ [kN]}$	Shear force (upper column)	[5.3.(3)]
$z = 209 \text{ [mm]}$	Lever arm	[6.2.5]
$V_{wp,Ed} = (M_{b1,Ed} - M_{b2,Ed}) / z - (V_{c1,Ed} - V_{c2,Ed}) / 2$		
$V_{wp,Ed} = 144,42 \text{ [kN]}$	Shear force acting on the web panel	[5.3.(3)]
$A_{vs} = \frac{132}{1} \text{ [mm}^2\text{]}$	Shear area of the column web	EN1993-1-1:[6.2.6.(3)]
$A_{vc} = \frac{132}{1} \text{ [mm}^2\text{]}$	Shear area	EN1993-1-1:[6.2.6.(3)]
$d_s = 284 \text{ [mm]}$	Distance between the centroids of stiffeners	[6.2.6.1.(4)]
$M_{pl,fc,Rd} = \frac{0,8}{9} \text{ [kN*m]}$	Plastic resistance of the column flange for bending	[6.2.6.1.(4)]
$M_{pl,stu,Rd} = \frac{0,7}{0} \text{ [kN*m]}$	Plastic resistance of the upper transverse stiffener for bending	[6.2.6.1.(4)]
$M_{pl,stl,Rd} = \frac{0,7}{0} \text{ [kN*m]}$	Plastic resistance of the lower transverse stiffener for bending	[6.2.6.1.(4)]
$V_{wp,Rd} = 0,9 (A_{vs} * f_{y,wc}) / (\sqrt{3} \gamma_{M0}) + \text{Min}(4 M_{pl,fc,Rd} / d_s, (2 M_{pl,fc,Rd} + M_{pl,stu,Rd} + M_{pl,stl,Rd}) / d_s)$		
$V_{wp,Rd} = 200,02 \text{ [kN]}$	Resistance of the column web panel for shear	[6.2.6.1]
$V_{wp,Ed} / V_{wp,Rd} \leq 1,0$	0,72 < 1,00	verified (0,72)

WEB - TRANSVERSE COMPRESSION - LEVEL OF THE BEAM BOTTOM FLANGE

Bearing:

$t_{wc} = 6 \text{ [mm]}$	Effective thickness of the column web	[6.2.6.2.(6)]
$b_{eff,c,wc} = 193 \text{ [mm]}$	Effective width of the web for compression	[6.2.6.2.(1)]
$A_{vc} = 1321 \text{ [mm}^2\text{]}$	Shear area	EN1993-1-1:[6.2.6.(3)]
$\omega = 0,71$	Reduction factor for interaction with shear	[6.2.6.2.(1)]
$\sigma_{com,Ed} = 58,17 \text{ [MPa]}$	Maximum compressive stress in web	[6.2.6.2.(2)]
$k_{wc} = 1,00$	Reduction factor conditioned by compressive stresses	[6.2.6.2.(2)]
$A_s = 1232 \text{ [mm}^2\text{]}$	Area of the web stiffener	EN1993-1-1:[6.2.4]

$$F_{c,wc,Rd1} = \omega k_{wc} b_{eff,c,wc} t_{wc} f_{yc} / \gamma_{M0} + A_s f_{ys} / \gamma_{M0}$$

$$F_{c,wc,Rd1} = 564,07 \text{ [kN]} \quad \text{Column web resistance} \quad [6.2.6.2.(1)]$$

Buckling:

$d_{wc} = 104 \text{ [mm]}$	Height of compressed web	[6.2.6.2.(1)]
$\lambda_p = 0,81$	Plate slenderness of an element	[6.2.6.2.(1)]

Buckling:

$d_{wc} = 104$	[mm]	Height of compressed web	[6.2.6.2.(1)]
$\rho = 0,93$		Reduction factor for element buckling	[6.2.6.2.(1)]
$\lambda_s = 2,21$		Stiffener slenderness	EN1993-1-1:[6.3.1.2]
$\chi_s = 1,00$		Buckling coefficient of the stiffener	EN1993-1-1:[6.3.1.2]

$$F_{c,wc,Rd2} = \omega k_{wc} \rho b_{eff,c,wc} t_{wc} f_{yc} / \gamma_{M1} + A_s \chi_s f_{ys} / \gamma_{M1}$$

$$F_{c,wc,Rd2} = 548,92 \text{ [kN]} \quad \text{Column web resistance} \quad [6.2.6.2.(1)]$$

Final resistance:

$$F_{c,wc,Rd,low} = \text{Min} (F_{c,wc,Rd1}, F_{c,wc,Rd2})$$

$$F_{c,wc,Rd} = 548,92 \text{ [kN]} \quad \text{Column web resistance} \quad [6.2.6.2.(1)]$$

Geometrical parameters of a connection

EFFECTIVE LENGTHS AND PARAMETERS - COLUMN FLANGE

Nr	m	m_x	e	e_x	p	$l_{eff,cp}$	$l_{eff,nc}$	$l_{eff,1}$	$l_{eff,2}$	$l_{eff,cp,g}$	$l_{eff,nc,g}$	$l_{eff,1,g}$	$l_{eff,2,g}$
1	20	-	45	-	70	126	151	126	151	133	117	117	117
2	20	-	45	-	92	126	136	126	136	185	92	92	92
3	20	-	45	-	115	126	136	126	136	178	126	126	126

EFFECTIVE LENGTHS AND PARAMETERS - FRONT PLATE

Nr	m	m_x	e	e_x	p	$l_{eff,cp}$	$l_{eff,nc}$	$l_{eff,1}$	$l_{eff,2}$	$l_{eff,cp,g}$	$l_{eff,nc,g}$	$l_{eff,1,g}$	$l_{eff,2,g}$
1	26	-	45	-	70	166	188	166	188	153	142	142	142
2	26	-	45	-	92	166	162	162	162	185	92	92	92
3	26	-	45	-	115	166	162	162	162	198	138	138	138

m – Bolt distance from the web

m_x – Bolt distance from the beam flange

e – Bolt distance from the outer edge

e_x – Bolt distance from the horizontal outer edge

p – Distance between bolts

$l_{eff,cp}$ – Effective length for a single bolt row in the circular failure mode

$l_{eff,nc}$ – Effective length for a single bolt row in the non-circular failure mode

$l_{eff,1}$ – Effective length for a single bolt row for mode 1

$l_{eff,2}$ – Effective length for a single bolt row for mode 2

$l_{eff,cp,g}$ – Effective length for a group of bolts in the circular failure mode

$l_{eff,nc,g}$ – Effective length for a group of bolts in the non-circular failure mode

m	– Bolt distance from the web	
$l_{eff,1,g}$	– Effective length for a group of bolts for mode 1	
$l_{eff,2,g}$	– Effective length for a group of bolts for mode 2	
Connection resistance for tension		
$F_{t,Rd} = 113,04 \text{ [kN]}$	Bolt resistance for tension	[Table 3.4]
$B_{p,Rd} = 140,06 \text{ [kN]}$	Punching shear resistance of a bolt	[Table 3.4]
$N_{j,Rd} = \text{Min} (N_{tb,Rd}, n_v n_h F_{t,Rd}, n_v n_h B_{p,Rd})$		
$N_{j,Rd} = 678,24 \text{ [kN]}$	Connection resistance for tension	[6.2]
$N_{b1,Ed} / N_{j,Rd} \leq 1,0$	$0,01 < 1,00$	verified (0,01)
Connection resistance for bending		
$F_{t,Rd} = 113,04 \text{ [kN]}$	Bolt resistance for tension	[Table 3.4]
$B_{p,Rd} = 140,06 \text{ [kN]}$	Punching shear resistance of a bolt	[Table 3.4]
$F_{t,fc,Rd}$	– column flange resistance due to bending	
$F_{t,wc,Rd}$	– column web resistance due to tension	
$F_{t,ep,Rd}$	– resistance of the front plate due to bending	
$F_{t,wb,Rd}$	– resistance of the web in tension	
$F_{t,fc,Rd} = \text{Min} (F_{T,1,fc,Rd}, F_{T,2,fc,Rd}, F_{T,3,fc,Rd})$		[6.2.6.4], [Tab.6.2]
$F_{t,wc,Rd} = \omega b_{eff,t,wc} t_{wc} f_{yc} / \gamma_{M0}$		[6.2.6.3.(1)]
$F_{t,ep,Rd} = \text{Min} (F_{T,1,ep,Rd}, F_{T,2,ep,Rd}, F_{T,3,ep,Rd})$		[6.2.6.5], [Tab.6.2]
$F_{t,wb,Rd} = b_{eff,t,wb} t_{wb} f_{yb} / \gamma_{M0}$		[6.2.6.8.(1)]
RESISTANCE OF THE BOLT ROW NO. 1		
$F_{t1,Rd,comp} - \text{Formula}$	$F_{t1,Rd,comp}$	Component
$F_{t1,Rd} = \text{Min} (F_{t1,Rd,comp})$	139,96	Bolt row resistance
$F_{t,fc,Rd(1)} = 139,96$	139,96	Column flange - tension
$F_{t,wc,Rd(1)} = 173,79$	173,79	Column web - tension
$F_{t,ep,Rd(1)} = 226,08$	226,08	Front plate - tension
$F_{t,wb,Rd(1)} = 273,11$	273,11	Beam web - tension
$B_{p,Rd} = 280,12$	280,12	Bolts due to shear punching
$V_{wp,Rd}/\beta = 200,02$	200,02	Web panel - shear
$F_{c,wc,Rd} = 548,92$	548,92	Column web - compression
$F_{c,fb,Rd} = 578,11$	578,11	Beam flange - compression
$F_{c,wb,Rd} = 437,56$	437,56	Beam web - compression

RESISTANCE OF THE BOLT ROW NO. 2

F_{t2,Rd,comp} - Formula	F_{t2,Rd,comp}	Component
F _{t2,Rd} = Min (F _{t2,Rd,comp})	60, 06	Bolt row resistance
F _{t,fc,Rd(2)} = 139,96	139, 96	Column flange - tension
F _{t,wc,Rd(2)} = 173,79	173, 79	Column web - tension
F _{t,ep,Rd(2)} = 226,08	226, 08	Front plate - tension
F _{t,wb,Rd(2)} = 266,68	266, 68	Beam web - tension
B _{p,Rd} = 280,12	280, 12	Bolts due to shear punching
V _{wp,Rd} /β - ∑ ¹ F _{ti,Rd} = 200,02 - 139,96	60, 06	Web panel - shear
F _{c,wc,Rd} - ∑ ¹ F _{tj,Rd} = 548,92 - 139,96	408, 96	Column web - compression
F _{c,fb,Rd} - ∑ ¹ F _{tj,Rd} = 578,11 - 139,96	438, 15	Beam flange - compression
F _{c,wb,Rd} - ∑ ¹ F _{tj,Rd} = 437,56 - 139,96	297, 60	Beam web - compression
F _{t,fc,Rd(2+1)} - ∑ ¹ F _{tj,Rd} = 233,87 - 139,96	93, 92	Column flange - tension - group
F _{t,wc,Rd(2+1)} - ∑ ¹ F _{tj,Rd} = 234,54 - 139,96	94, 58	Column web - tension - group
F _{t,ep,Rd(2+1)} - ∑ ¹ F _{tj,Rd} = 445,09 - 139,96	305, 14	Front plate - tension - group
F _{t,wb,Rd(2+1)} - ∑ ¹ F _{tj,Rd} = 386,99 - 139,96	247, 04	Beam web - tension - group

RESISTANCE OF THE BOLT ROW NO. 3

F_{t3,Rd,comp} - Formula	F_{t3,Rd,comp}	Component
F _{t3,Rd} = Min (F _{t3,Rd,comp})	0, 00	Bolt row resistance
F _{t,fc,Rd(3)} = 139,96	139, 96	Column flange - tension
F _{t,wc,Rd(3)} = 173,79	173, 79	Column web - tension
F _{t,ep,Rd(3)} = 226,08	226, 08	Front plate - tension
F _{t,wb,Rd(3)} = 266,68	266, 68	Beam web - tension
B _{p,Rd} = 280,12	280, 12	Bolts due to shear punching
V _{wp,Rd} /β - ∑ ² F _{ti,Rd} = 200,02 - 200,02	0, 00	Web panel - shear
F _{c,wc,Rd} - ∑ ² F _{tj,Rd} = 548,92 - 200,02	348, 91	Column web - compression
F _{c,fb,Rd} - ∑ ² F _{tj,Rd} = 578,11 - 200,02	378, 09	Beam flange - compression
F _{c,wb,Rd} - ∑ ² F _{tj,Rd} = 437,56 - 200,02	237, 55	Beam web - compression
F _{t,fc,Rd(3+2)} - ∑ ² F _{tj,Rd} = 243,10 - 60,06	183, 05	Column flange - tension - group
F _{t,wc,Rd(3+2)} - ∑ ² F _{tj,Rd} = 238,65 - 60,06	178, 59	Column web - tension - group
F _{t,fc,Rd(3+2+1)} - ∑ ² F _{tj,Rd} = 373,95 - 200,02	173, 94	Column flange - tension - group

F_{t3,Rd,comp} - Formula	F_{t3,Rd,comp}	Component
$F_{t,wc,Rd}(3+2+1) - \sum_2^1 F_{tj,Rd} = 276,22 - 200,02$	76, 20	Column web - tension - group
$F_{t,ep,Rd}(3+2) - \sum_2^2 F_{tj,Rd} = 442,01 - 60,06$	381, 95	Front plate - tension - group
$F_{t,wb,Rd}(3+2) - \sum_2^2 F_{tj,Rd} = 380,84 - 60,06$	320, 78	Beam web - tension - group
$F_{t,ep,Rd}(3+2+1) - \sum_2^1 F_{tj,Rd} = 678,24 - 200,02$	478, 22	Front plate - tension - group
$F_{t,wb,Rd}(3+2+1) - \sum_2^1 F_{tj,Rd} = 615,21 - 200,02$	415, 19	Beam web - tension - group

SUMMARY TABLE OF FORCES

Nr	h_j	F_{tj,Rd}	F_{t,fc,Rd}	F_{t,wc,Rd}	F_{t,ep,Rd}	F_{t,wb,Rd}	F_{t,Rd}	B_{p,Rd}
1	244	139, 96	139, 96	173, 79	226, 08	273, 11	226, 08	280, 12
2	174	60, 06	139, 96	173, 79	226, 08	266, 68	226, 08	280, 12
3	59	-	139, 96	173, 79	226, 08	266, 68	226, 08	280, 12

CONNECTION RESISTANCE FOR BENDING M_{j,Rd}

$$M_{j,Rd} = \sum h_j F_{tj,Rd}$$

$$M_{j,Rd} = 44,68 \text{ [kN*m]} \quad \text{Connection resistance for bending} \quad [6.2]$$

$$M_{b1,Ed} / M_{j,Rd} \leq 1,0 \quad 0,71 < 1,00 \quad \text{verified} \quad (0,71)$$

Connection resistance for shear

$$\alpha_v = 0,60 \quad \text{Coefficient for calculation of } F_{v,Rd} \quad [\text{Table 3.4}]$$

$$F_{v,Rd} = 96,51 \text{ [kN]} \quad \text{Shear resistance of a single bolt} \quad [\text{Table 3.4}]$$

$$F_{t,Rd,max} = 113,04 \text{ [kN]} \quad \text{Tensile resistance of a single bolt} \quad [\text{Table 3.4}]$$

$$F_{b,Rd,int} = 123,84 \text{ [kN]} \quad \text{Bearing resistance of an intermediate bolt} \quad [\text{Table 3.4}]$$

$$F_{b,Rd,ext} = 123,84 \text{ [kN]} \quad \text{Bearing resistance of an outermost bolt} \quad [\text{Table 3.4}]$$

Nr	F_{tj,Rd,N}	F_{tj,Ed,N}	F_{tj,Rd,M}	F_{tj,Ed,M}	F_{tj,Ed}	F_{vj,Rd}
1	226, 08	1, 68	139, 96	99, 88	101, 56	131, 08
2	226, 08	1, 68	60, 06	42, 86	44, 54	165, 86
3	226, 08	1, 68	0, 00	0, 00	1, 68	191, 99

F_{tj,Rd,N} – Bolt row resistance for simple tension

F_{tj,Ed,N} – Force due to axial force in a bolt row

F_{tj,Rd,M} – Bolt row resistance for simple bending

F_{tj,Ed,M} – Force due to moment in a bolt row

F_{tj,Ed} – Maximum tensile force in a bolt row

F_{vj,Rd} – Reduced bolt row resistance

$$F_{tj,Ed,N} = N_{j,Ed} F_{tj,Rd,N} / N_{j,Rd}$$

$$F_{tj,Ed,M} = M_{j,Ed} F_{tj,Rd,M} / M_{j,Rd}$$

$$F_{tj,Ed} = F_{tj,Ed,N} + F_{tj,Ed,M}$$

$$F_{vj,Rd} = \text{Min} (n_h F_{v,Ed} / (1 - F_{tj,Ed} / (1.4 n_h F_{t,Rd,max})), n_h F_{v,Rd} , n_h F_{b,Rd})$$

$$V_{j,Rd} = n_h \sum_1^n F_{vj,Rd}$$

[Table 3.4]

$$V_{j,Rd} = 488, 94 [\text{kN}] \quad \text{Connection resistance for shear}$$

[Table 3.4]

$$V_{b1,Ed} / V_{j,Rd} \leq 1,0$$

$$0,06 < 1,00$$

verified (0,06)

Weld resistance

$$A_w = 8272 \quad [\text{mm}^2] \quad \text{Area of all welds} \quad [4.5.3.2(2)]$$

$$A_{wy} = 5964 \quad [\text{mm}^2] \quad \text{Area of horizontal welds} \quad [4.5.3.2(2)]$$

$$A_{wz} = 2308 \quad [\text{mm}^2] \quad \text{Area of vertical welds} \quad [4.5.3.2(2)]$$

$$I_{wy} = 9600397 \quad [\text{mm}^4] \quad \begin{matrix} \text{Moment of inertia of the weld arrangement with respect to the hor.} \\ \text{axis} \end{matrix} \quad [4.5.3.2(5)]$$

$$\sigma_{\perp,\max} = \tau_{\perp,\max} = 36,01 \quad [\text{MPa}] \quad \text{Normal stress in a weld} \quad [4.5.3.2(6)]$$

$$\sigma_{\perp} = \tau_{\perp} = 29,63 \quad [\text{MPa}] \quad \text{Stress in a vertical weld} \quad [4.5.3.2(5)]$$

$$\tau_{II} = 13,21 \quad [\text{MPa}] \quad \text{Tangent stress} \quad [4.5.3.2(5)]$$

$$\beta_w = 0,85 \quad \text{Correlation coefficient} \quad [4.5.3.2(7)]$$

$$\sqrt{[\sigma_{\perp,\max}^2 + 3 * (\tau_{\perp,\max}^2)]} \leq f_u / (\beta_w * \gamma_{M2}) \quad 72,03 < 404,71 \quad \text{verified} \quad (0,18)$$

$$\sqrt{[\sigma_{\perp}^2 + 3 * (\tau_{\perp}^2 + \tau_{II}^2)]} \leq f_u / (\beta_w * \gamma_{M2}) \quad 63,53 < 404,71 \quad \text{verified} \quad (0,16)$$

$$\sigma_{\perp} \leq 0,9 * f_u / \gamma_{M2} \quad 36,01 < 309,60 \quad \text{verified} \quad (0,12)$$

Connection stiffness

$$t_{wash} = 4 \quad [\text{mm}] \quad \text{Washer thickness} \quad [6.2.6.3.(2)]$$

$$h_{head} = 12 \quad [\text{mm}] \quad \text{Bolt head height} \quad [6.2.6.3.(2)]$$

$$h_{nut} = 16 \quad [\text{mm}] \quad \text{Bolt nut height} \quad [6.2.6.3.(2)]$$

$$L_b = 51 \quad [\text{mm}] \quad \text{Bolt length} \quad [6.2.6.3.(2)]$$

$$k_{10} = 5 \quad [\text{mm}] \quad \text{Stiffness coefficient of bolts} \quad [6.3.2.(1)]$$

STIFFNESSES OF BOLT ROWS

Nr	h_j	k_3	k_4	k_5	$k_{eff,j}$	$k_{eff,j} h_j$	$k_{eff,j} h_j^2$
					Sum	760	149320

Nr	h _j	k ₃	k ₄	k ₅	k _{eff,j}	k _{eff,j} h _j	k _{eff,j} h _j ²
1	244	4	10	56	2	410	100162
2	174	3	8	36	1	247	42997
3	59	4	10	54	2	104	6161

$$k_{eff,j} = 1 / (\sum_3^5 (1 / k_{i,j}))$$

[6.3.3.1.(2)]

$$z_{eq} = \sum_j k_{eff,j} h_j^2 / \sum_j k_{eff,j} h_j$$

$z_{eq} = 196$ [mm] Equivalent force arm [6.3.3.1.(3)]

$$k_{eq} = \sum_j k_{eff,j} h_j / z_{eq}$$

$k_{eq} = 4$ [mm] Equivalent stiffness coefficient of a bolt arrangement [6.3.3.1.(1)]

$$A_{vc} = 1321 \text{ [mm}^2\text{]} \quad \text{Shear area} \quad \text{EN1993-1-1:[6.2.6.(3)]}$$

$$\beta = 1,00 \quad \text{Transformation parameter} \quad [5.3.(7)]$$

$$z = 196 \text{ [mm]} \quad \text{Lever arm} \quad [6.2.5]$$

$$k_1 = 3 \text{ [mm]} \quad \text{Stiffness coefficient of the column web panel subjected to shear} [6.3.2.(1)]$$

$$k_2 = \infty \quad \text{Stiffness coefficient of the compressed column web} \quad [6.3.2.(1)]$$

$$S_{j,ini} = E z_{eq}^2 / \sum_i (1 / k_1 + 1 / k_2 + 1 / k_{eq}) \quad [6.3.1.(4)]$$

$$S_{j,ini} = 12174,96 \text{ [kN*m]} \quad \text{Initial rotational stiffness} \quad [6.3.1.(4)]$$

$$\mu = 1,20 \quad \text{Stiffness coefficient of a connection} \quad [6.3.1.(6)]$$

$$S_j = S_{j,ini} / \mu \quad [6.3.1.(4)]$$

$$S_j = 10129,94 \text{ [kN*m]} \quad \text{Final rotational stiffness} \quad [6.3.1.(4)]$$

Connection classification due to stiffness.

$$S_{j,rig} = 3429,61 \text{ [kN*m]} \quad \text{Stiffness of a rigid connection} \quad [5.2.2.5]$$

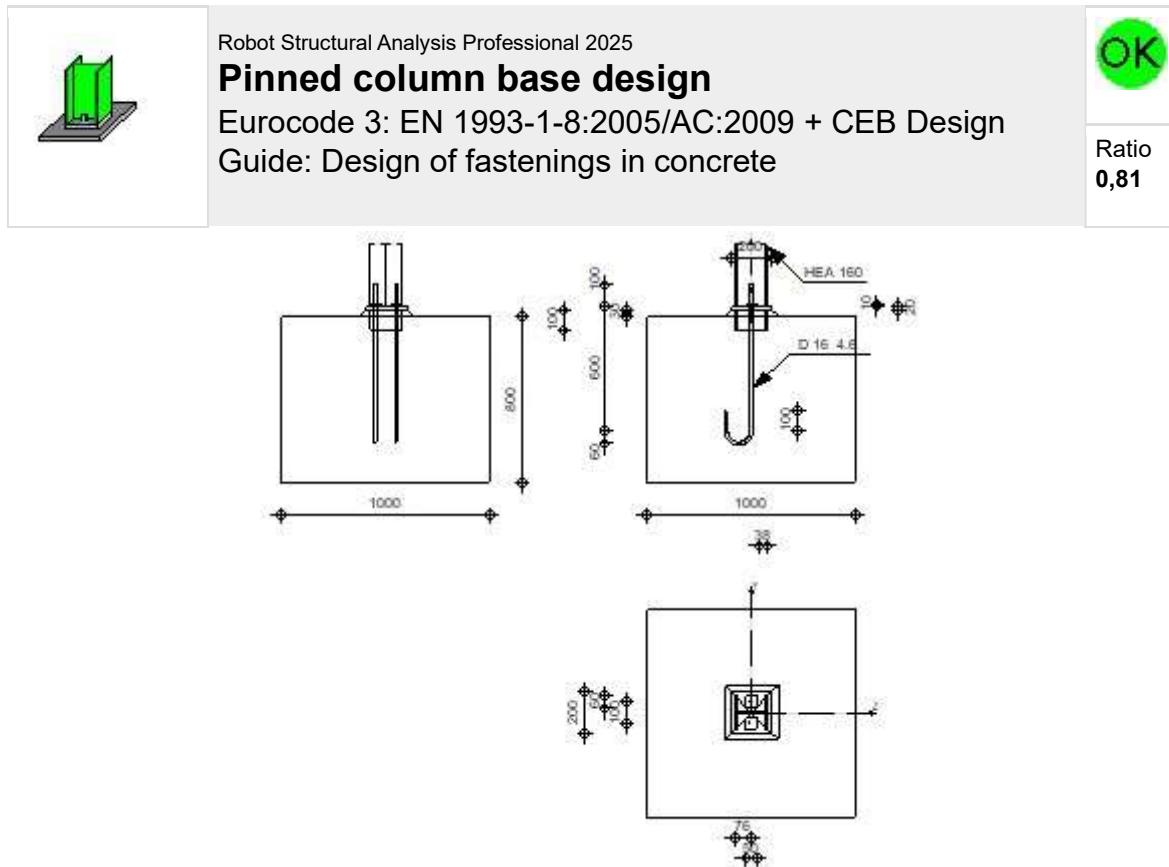
$$S_{j,pin} = 214,35 \text{ [kN*m]} \quad \text{Stiffness of a pinned connection} \quad [5.2.2.5]$$

$$S_{j,ini} \geq S_{j,rig} \text{ RIGID}$$

Weakest component:

Connection conforms to the code Ratio 0,72

9.4. Stup i temelj (DETALJ D)



General

Connection no.: 9

Connection name: Pinned column base

Geometry

Column

Section: HEA 160

$L_c =$	6,00	[m]	Column length
$a =$	0,0	[Deg]	Inclination angle
$h_c =$	152	[mm]	Height of column section
$b_{fc} =$	160	[mm]	Width of column section
$t_{wc} =$	6	[mm]	Thickness of the web of column section
$t_{fc} =$	9	[mm]	Thickness of the flange of column section
$r_c =$	15	[mm]	Radius of column section fillet
$A_c =$	3880	[mm ²]	Cross-sectional area of a column

$L_c = 6,00$ [m] Column length

$I_{yc} = 16730000$ [mm⁴] Moment of inertia of the column section

Material: S275

$f_{yc} = 275,00$ [MPa] Resistance

$f_{uc} = 430,00$ [MPa] Yield strength of a material

Column base

$l_{pd} = 200$ [mm] Length

$b_{pd} = 200$ [mm] Width

$t_{pd} = 20$ [mm] Thickness

Material: S275

$f_{ypd} = 275,00$ [MPa] Resistance

$f_{upd} = 430,00$ [MPa] Yield strength of a material

Anchorage

The shear plane passes through the UNTHREADED portion of the bolt.

Class = 4.6 Anchor class

$f_{yb} = 240,00$ [MPa] Yield strength of the anchor material

$f_{ub} = 400,00$ [MPa] Tensile strength of the anchor material

$d = 16$ [mm] Bolt diameter

$A_s = 157$ [mm²] Effective section area of a bolt

$A_v = 201$ [mm²] Area of bolt section

$n = 2$ Number of bolt rows

$e_v = 100$ [mm] Vertical spacing

Anchor dimensions

$L_1 = 100$ [mm]

$L_2 = 600$ [mm]

$L_3 = 120$ [mm]

$L_4 = 100$ [mm]

Washer

$l_{wd} = 50$ [mm] Length

$b_{wd} = 60$ [mm] Width

$t_{wd} = 10$ [mm] Thickness

Wedge

Section: HEA 160

$l_w = 100$ [mm] Length

Material: S275

$f_{yw} = 275,00$ [MPa] Resistance

Material factors

$g_{M0} = 1,00$ Partial safety factor

$g_{M2} = 1,25$ Partial safety factor

$g_c = 1,50$ Partial safety factor

Spread footing

$L = 1000$ [mm] Spread footing length

$B = 1000$ [mm] Spread footing width

$H = 800$ [mm] Spread footing height

Concrete

Class C25

$f_{ck} = 25,00$ [MPa] Characteristic resistance for compression

Grout layer

$t_g = 30$ [mm] Thickness of leveling layer (grout)

$f_{ck,g} = 12,00$ [MPa] Characteristic resistance for compression

$C_{f,d} = 0,30$ Coeff. of friction between the base plate and concrete

Welds

$a_p = 4$ [mm] Footing plate of the column base

$a_w = 4$ [mm] Wedge

Loads

Case: Manual calculations.

$N_{j,Ed} = 51,05$ [kN] Axial force

$V_{j,Ed,y} = 0,12$ [kN] Shear force

$V_{j,Ed,z} = 11,84$ [kN] Shear force

Results

Tension zone

STEEL FAILURE

$A_b = 157$ [mm²] Effective anchor area [Table 3.4]

$f_{ub} = 400,00$ [MPa] Tensile strength of the anchor material [Table 3.4]

$\text{Beta} = 0,85$ Reduction factor of anchor resistance [3.6.1.(3)]

$$F_{t,Rd,s1} = \text{beta} * 0.9 * f_{ub} * A_b / g_{M2}$$

$F_{t,Rd,s1} = 38,43$ [kN] Anchor resistance to steel failure [Table 3.4]

$g_{Ms} = 1,20$ Partial safety factor CEB [3.2.3.2]

$f_{yb} = 240,00$ [MPa] Yield strength of the anchor material CEB [9.2.2]

$$F_{t,Rd,s2} = f_{yb} * A_b / g_{Ms}$$

$F_{t,Rd,s2} = 31,40$ [kN] Anchor resistance to steel failure CEB [9.2.2]

$$F_{t,Rd,s} = \min(F_{t,Rd,s1}, F_{t,Rd,s2})$$

$F_{t,Rd,s} = 31,40$ [kN] Anchor resistance to steel failure

PULL-OUT FAILURE

$f_{ck} = 25,00$ [MPa] Characteristic compressive strength of concrete EN 1992-1:[3.1.2]

$$f_{ctd} = 0.7 * 0.3 * f_{ck}^{2/3} / g_C$$

$f_{ctd} = 1,20$ [MPa] Design tensile resistance EN 1992-1:[8.4.2.(2)]

$h_1 = 1,00$ Coeff. related to the quality of the bond conditions and concreting conditions EN 1992-1:[8.4.2.(2)]

$h_2 = 1,00$ Coeff. related to the bar diameter EN 1992-1:[8.4.2.(2)]

$$f_{bd} = 2.25 * h_1 * h_2 * f_{ctd}$$

$f_{bd} = 2,69$ [MPa] Design value of the ultimate bond stress EN 1992-1:[8.4.2.(2)]

$h_{ef} = 570$ [mm] Effective anchorage depth EN 1992-1:[8.4.2.(2)]

$$F_{t,Rd,p} = p * d * h_{ef} * f_{bd}$$

$F_{t,Rd,p} = 77,16$ [kN] Design uplift capacity EN 1992-1:[8.4.2.(2)]

CONCRETE CONE FAILURE

$h_{ef} = 333$ [mm] Effective anchorage depth CEB [9.2.4]

$$N_{Rk,c}^0 = 7.5 [N^{0.5}/mm^{0.5}] * f_{ck}^{0.5} * h_{ef}^{1.5}$$

$N_{Rk,c}^0 = 228,22$ [kN] Characteristic resistance of an anchor CEB [9.2.4]

$s_{cr,N} = 1000$ [mm] Critical width of the concrete cone CEB [9.2.4]

$c_{cr,N} = 500$ [mm] Critical edge distance CEB [9.2.4]

$A_{c,N0} = 1000000$ [mm²] Maximum area of concrete cone CEB [9.2.4]

$A_{c,N} = 500000$ [mm²] Actual area of concrete cone CEB [9.2.4]

$$y_{A,N} = A_{c,N}/A_{c,N0}$$

$y_{A,N} = 0,50$ Factor related to anchor spacing and edge distance CEB [9.2.4]

$c = 450$ [mm] Minimum edge distance from an anchor CEB [9.2.4]

$$y_{s,N} = 0.7 + 0.3 * c / c_{cr,N} \leq 1.0$$

$y_{s,N} = 0,97$	Factor taking account the influence of edges of the concrete member on the distribution CEB of stresses in the concrete	CEB [9.2.4]
$y_{ec,N} = 1,00$	Factor related to distribution of tensile forces acting on anchors	CEB [9.2.4]
$y_{re,N} = 0,5 + \frac{h_{ef}[mm]}{200} \leq 1,0$		
$y_{re,N} = 1,00$	Shell spalling factor	CEB [9.2.4]
$y_{ucr,N} = 1,00$	Factor taking into account whether the anchorage is in cracked or non-cracked concrete CEB [9.2.4]	
$g_{Mc} = 2,16$	Partial safety factor	CEB [3.2.3.1]

$$F_{t,Rd,c} = N_{Rk,c}^0 * y_{A,N} * y_{s,N} * y_{ec,N} * y_{re,N} * y_{ucr,N} / g_{Mc}$$

$$F_{t,Rd,c} = 51,24 \text{ [kN]} \quad \text{Design anchor resistance to concrete cone failure EN 1992-1:[8.4.2.(2)]}$$

SPLITTING FAILURE

$h_{ef} = 570 \text{ [mm]}$	Effective anchorage depth	CEB [9.2.5]
$N_{Rk,c}^0 = 7,5[N^{0,5}/mm^{0,5}] * f_{ck}^{0,5} * h_{ef}^{1,5}$		
$N_{Rk,c}^0 = 510,32 \text{ [kN]}$	Design uplift capacity	CEB [9.2.5]
$s_{cr,N} = 1140 \text{ [mm]}$	Critical width of the concrete cone	CEB [9.2.5]
$c_{cr,N} = 570 \text{ [mm]}$	Critical edge distance	CEB [9.2.5]
$A_{c,N0} = 1299600 \text{ [mm}^2]$	Maximum area of concrete cone	CEB [9.2.5]
$A_{c,N} = 500000 \text{ [mm}^2]$	Actual area of concrete cone	CEB [9.2.5]
$y_{A,N} = A_{c,N}/A_{c,N0}$		
$y_{A,N} = 0,38$	Factor related to anchor spacing and edge distance CEB [9.2.5]	
$c = 450 \text{ [mm]}$	Minimum edge distance from an anchor	CEB [9.2.5]
$y_{s,N} = 0,7 + 0,3*c/c_{cr,N} \leq 1,0$		
$y_{s,N} = 0,9$ $= 4$	Factor taking account the influence of edges of the concrete member on the distribution of stresses in the concrete	CEB [9.2.5]
$y_{ec,N} = 1,0$ $= 0$	Factor related to distribution of tensile forces acting on anchors	CEB [9.2.5]
$y_{re,N} = 0,5 + \frac{h_{ef}[mm]}{200} \leq 1,0$		
$y_{re,N} = 1,00$	Shell spalling factor	CEB [9.2.5]
$y_{ucr,N} = 1,00$	Factor taking into account whether the anchorage is in cracked or non-cracked concrete CEB [9.2.5]	
$y_{h,N} = (h/(2*h_{ef}))^{2/3} \leq 1,2$		
$y_{h,N} = 0,79$	Coeff. related to the foundation height	CEB [9.2.5]
$g_{M,sp} = 2,16$	Partial safety factor	CEB [3.2.3.1]
$F_{t,Rd,sp} = N_{Rk,c}^0 * y_{A,N} * y_{s,N} * y_{ec,N} * y_{re,N} * y_{ucr,N} * y_{h,N} / g_{M,sp}$		
$F_{t,Rd,sp} = 67,25 \text{ [kN]}$	Design anchor resistance to splitting of concrete CEB [9.2.5]	

TENSILE RESISTANCE OF AN ANCHOR

$$F_{t,Rd} = \min(F_{t,Rd,s}, F_{t,Rd,p}, F_{t,Rd,c}, F_{t,Rd,sp})$$

$$F_{t,Rd} = 31,40 \text{ [kN]} \quad \text{Tensile resistance of an anchor}$$

BENDING OF THE BASE PLATE

$$l_{eff,1} = 207 \text{ [mm]} \quad \text{Effective length for a single bolt row for mode 1 [6.2.6.5]}$$

$$l_{eff,2} = 207 \text{ [mm]} \quad \text{Effective length for a single bolt row for mode 2 [6.2.6.5]}$$

$$m = 42 \text{ [mm]} \quad \text{Distance of a bolt from the stiffening edge [6.2.6.5]}$$

$$M_{pl,1,Rd} = 5,70 \text{ [kN*m]} \quad \text{Plastic resistance of a plate for mode 1 [6.2.4]}$$

$$M_{pl,2,Rd} = 5,70 \text{ [kN*m]} \quad \text{Plastic resistance of a plate for mode 2 [6.2.4]}$$

$$F_{T,1,Rd} = 537,12 \text{ [kN]} \quad \text{Resistance of a plate for mode 1 [6.2.4]}$$

$$F_{T,2,Rd} = 157,31 \text{ [kN]} \quad \text{Resistance of a plate for mode 2 [6.2.4]}$$

$$F_{T,3,Rd} = 62,80 \text{ [kN]} \quad \text{Resistance of a plate for mode 3 [6.2.4]}$$

$$F_{t,pl,Rd} = \min(F_{T,1,Rd}, F_{T,2,Rd}, F_{T,3,Rd})$$

$$F_{t,pl,Rd} = 62,80 \text{ [kN]} \quad \text{Tension resistance of a plate [6.2.4]}$$

TENSILE RESISTANCE OF A COLUMN WEB

$$t_{wc} = 6 \text{ [mm]} \quad \text{Effective thickness of the column web [6.2.6.3.(8)]}$$

$$b_{eff,t,wc} = 207 \text{ [mm]} \quad \text{Effective width of the web for tension [6.2.6.3.(2)]}$$

$$A_{vc} = 1324 \text{ [mm}^2\text{]} \quad \text{Shear area EN1993-1-1:[6.2.6.(3)]}$$

$$w = 0,68 \quad \text{Reduction factor for interaction with shear [6.2.6.3.(4)]}$$

$$F_{t,wc,Rd} = w b_{eff,t,wc} t_{wc} f_{yc} / g_{M0}$$

$$F_{t,wc,Rd} = 233,47 \text{ [kN]} \quad \text{Column web resistance [6.2.6.3.(1)]}$$

RESISTANCES OF SPREAD FOOTING IN THE TENSION ZONE

$$N_{j,Rd} = 62,80 \text{ [kN]} \quad \text{Resistance of a spread footing for axial tension [6.2.8.3]}$$

Connection capacity check

$N_{j,Ed} / N_{j,Rd} \leq 1,0$ (6.24)	0,81 < 1,00	verified	(0,81)
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Shear

BEARING PRESSURE OF AN ANCHOR BOLT ONTO THE BASE PLATE

Shear force $V_{j,Ed,y}$

$$a_{d,y} = 0,93 \quad \text{Coeff. taking account of the bolt position - in the direction of shear [Table 3.4]}$$

$$a_{b,y} = 0,93 \quad \text{Coeff. for resistance calculation } F_{1,vb,Rd} \quad \text{[Table 3.4]}$$

$$k_{1,y} = 2,50 \quad \text{Coeff. taking account of the bolt position - perpendicularly to the direction of shear [Table 3.4]}$$

$$F_{1,vb,Rd,y} = k_{1,y} * a_{b,y} * f_{up} * d * t_p / g_{M2}$$

$$F_{1,vb,Rd,y} = 254,81 \text{ [kN]} \quad \text{Resistance of an anchor bolt for bearing pressure onto the base plate [6.2.2.(7)]}$$

Shear force $V_{j,Ed,z}$

$a_{d,z} = 1,85$ Coeff. taking account of the bolt position - in the direction of shear [Table 3.4]

$a_{b,z} = 0,93$ Coeff. for resistance calculation $F_{1,vb,Rd}$ [Table 3.4]

$k_{1,z} = 2,50$ Coeff. taking account of the bolt position - perpendicularly to the direction of shear [Table 3.4]

$$F_{1,vb,Rd,z} = k_{1,z} * a_{b,z} * f_{ub} * d * t_p / g_{M2}$$

$F_{1,vb,Rd,z} = 256,00$ [kN] Resistance of an anchor bolt for bearing pressure onto the base plate [6.2.2.(7)]

SHEAR OF AN ANCHOR BOLT

$a_b = 0,37$ Coeff. for resistance calculation $F_{2,vb,Rd}$ [6.2.2.(7)]

$A_{vb} = 201$ [mm²] Area of bolt section [6.2.2.(7)]

$f_{ub} = 400,00$ [MPa] Tensile strength of the anchor material [6.2.2.(7)]

$g_{M2} = 1,25$ Partial safety factor [6.2.2.(7)]

$$F_{2,vb,Rd} = a_b * f_{ub} * A_{vb} / g_{M2}$$

$F_{2,vb,Rd} = 23,68$ [kN] Shear resistance of a bolt - without lever arm [6.2.2.(7)]

$a_M = 2,00$ Factor related to the fastening of an anchor in the foundation CEB [9.3.2.2]

$M_{Rk,s} = 0,03$ [kN*m] Characteristic bending resistance of an anchor CEB [9.3.2.2]

$l_{sm} = 48$ [mm] Lever arm length CEB [9.3.2.2]

$g_{Ms} = 1,20$ Partial safety factor CEB [3.2.3.2]

$$F_{v,Rd,sm} = a_M * M_{Rk,s} / (l_{sm} * g_{Ms})$$

$F_{v,Rd,sm} = 0,94$ [kN] Shear resistance of a bolt - with lever arm CEB [9.3.1]

CONCRETE PRY-OUT FAILURE

$N_{Rk,c} = 110,69$ [kN] Design uplift capacity CEB [9.2.4]

$k_3 = 2,00$ Factor related to the anchor length CEB [9.3.3]

$g_{Mc} = 2,16$ Partial safety factor CEB [3.2.3.1]

$$F_{v,Rd,cp} = k_3 * N_{Rk,c} / g_{Mc}$$

$F_{v,Rd,cp} = 102,49$ [kN] Concrete resistance for pry-out failure CEB [9.3.1]

CONCRETE EDGE FAILURE

Shear force $V_{j,Ed,y}$

$V_{Rk,c,y}^0 = 224,0$ [kN] Characteristic resistance of an anchor CEB [9.3.4.(a)]

$y_{A,V,y} = 0,52$ Factor related to anchor spacing and edge distance CEB [9.3.4]

$y_{h,V,y} = 1,00$ Factor related to the foundation thickness CEB [9.3.4.(c)]

$y_{s,V,y} = 0,86$ Factor related to the influence of edges parallel to the shear load direction CEB [9.3.4.(d)]

Shear force $V_{j,Ed,y}$

$V_{Rk,c,y}^0 = 224,0 \text{ [kN]}$	Characteristic resistance of an anchor	CEB [9.3.4.(a)]
$y_{ec,V,y} = 1,00$	Factor taking account a group effect when different shear loads are acting on the individual anchors in a group	CEB [9.3.4.(e)]
$y_{a,V,y} = 1,00$	Factor related to the angle at which the shear load is applied	CEB [9.3.4.(f)]
$y_{ucr,V,y} = 1,00$	Factor related to the type of edge reinforcement used	CEB [9.3.4.(g)]
$g_{Mc} = 2,16$	Partial safety factor	CEB [3.2.3.1]

$$F_{v,Rd,c,y} = V_{Rk,c,y}^0 * y_{A,V,y} * y_{h,V,y} * y_{s,V,y} * y_{ec,V,y} * y_{a,V,y} * y_{ucr,V,y} / g_{Mc}$$

$$F_{v,Rd,c,y} = 46,02 \text{ [kN]} \quad \text{Concrete resistance for edge failure} \quad \text{CEB [9.3.1]}$$

Shear force $V_{j,Ed,z}$

$V_{Rk,c,z}^0 = 153,69 \text{ [kN]}$	Characteristic resistance of an anchor	CEB [9.3.4.(a)]
$y_{A,V,z} = 0,86$	Factor related to anchor spacing and edge distance	CEB [9.3.4.]
$y_{h,V,z} = 1,00$	Factor related to the foundation thickness	CEB [9.3.4.(c)]
$y_{s,V,z} = 0,96$	Factor related to the influence of edges parallel to the shear load direction	CEB [9.3.4.(d)]
$y_{ec,V,z} = 1,00$	Factor taking account a group effect when different shear loads are acting on the individual anchors in a group	CEB [9.3.4.(e)]
$y_{a,V,z} = 1,00$	Factor related to the angle at which the shear load is applied	CEB [9.3.4.(f)]
$y_{ucr,V,z} = 1,00$	Factor related to the type of edge reinforcement used	CEB [9.3.4.(g)]
$g_{Mc} = 2,16$	Partial safety factor	CEB [3.2.3.1]

$$F_{v,Rd,c,z} = V_{Rk,c,z}^0 * y_{A,V,z} * y_{h,V,z} * y_{s,V,z} * y_{ec,V,z} * y_{a,V,z} * y_{ucr,V,z} / g_{Mc}$$

$$F_{v,Rd,c,z} = 58,38 \text{ [kN]} \quad \text{Concrete resistance for edge failure} \quad \text{CEB [9.3.1]}$$

SPLITTING RESISTANCE

$$C_{f,d} = 0,30 \quad \text{Coeff. of friction between the base plate and concrete [6.2.2.(6)]}$$

$$N_{c,Ed} = 0,00 \text{ [kN]} \quad \text{Compressive force} \quad [6.2.2.(6)]$$

$$F_{f,Rd} = C_{f,d} * N_{c,Ed}$$

$$F_{f,Rd} = 0,00 \text{ [kN]} \quad \text{Slip resistance} \quad [6.2.2.(6)]$$

BEARING PRESSURE OF THE WEDGE ONTO CONCRETE

$$F_{v,Rd,wg,y} = 1.4 * l_w * b_{wy} * f_{ck} / g_c$$

$F_{v,Rd,wg,y} = 354,67 \text{ [kN]}$ Resistance for bearing pressure of the wedge onto concrete

$$F_{v,Rd,wg,z} = 1.4 * l_w * b_{wz} * f_{ck} / g_c$$

$F_{v,Rd,wg,z} = 373,33 \text{ [kN]}$ Resistance for bearing pressure of the wedge onto concrete

SHEAR CHECK

$$V_{j,Rd,y} = n_b * \min(F_{1,vb,Rd,y}, F_{2,vb,Rd}, F_{v,Rd,sm}, F_{v,Rd,cp}, F_{v,Rd,c,y}) + F_{v,Rd,wg,y} + F_{f,Rd}$$

$V_{j,Rd,y} = 356,55 \text{ [kN]}$ Connection resistance for shear CEB [9.3.1]

$V_{j,Ed,y} / V_{j,Rd,y} \leq 1,0$	$0,00 < 1,00$	verified	(0,00)
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$$V_{j,Rd,z} = n_b * \min(F_{1,vb,Rd,z}, F_{2,vb,Rd}, F_{v,Rd,sm}, F_{v,Rd,cp}, F_{v,Rd,c,z}) + F_{v,Rd,wg,z} + F_{f,Rd}$$

$V_{j,Rd,z} = 375,21 \text{ [kN]}$ Connection resistance for shear CEB [9.3.1]

$V_{j,Ed,z} / V_{j,Rd,z} \leq 1,0$	$0,03 < 1,00$	verified	(0,03)
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$V_{j,Ed,y} / V_{j,Rd,y} + V_{j,Ed,z} / V_{j,Rd,z} \leq 1,0$	$0,03 < 1,00$	verified	(0,03)
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Welds between the column and the base plate

$s^\wedge = 10,07 \text{ [MPa]}$ Normal stress in a weld [4.5.3.(7)]

$t^\wedge = 10,07 \text{ [MPa]}$ Perpendicular tangent stress [4.5.3.(7)]

$t_{yII} = 0,05 \text{ [MPa]}$ Tangent stress parallel to $V_{j,Ed,y}$ [4.5.3.(7)]

$t_{zII} = 11,04 \text{ [MPa]}$ Tangent stress parallel to $V_{j,Ed,z}$ [4.5.3.(7)]

$b_w = 0,85$ Resistance-dependent coefficient [4.5.3.(7)]

$s^\wedge / (0,9 * f_u / g_{M2})) \leq 1,0 \text{ (4.1)}$	$0,03 < 1,00$	verified	(0,03)
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$\ddot{\sigma}(s^\wedge)^2 + 3,0(t_{yII}^2 + t^2)) / (f_u / (b_w * g_{M2})) \leq 1,0 \text{ (4.1)}$	$0,05 < 1,00$	verified	(0,05)
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$\ddot{\sigma}(s^\wedge)^2 + 3,0(t_{zII}^2 + t^2)) / (f_u / (b_w * g_{M2})) \leq 1,0 \text{ (4.1)}$	$0,07 < 1,00$	verified	(0,07)
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Weakest component:

ANCHOR BOLT - RUPTURE

Connection conforms to the code	Ratio	0 , 81
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$$V_{Ed} = 11,84 \text{ kN}$$

$$N_{Ed} = 51,05 \text{ kN}$$

Karakteristike vijaka i ploče:

Vijci: M16 – k.v. 4.6.

Granica popuštanja: $f_{yb} = 240 \text{ N/mm}^2$

Vlačna čvrstoća: $f_{ub} = 400 \text{ N/mm}^2$

Promjer jezgre vijka: $d = 16 \text{ mm}$

Promjer rupe za vijak: $d_0 = 18 \text{ mm}$

Vlačna površina poprečnog presjeka vijka: $A_s = 157 \text{ mm}^2$

Čelična ploča: S 275 $t = 20 \text{ mm}$

Vlačna čvrstoća: $f_u = 430 \text{ N/mm}^2$

Otpornost vijaka na vlak:

$$N_{Rd,u,1} = n * F_{t,Rd,u}$$

n – ukupni broj vijaka

$$F_{t,Rd} = \frac{k_2 * f_{ub} * A_s}{\gamma_{M2}} = \frac{0,9 * 400 * 157}{1,25} = 45,22 \text{ kN}$$

$$N_{Rd,u,1} = 2 * 45,22 = 90,4 \text{ kN}$$

$$N_{Ed} \leq N_{Rd,u} ; 51,05 < 90,4 \text{ kN} \quad \mathbf{ZADOVOLJAVA(56\%)}$$

Otpornost vijaka na posmik:

Otpornost jednog vijka na posmik:

$$F_{v,Rd} = \frac{\alpha_v * f_{ub} * A_s}{\gamma_{M2}}$$

$$\alpha_v = 0,37$$

$$F_{v,Rd} = \frac{0,37 * 400 * 157}{1,25} = 18,59 \text{ kN}$$

$$F_{v,Rd} = 18,59 * 2 = 37,18 \text{ kN}$$

$$F_{v,Ed} \leq F_{v,Rd} ; 11,84 < 37,18 \text{ kN} \quad \mathbf{ZADOVOLJAVA(32\%)}$$

Otpornost na pritisak po omotaču rupe osnovnog materijala:

$$e_1 = \frac{l_{pd}}{2} = \frac{500}{2} = 250 \text{ mm}$$

$$e_2 = \frac{b_{pd} - e_v}{2} = \frac{300 - 100}{2} = 100 \text{ mm}$$

$$\alpha_d = \frac{e_1}{3 * d_0} = \frac{250}{3 * 18} = 4,63$$

$$\alpha_b = \min\left(\alpha_b; \frac{f_{ub}}{f_u}; 1\right) = \min\left(4,63; \frac{400}{430}; 1\right) = 0,93$$

$$k_1 = \min\left(2,8 * \frac{e_2}{d_0} - 1,7; 2,5\right) = \min(15,56; 2,5) = 2,5$$

$$F_{b,Rd} = \frac{k_1 * \alpha_b * f_{ub} * d * t}{\gamma_{M2}} = \frac{2,5 * 0,93 * 400 * 16 * 20}{1,25} = 238,08 \text{ kN}$$

$$F_{v,Ed} \leq F_{b,Rd} ; 51,05 < 238,08 \text{ ZADOVOLJAVA}(21\%)$$

Proračun zavara:

Djelovanje na zavar:

$$F_{w,Ed} = V_{Ed} = 11,84 \text{ kN}$$

Duljina zavara:

$$L = 2 * (2b - tw - 2r + h - 2tf - 2r)$$

$$L = 2 * (2 * 160 - 6 - 2 * 15 + 152 - 2 * 9 - 2 * 15) = 776 \text{ mm}$$

Debljina zavara iznosi 4 mm.

$$F_{w,Rd} = \frac{\frac{f_u}{\sqrt{3} * \beta_w} * a * L}{\gamma_{M2}} = \frac{\frac{43,0}{\sqrt{3} * 0,85} * 0,4 * 77,6}{1,25} = 725,27 \text{ kN}$$

$$F_{w,Ed} \leq F_{w,Rd} ; 11,84 < 725,27 \text{ ZADOVOLJAVA}(2\%)$$

10. ZAKLJUČAK

U ovom diplomskom radu detaljno je analizirano projektiranje čelične hale za sportsko-rekreativni centar, a fokus je na dimenzioniranju elemenata i priključaka. Glavni nosač hale odabran je kao HEA 160 dok su podrožnice dimenzionirane kao IPE 160, sekundarni stupovi kao IPE 240, vjetrovne veze promjera fi 10 mm te fasadni nosači kao UAP 80.

Proces dimenzioniranja uključio je proračune opterećenja kao što su vjetrovna i snježna opterećenja primjenom softvera Robot Autodesk za modeliranje i analizu. Korištenjem naprednih alata omogućeno je precizno prilagođavanje konstrukcije specifičnim zahtjevima sportskih objekata.

Posebna pažnja posvećena je konstrukcijskim vezama između elemenata, pri čemu su provedeni detaljni proračuni čvrstoće i stabilnosti kako bi se osigurala određena otpornost. Integracija galerije sa stubištem od profila IPE 160 dodatno je obogatila funkcionalnost hale, pružajući prostor za gledatelje ili dodatne aktivnosti.

Ovaj rad pruža dublje razumijevanje procesa projektiranja čeličnih konstrukcija za sportske objekte te predstavlja vrijedan doprinos praksi inženjerskog projektiranja. Metodologija i zaključci ovog rada poslužiti će kao temelj za buduće projekte slične namjene, kombinirajući teorijsko znanje s praktičnom primjenom u izgradnji modernih sportskih objekata.

U tablici 15. prikazane su iskoristivosti elemenata i priključaka:

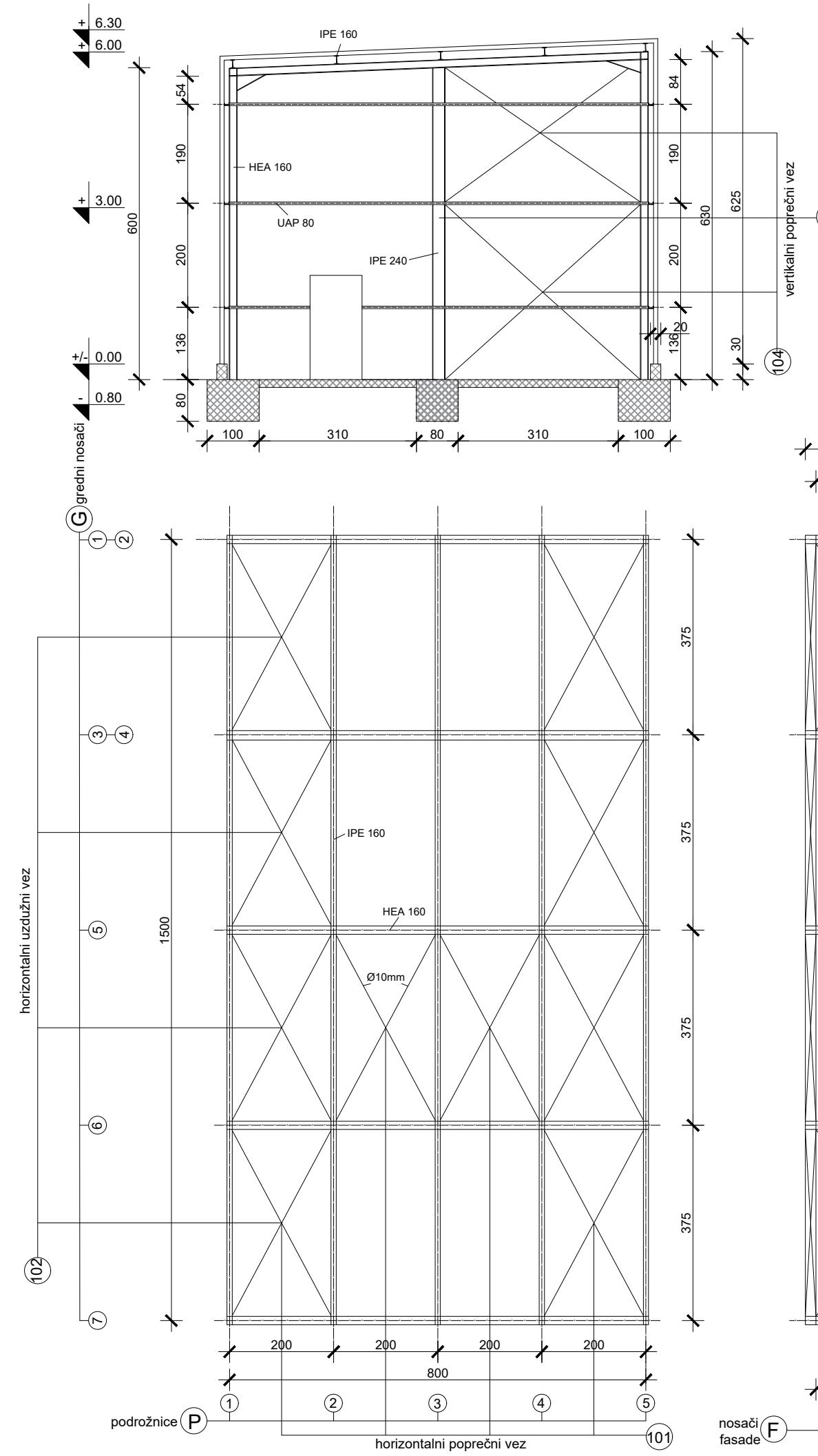
Tablica 15: Prikaz iskoristivosti elemenata i priključaka [izradio autor]

Element	Profil	Materijal	Iskoristivost
Gredni nosači	HEA 160	S275	62%
Stupovi	HEA 160	S275	40%
Sekundarni stupovi	IPE 240	S275	55%
Podrožnice	IPE 160	S275	71%
Sekundarni nosači galerije	IPE 160	S275	41%
Tetive stubišta	IPE 160	S275	41%
Sekundarni nosači stubišta	IPE 160	S275	9%
Vjetrovni vezovi	Okrugli puni profil 10 mm	S275	69%
Fasadni nosači	UAP 80	S275	62%
Detalj A, spoj stupa i grede			54%
Detalj B, spoj stupa i grede			52%
Detalj C, spoj stupa i grede galerije			72%
Detalj D, spoj stupa i temelja			81%

11. LITERATURA

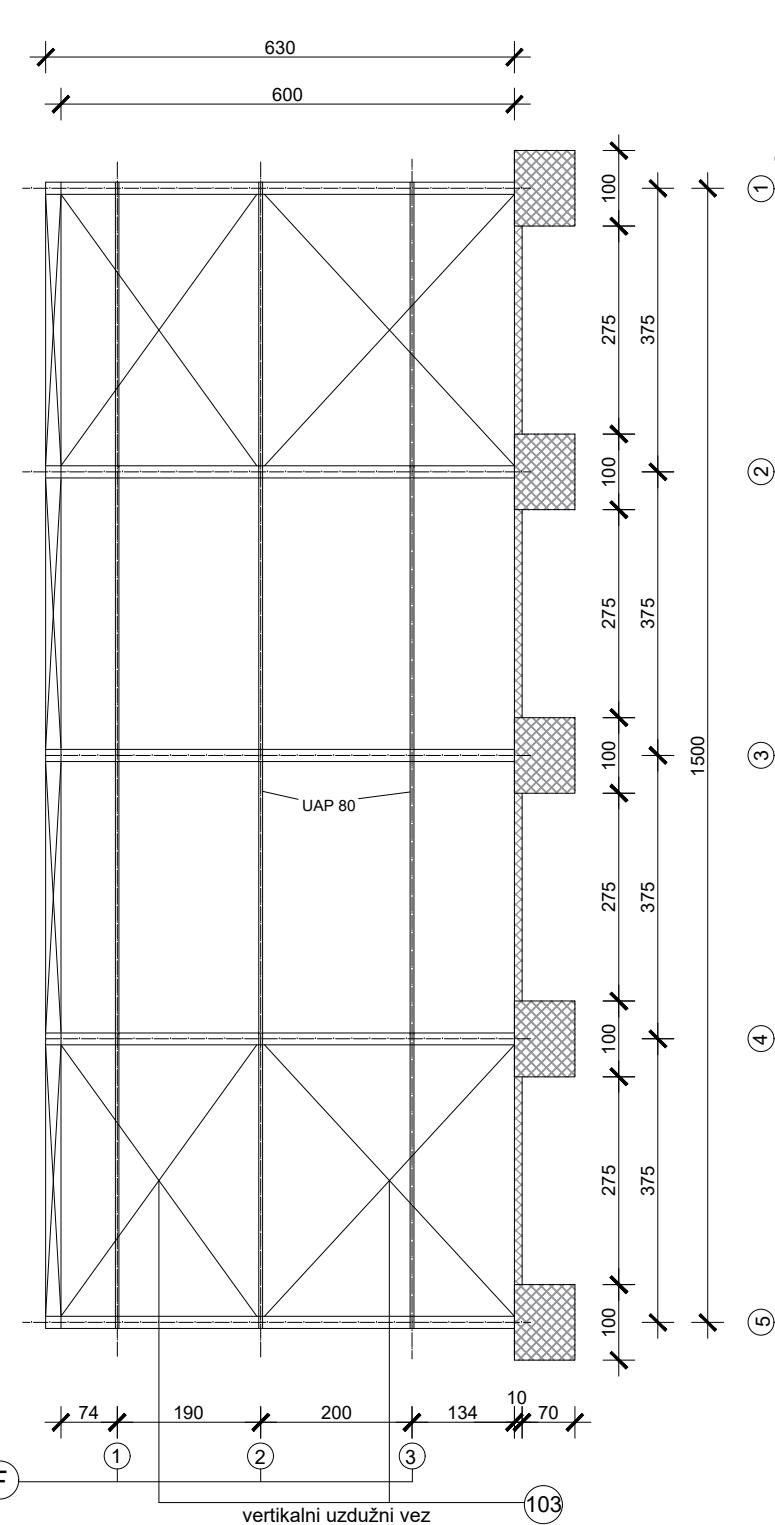
- [1] <https://www.trimo-group.com/hr/proizvodi/krovovi/trimoterm-1>
- [2] HRN EN 1991 - 1 - 3: 2012/NA, Eurokod 1: Djelovanja na konstrukcije - Dio 1 - 3: Opća djelovanja – Opterećenje snijegom
- [3] HRN EN 1991-1-4:2012/NA, Eurokod 1: Djelovanja na konstrukcije - Dio 1 - 4: Opća djelovanja – Djelovanja vjetra
- [4] Dujmović, D., Androić, B., Džeba, I., Modeliranje konstrukcija prema Eurocode 3, IA Projektiranje, Zagreb, 20024
- [5] Androic , B., Dujmovic , D., *Čelične konstrukcije - 1. dio*, IA Projektiranje, Zagreb, 2021.
- [6] Androic , B., Dujmovic , D., *Čelične konstrukcije - 2. dio*, IA Projektiranje, Zagreb, 2021.
- [7] Androic , B., Dujmovic , D., Dzeba, Bulić M., I., *Čelične konstrukcije - 3. dio*, IA Projektiranje, Zagreb, 2024.

NACRTI

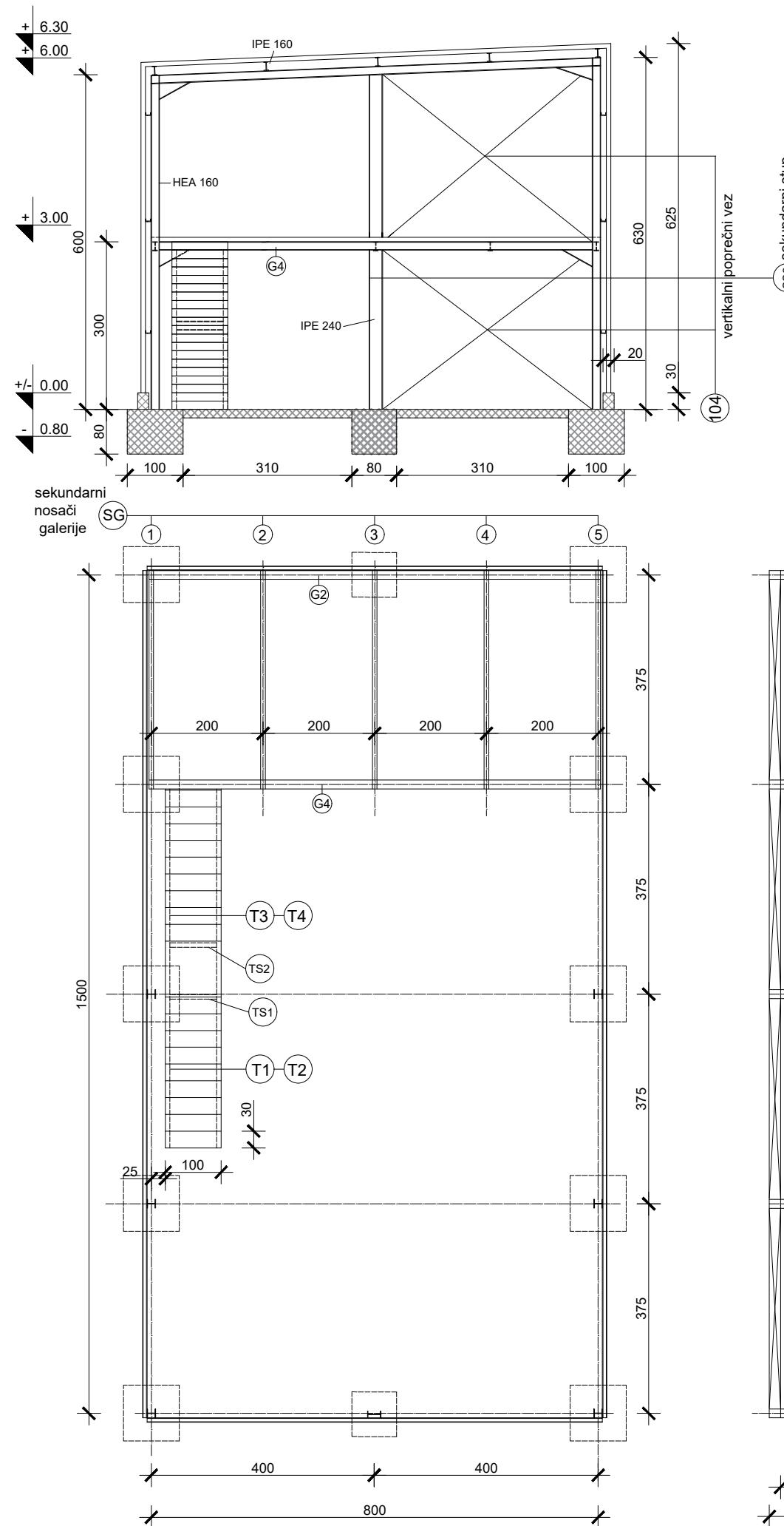


DISPOZICIJA VANJSKIH ELEMENATA

M 1:100

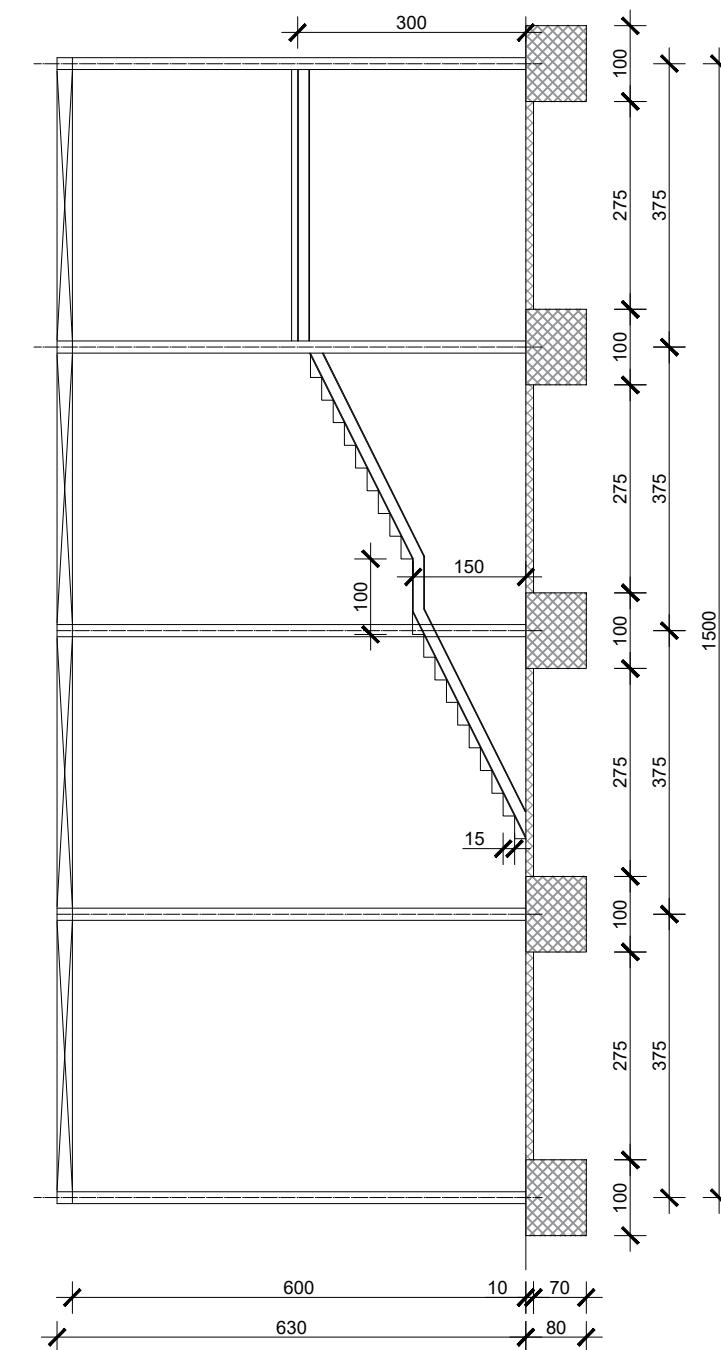


G F	GRAĐEVINSKI FAKULTET SVEUČILIŠTA U RIJECI		
Diplomski rad: Dimenzioniranje čelične konstrukcije namjene sportsko rekreativnog centra	Sadržaj nacrtaj: Dispozicija vanjskih elemenata		
Ime i prezime: Roko Požgaj	Kolegij: Čelične konstrukcije		
Mentor: Izv.prof.dr.sc. Mladen Bulić dipl.ing.građ	Datum: 05.07.2024.	Mjerilo: M 1:100	List: 1



DISPOZICIJA UNUTARNJIH ELEMENATA

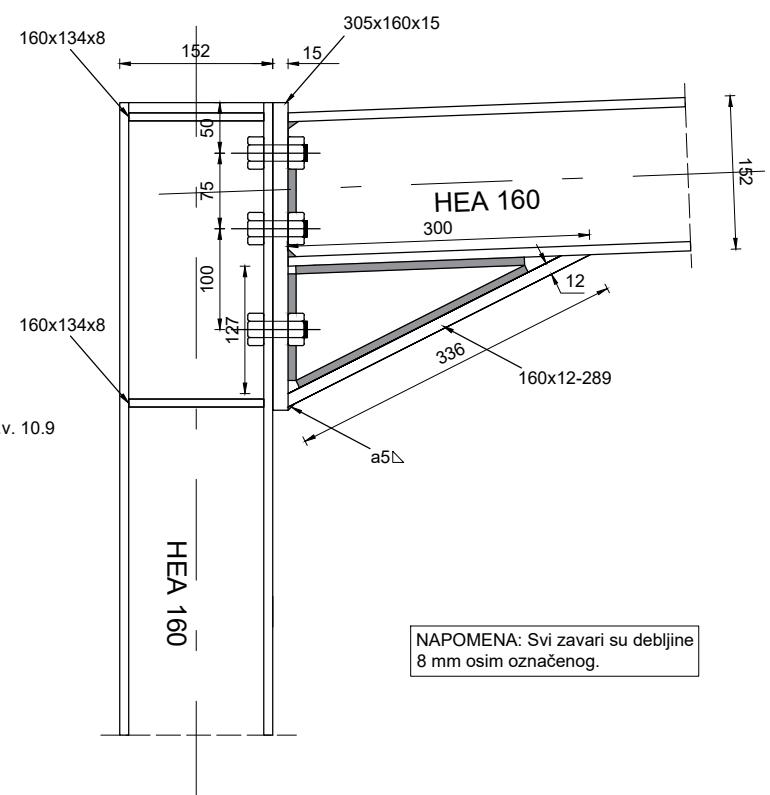
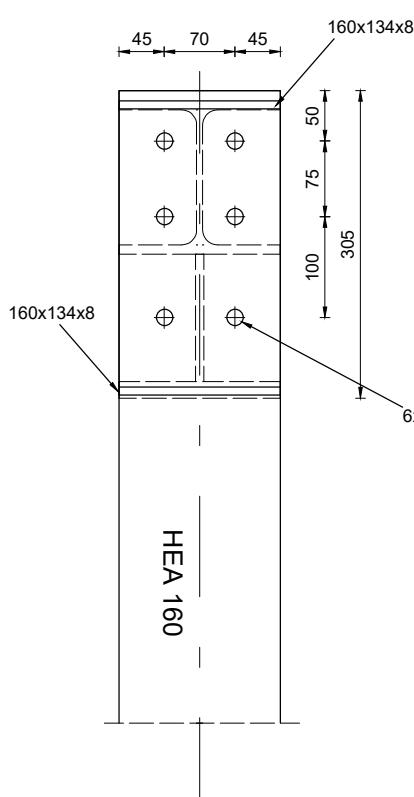
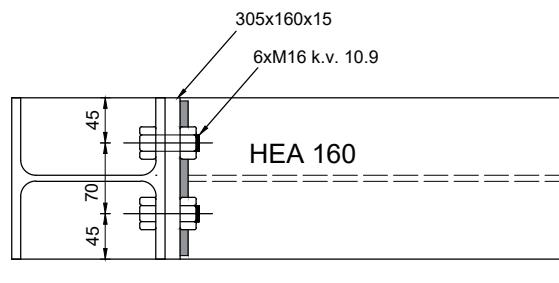
M 1:100



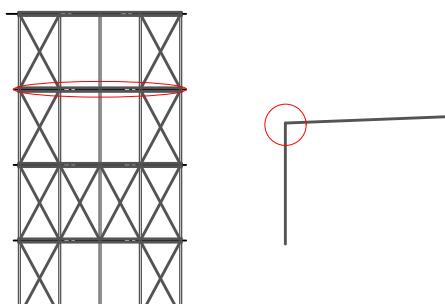
G F	GRAĐEVINSKI FAKULTET SVEUČILIŠTA U RIJECI		
Diplomski rad: Dimenzioniranje čelične konstrukcije namjene sportsko rekreativnog centra	Sadržaj nacrta: Dispozicija unutarnjih elemenata		
Ime i prezime: Roko Požgaj	Kolegij: Čelične konstrukcije		
Mentor: Izv.prof.dr.sc. Mladen Bulić dipl.ing.građ	Datum: 05.07.2024.	Mjerilo: M 1:100	List: 2

PRIKLJUČAK STUPA I GREDNOG NOSAČA (DETALJ A)

M 1:7,5



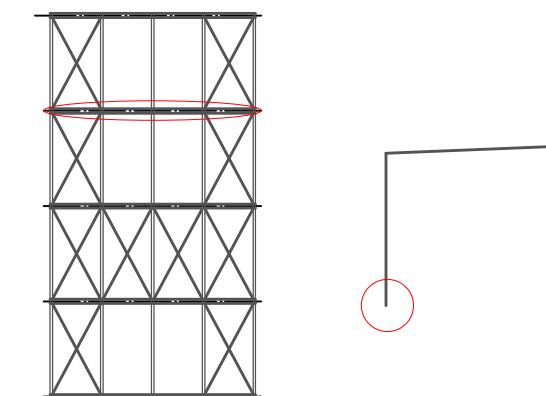
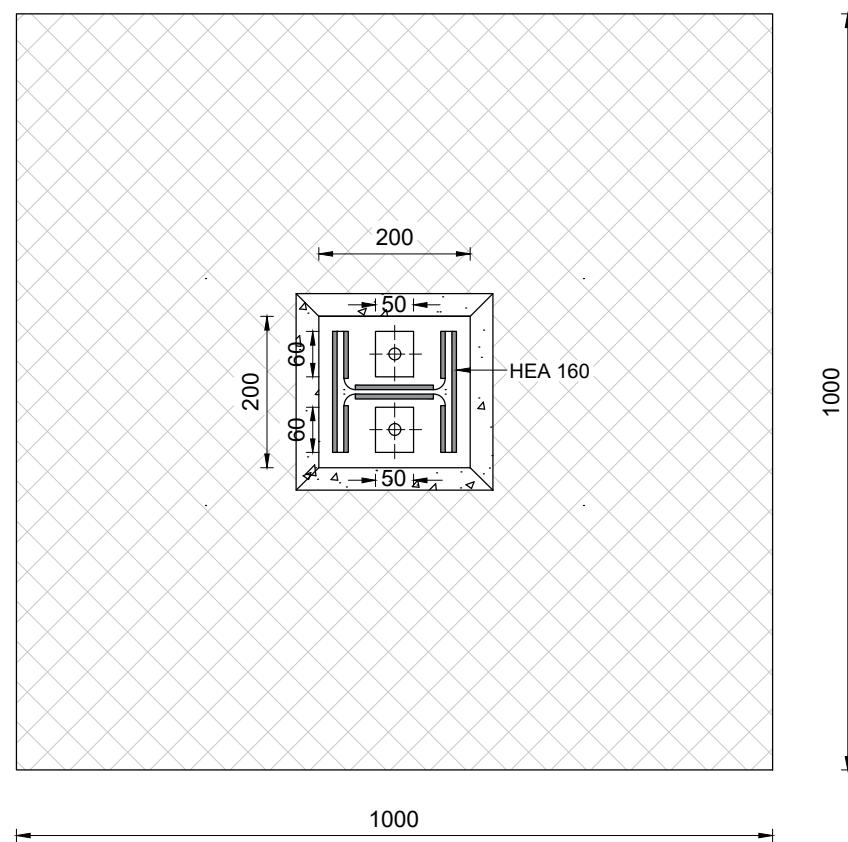
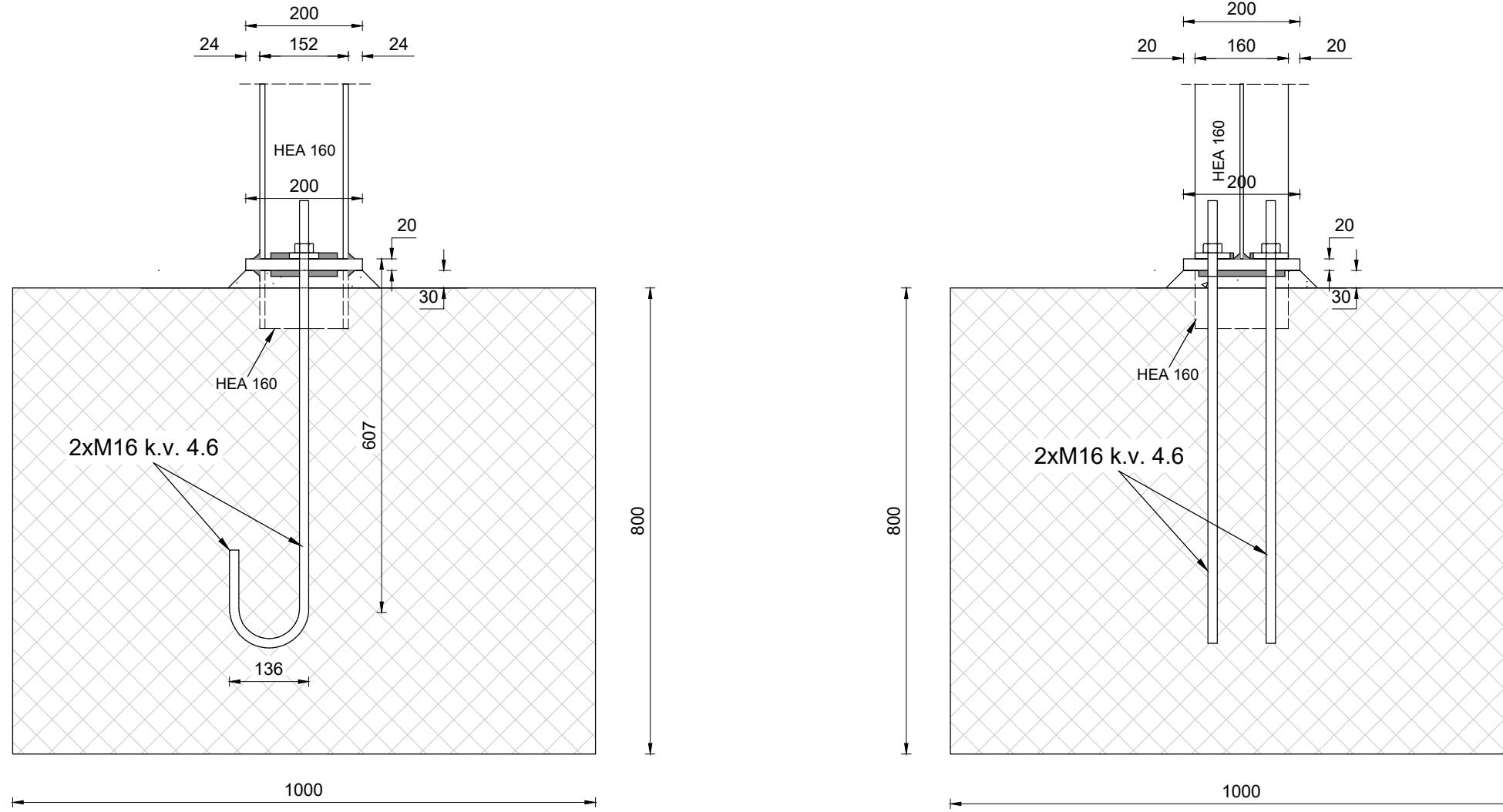
NAPOMENA: Svi zavari su debljine
8 mm osim označenog.



G <hr/> F	GRAĐEVINSKI FAKULTET SVEUČILIŠTA U RIJECI		
<p>Diplomski rad: Dimenzioniranje čelične konstrukcije namjene sportsko rekreativnog centra</p>		<p>Sadržaj nacrt-a: Priklučak stupa i grednog nosača</p>	
<p>Ime i prezime: Roko Požgaj</p>		<p>Kolegij: Čelične konstrukcije</p>	
Mentor:	Izv.prof.dr.sc. Mladen Bulić dipl.ing.građ	Datum:	05.07.2024.
		Mjerilo:	M 1:7,5
		List:	3

PRIKLJUČAK STUPA NA TEMELJ (DETALJ D)

M 1:10



GRAĐEVINSKI FAKULTET SVEUČILIŠTA U RIJECI	
Diplomski rad: Dimenzioniranje čelične konstrukcije namjene sportsko rekreativnog centra	Sadržaj nacrtta: Priključak stupa na temelj
Ime i prezime: Roko Požgaj	Kolegij: Čelične konstrukcije
Mentor: Izv.prof.dr.sc. Mladen Bulić dipl.ing.građ	Datum: Mjerilo: 05.07.2024. M 1:10 List: 4